

Government of India Ministry of Finance

FIFTH PROGRESS REPORT ON THE ACTION TAKEN PURSUANT TO THE RECOMMENDATIONS OF THE JOINT PARLIAMENTARY COMMITTEE ON STOCK MARKET SCAM AND MATTERS RELATING THERETO

INTRODUCTION

The Report of the Joint Parliamentary Committee on Stock Market Scam and matters relating thereto was presented to the Parliament on 19th December, 2002. In Para 3.31, the JPC recommended that the Government should present its Action Taken Report to the Parliament within six months and, thereafter, a Progress Report every six months until action on all the recommendations has been fully implemented to the satisfaction of Parliament. The Government has submitted the Action Taken Report to the Parliament on 9.5.2003. First Progress Report was presented in the Lok Sabha/Rajya Sabha on 12.12.2003 and 16.12.2003 respectively. Second Progress Report was presented to the Parliament on 10.6.2004, third on 9.12.2004 and fourth on 29.07.2005.

2. JPC had made 276 recommendations/ observations/conclusions. In the ATR presented to the Parliament during May 2003, final response of the Government in respect of 111 recommendations had been given. In the Progress Report presented during December, 2003, action was completed on 39 recommendations. In the Second Progress Report presented during June, 2004, action was completed on 36 recommendations. In the Third Progress Report presented during December, 2004, action was completed on 18 recommendations. In the Fourth Progress Report presented during July, 2005, action was completed on 23 recommendations. In the Fifth Progress Report action on further 06 recommendations has been completed which brings down the number of pending recommendations to 43.

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SI.No.	Para No. Observation/Recommendation of JPC	Reply of Government/Action Taken	Further Progress
1.	2.15 The Committee note that Ketan Parekh who emerged as a key player in this scam received large sums of money from the banks as well as from the Corporate	As reported in May, 2003 SEBI had conducted investigations into the alleged market manipulations. Based on investigations, SEBI had taken actions as given below: 1. SEBI vide Orders dated April 4, 2001 and April 10, 2001 under	DSQ Software In the case of M/s DSQ Software, the final hearing before the SAT completed on 16.11.2005 and order is yet to be passed.
	bodies during the period when SENSEX was falling rapidly. This led the Committee to believe that there was a nexus between	section 11B of the SEBI Act debarred Classic Shares and Stock Broking Services (CSSB), Triumph Securities Ltd (TSL), Triumph	DSQ Industries
	Ketan Parekh, banks and the corporate houses. The Committee recommend that	International Finance India Ltd (TIFL), NH Securities Ltd. (NH Sec), V N Parekh Securities Ltd (VNP Sec), KNP Securities Ltd	No further developments
	this nexus be further investigated by SEBI or Department of Company Affairs expeditiously.	(KNP Sec), the entities controlled by and connected with Mr. Ketan Parekh, and their directors Mr. Ketan Parekh and Mr. Kartik Parekh from undertaking any fresh business as a stock broker or merchant banker.	Padmini Technologies Ltd. (PTL) Against PTL and its whole time directors
		 SEBI has cancelled the certificate of registration granted to Triumph International Finance India Ltd to act as a stock broker. Adjudication order dated July 31, 2002 passed against Ketan Parekh entities namely Classic Credit Ltd, Panther Investrade Ltd for their dealings in shares of Aftek Infosys Ltd, levying a penalty of Rs. 5 lacs. Certificate of registration of Credit Suisse First Boston (I) 	An opportunity of personal hearing was extended to PTL & its directors for 30.9.2005. However PTL/directors sought adjournment. A final opportunity of personal hearing is scheduled on 15.12.2005 before passing order against them.
		Securities Pvt Ltd (CSFB Securities) has been suspended for the period of two years w.e.f. April 18, 2001 for aiding, abeting and assisting Ketan Parekh entities in market manipulations.	Proceedings u/s 11B of SEBI Act are in progress.
	5. App		Against Ketan Parekh group
		 and also renewal/registration of its sub-accounts viz. Kallar Kahar Investments Limited, Credit Suisse First Boston (Cyprus) Limited and Credit Suisse First Boston, Singapore Branch have been rejected by SEBI. Prosecutions have been filed on March 7, 2003 vide case no 	Panther Fincap and Management Services Ltd., Classic Credit Ltd. and their Directors (including Ketan Parekh)
		123/2003 in the court of Addl. Chief Metropolitan Magistrate, 8th Court, Esplanade, Mumbai against the following entities connected/associated with Ketan Parekh:	Proceedings u/s 11B of SEBI Act, are in progress.
		 Classic Credit Ltd Shri Kirtikumar N. Parekh 	In respect of appeals filed by Panther Fincap and Management Services Ltd.

No. Para No. Observation/Recommendation of JPC	Reply of Government/Action Taken	Further Progress
	 Shri Ketan V Parekh Shri Kartik K Parekh Panther Fincap & Mgt. Services Ltd. Shri Navinchandra Parekh Luminant Investment Private Ltd Shri Arun J Shah 	and Classic Credit Ltd. against the order of Adjudicating Officer, the matter carr up for hearing on 3.8.2005 before SAT an was adjourned. Fresh date has not bee given by SAT so far.
	 9. Chitrakut Computers Pvt. Ltd 10. NH Securities Ltd. 11. Shri V N Parekh 12. Classic Shares & Stock Broker Ltd 	Against Statutory Auditors (Kailash Chandra Agarwal, Charter Accountant)
	 Shri Kaushik C Shah Shri Mukesh Joshi Saimangal Investrade Ltd Classic Infin Ltd Panther Investrade Ltd 	Final opportunity of personal hearing w given to the auditor for 30.9.2005, whi was not availed. Order is und preparation.
	7. SEBI has also taken actions against promoters wherever the violations of SEBI Act and Regulations have been observed. Details of such actions given below:	Against Others Sanjay Kumar, Chartered Accountant
	 a. Actions against DSQ Software Ltd and their promoters Orders were issued under section 11B of SEBI Act against DSQ Software Ltd and Shri Dinesh Dalmia, which is as given below: DSQ to cancel this alleged acquisition of Fortuna Technologies being done on swap basis after following the procedure laid down under the Companies Act. 	Another opportunity of personal hear was extended on 30.9.2005. Shri Gup however sought adjournment citing t Court had also fixed hearing for 30.9.20 in the prosecution case filed by SE Final opportunity of hearing is propose before passing the order against him.
	DSQ be prohibited from accessing capital market for a period of one year or completion of investigation and action thereupon whichever is later.	 Kolkatta based preferent allottees
	 Mr Dinesh Dalmia, Managing Director, DSQ be debarred from dealing in securities for a period of one year or completion of investigation and action thereupon whichever is later. Prosecutions have been filed on April 4, 2003 vide case no 2776/2003 in the court of XIII Metropolitan Magistrate, Saidapet, Chennai against DSQ Software, Directors of DSQ Software including Shri Dinesh Dalmia First Information Report (FIR) filed against DSQ Software, Directors of DSQ Software including Shri Dinesh Dalmia Actions against Global Trust Bank promoters 	Another opportunity of personal hear was given to all these allottees 6/7.10.2005 at Kolkatta. During the hearing, these entities sought time making written submissions 10.11.2005. Written submissions has been received from most of these allotte on 29.11.2005. They have further sou opportunity of personal hearing, which being considered.

SI.No.	Para No. Observation/Recommendation of JPC	Reply of Government/Action Taken	Further Progress
		Orders were issued under section 11B of SEBI Act against promoter entities not to buy, sell or transfer, pledge or dispose	 Delhi based preferential allottees
		off or deal in any other manner the shares of Global Trust Bank Ltd, directly or indirectly. Ramesh Gelli Premkala Gelli Jayant Madhav Girrish Gelli Niraj Gelli Sridhar Subasri Annapurna Sridhar Anjanaya Traders Pvt. Ltd. Chiranjeevi Traders Pvt. Ltd. Gajanan Financial Services Pvt. Ltd. Gajmukh Investments Pvt Ltd. Kadrish Finance & Investments Pvt. Ltd. Bombay Mahalakshmi Traders Pvt. Ltd. Chctions against Aftek Infosys promoters Adjudication order dated July 31, 2002 passed against promoters of Aftek Infosys, levying penalty of Rs. 5.50 lakh Ranjit Dhuru Nitin Shukla Ashutosh Humnanbadkar	Another opportunity of personal hearing to these entities was extended for 30.9.2005. However, a letter was received from Shri Arun Goenka on behalf of Goenka group of allottees seeking adjournment. A letter was also received from director of DKG Buildcon P. Ltd. seeking adjournment. Final opportunity of personal hearing has been given to Goenka group of allottees, DKG Builders Pvt. Ltd., Iris Infrastructure P. Ltd., Mikona Impex Traders P. Ltd. for 15.12.2005 before passing the order against them. Draft orders in respect of other Delhi based allottees are under preparation. A & A Finvest P. Ltd. (sub-broker) Whole-Time-Member granted personal hearing for 30.9.2005, which was attended
		 Mukul Dalal Pramod Broota Charuhas Khopkar 	by Shri Atal Goel. Order is under preparation.
		Sandip Save Ravindranath Malekar	Shonkh Technologies Ltd.
		 8. SEBI has taken note of JPC observations/ recommendations. As reported in December 2003 No change in the status. As reported in June, 2004 SEBI has submitted the following progress:- DSQ Software Action against stock brokers: The registration of following two brokers has been suspended for one year vide SEBI Order dated 04/03/2004 	Adjudication order imposing a penalty of Rs. 1 crore was passed against Advance Hovercrafts Composites (India) Ltd. The entity appealed in SAT against the adjudication order. SAT vide its order dated 25th May, 2005 has reduced the penalty to Rs. 50,000/-, which has been paid.
		 Mehta & Ajmera Himanshu Ajmera 	Enquiry officer recommended censure against three brokers viz. M/s Delhi

SI.No.	Para No. Observation/Recommendation of JPC	Reply of Government/Action Taken	Further Progress
<u>51.NO.</u>	Para No. Observation/Recommendation of JPC	Reply of Government/Action Taken The registration of following two brokers has been cancelled vide SEBI Order dated March 8, 2004 for market manipulation which includes their dealings in DSQ Software Ltd. 1. N.H. Securities Ltd. 2. Classic Shares and Stock Broking Services Ltd. Actions against entities associated with/controlled by Ketan Parekh The following nine entities which are associated with /controlled by Ketan Parekh have been prohibited from buying, selling or dealing in securities in any manner directly or indirectly and also debarred from associating with the securities market, for a period of fourteen years vide SEBI Order December 12, 2003: i. Shri Ketan V. Parekh ii. Kartik K. Parekh	Securities Ltd., M/s Agroy Finance Investment Ltd. and M/s A. Nitin Capital Services Ltd. Post enquiry show cause notices have been issued on October 21, 2005 to all the three brokers. Replies have been received from M/s Agroy Finance & Investment Ltd. & M/s Delhi Securities Ltd. on 2.11.2005 & 7.11.2005 respectively, which are being examined. Zee Telefilms Common enquiry had been initiated against the broker Mangal Keshav Shares
		 iii. Classic Credit Ltd iv. Panther Fincap and Management Services Ltd. v. Luminant Investment Pvt Ltd. vi. Chitrakut Computers Pvt. Ltd. vii. Saimangal Investrade Ltd. viii. Classic Infin Ltd 	and Stock Brokers Ltd. for trading in the scrips of HFCL, Zee Telefilms and Global Tele Ltd. Enquiry officer submitted the report on August 16, 2005 recommending no penalty.
		 ix. Panther Investrade Ltd. Out of these 9, action against the following three entities was taken for market manipulation which includes their dealings in DSQ Software Ltd.: Classic Credit Ltd Panther Fincap and Management Services Ltd. Luminant Investment Pvt Ltd. DSQ Industries Ltd. Against Promoters A show cause notice dated February 20, 2004 was issued to the following entities under Regulation 11 and 11B of SEBI Act read	Common enquiry has been initiated against Milan Mahendra Securities Pvt. Ltd. on 20.10.04 for trading in the scrip of Zee Telefilms Ltd., GTL Ltd., Adani Exports and HFCL. Enquiry Officer submitted the report on 23.11.05 recommending suspension of certificate of registration of the broker for a period of three months. Post enquiry show cause notice was issued to the broker on 25.11.05. Reply is awaited.
		 with Regulation 11 of SEBI (Prohibition of Fraudulent and Unfair Trade Practices) Regulations, 1995 M/s. DSQ Holdings Ltd. M/s. Hulda Properties and Trades Ltd. Shri Dinesh Dalmia M/s. Cooltex Commodities Ltd. M/s. Greenfield Investments Pvt. Ltd. M/s. Arun Polymers Pvt. Ltd. 	Reply has been received from Mukesh Babu Securities Ltd. and passing of the order is under consideration. Action against Essel Group (promoters of Zee Tele-films):- Reply received and hearing is being fixed.

SI.No. Para No. Observation/Recommendation of JPC	C Reply of Government/Action Taken	Further Progress
	 M/s. Aspolite Barter Pvt. Ltd. 	Global Tele-Systems Ltd (now GT
	• M/s. Naina Barter Pvt. Ltd.	<u>Ltd.)</u>
	Shri Ashok Sharma	
	Show Cause Notices could be served only to two promoter group entities, namely, DSQ Holdings Ltd. and Dinesh Dalmiya. Reply	Progress of enquiry proceedings initiate against the stock brokers for aiding an
	to the show cause notice is yet to be received. Exparte order will	abetting Ketan Parekh entities in mark
	be passed after giving one more opportunity. Show Cause Notices	manipulation by entering into structure
	sent by courier and subsequently by speed post to the remaining	and synchronized dealings:
	six entities, namely, Hulda Properties and Trades Ltd., Cooltex Commodities Ltd., Arun Polymers Ltd., Aspolite Barter Pvt. Ltd.,	Reply has been received fro
	Greenfield Investments Pvt. Ltd. and Ashok Sharma returned	Chandravadan J Dalal and order will
	undelivered. Show Cause Notices could not be served to these	passed after completion of quasi-judic
	entities. Exparte order will be passed after giving one more	process.
	opportunity.	
	Other Entities	Common enquiry had been initiat
	A show cause notice dated February 19, 2004 was issued to the	against the broker Omega Equities
	following entities under Regulation 11 and 11B of SEBI Act read	trading in the scrips of HFCL, Ad
	with Regulation 11 of SEBI (Prohibition of Fraudulent and Unfair	Exports Ltd. and Global Tele Ltd. Enq
	Trade Practices) Regulations, 1995	officer submitted the report on August
	 M/s. Arihant Exim Scrip Pvt. Ltd. M/s. Doe Jones Investments & Consultants Pvt. Ltd. 	2005 recommending no penalty.
	Reply to the Show Cause Notices has not yet been received.	
	Letter has been received from the entity mentioning that they	Common enquiry had been initia
	are not in a position to reply because police authorities have	against the broker Mangal Keshav Sha
	seized the documents. Exparte order will be passed.	and Stock Brokers Ltd. for trading in
	A show cause notice dated February 19, 2004 was issued for	scrips of HFCL, Zee Telefilms and Gl
	acquisition of shares/voting rights/control of DSQ Industries Ltd.	Tele Ltd. Enquiry officer submitted report on August 16, 2005 recommended
	(DSQ) by Classic Credit Ltd. and Panther Fincap & Management	no penalty.
	Services Ltd. in violation of SEBI (Substantial Acquisition of	
	Shares and Takeovers) Regulations, 1997 (Regulations). Reply	Common enquiry had been initia
	to the Show Cause Notice has not yet been received. Exparte final order will be passed after giving one more opportunity.	against Hem Securities for trading in
	Prosecution No.4538 has been filed on August 13, 2003 (Chief	scrip of HFCL, Adani Exports Ltd.
	Metropolitan Magistrate's Court at Kolkata) against Doe Jones	Global Tele Ltd. On their requ
	Investments Ltd., Arihant Exim Pvt. Ltd., M. Tibrewal & Co., and	inspection of documents was provide
	promoter group entities and associates of DSQ Industries Ltd.	them on October 19, 2005. Statu
	namely DSQ Holdings Ltd., Hulda Properties and Trades Ltd.,	enquiry is under progress.
	Cooltex Commodities Ltd., Greenfield Investments P Ltd., Arun	<u>Adani Exports Ltd.</u>
	Polymers P Ltd., Aspolite Barter, Naina Barter, Dinesh Dalmia	
	and Ashok Sharma.	Reminder letter sent to 7 promoter enti

SI.No. Para No. Observation/Recommendation of JPC	Reply of Government/Action Taken	Further Progress
	 Enquiry Proceedings have been Initiated against following Brokers 1. M/s. SMIFS Securities Ltd. 2. M/s. Titan Stock Broking Pvt. Ltd. 3. M/s. Indsec Securities Ltd. 4. M/s. Amartlal Gopalji Thacker 5. M/s. Mehta & Ajmera 6. M/s. Bissen Dayal Dayaram 7. M/s. Ballabh Dass Daga 8. M/s. Vishal J Shah 9. M/s. Niraj Balasaria Out of the nine brokers, enquiries have been completed against 3 brokers and final show cause notices have been issued to them on April 29, 2004: 1. Titan Stock Broking 2. Amritlal Gopalji Thacker 3. M/s Niraj Balsaria Padmini Technologies Ltd. (PTL) Against PTL and its whole-time directors Prosecution launched u/s 113(2) of Companies Act against the company and its whole-time directors in the Court of Addl. Chief Metropolitan Magistrate, Tis Hazari, Delhi vide case no. 252 of 2003 on March 26, 2003. The criminal case came up before the court on 20.11.03. Last hearing took place in March 2004, when all the accused appeared. The case has been posted to 16.08.04. Prosecution u/s 24 and 27 of SEBI Act r/w Regulation 3, 4 & 6 of SEBI (Prohibition of Fraudulent and Unfair Trade Practices relating to Securities Market) Regulations, 1995 and Regulation 3(1)(c), 3(3), 7 of SEBI (Substantial Acquisitions of Shares and Takeovers) Regulations 1995 against PTL and its whole-time directors launched on 28.05.04. Prosecution (u/s 15A of SEBI Act) for non compliance of summons initiated against Shri Vivek Nagpal and PTL on 12.12.03 and 13.02.04 respectively, show cause notices (SCNs) to Vivek Nagpal and PTL issued on 03.02.04 and 24.02.04 	 of Adani Exports Ltd. viz. Adani Agro Ltd Adani Impex Ltd., Shahi Properti Developers Ltd., Adani Properties Ltd Advance Exports Ltd., Intercontinenta India, Crown International on October 28 2005 to reply to show cause notice. Against Brokers Common enquiry had been initiate against the broker Omega Equities for trading in the scrip of HFCL, Adan Exports Ltd. and Global Tele Ltd Enquiry officer submitted the report of August 24, 2005 recommending n penalty. Common enquiry had been initiate against Hem Securities for trading is scrip of HFCL, Adani Exports Ltd. an Global Tele Ltd. On their reques inspection of documents wa provided to them on October 19 2005. Further action is in progress.

SI.No.	Para No. Observation/Recommendation of JPC	Reply of Government/Action Taken		Further Progress
		respectively, reply from Vivek Nagpal received vide letter dated 17.03.04. Proceedings u/s11B of SEBI Act are under way; show cause notice has been issued to the company and its directors on 20.02.04. PTL and Vivek Nagpal have raised issues like inspection of records, depositions, cross examination etc. vide their letters dated 28.02.04 and 25.03.04 respectively. Reference has been made to Department of Companies Affairs (DCA) on 09.01.04 for considering appropriate action under the relevant provisions of the Companies Act for irregularities committed in regard to preferential allotment. Against Ketan Parekh group Panther Fincap and Management Services Ltd., Classic Credit Ltd. and their Directors (including Ketan Parekh) Adjudication proceedings u/s 15H of SEBI Act have been initiated on 13.02.04, SCNs were issued on 24.02.04, replies received on 18.03.04 are under consideration of the Adjudicating Officer. KP entities have been debarred from capital market vide order dated 12/12/2003 for fourteen years. Prosecution u/s 24 and 27 of SEBI Act r/w Regulation 3, 4 & 6 of SEBI (Prohibition of Fraudulent and Unfair Trade Practices relating to Securities Market) Regulations, 1995 and Regulation 3(1)(C), 3(3), 7 of SEBI (Substantial Acquisitions of Shares and Takeovers) Regulations 1995 and u/s 23(1)(b) of Securities Contract Regulation Act launched on 28.05.04. Triumph International Finance Ltd Enquiry proceedings under SEBI (Procedure for Holding Enquiry by Enquiry Officer and Imposing Penalty) Regulations, 2002 have been initiated on 16.12.03, SCN issued on 10.03.04, reply received on 25.03.04 are under consideration of the Enquiry	5.	of one day. Post enquiry SCN issue on August 5, 2005 asking them wh action should not be taken agains them as recommended by the Enquir officer. Reply received on 15.9.2005 Further action is in progress. Enquiry officer submitted report for th enquiry against Madhuvan Securitie Pvt. Ltd. on August 11, 200 recommending suspension of certificate of registration for a perio of one month. Post enquiry SCN issued on August 18, 2005 askin them why action should not be take against them as recommended by th Enquiry Officer.Reply received o October 5, 2005 in response to post enquiry show cause notice issued to them. Further action is in progress. Enquiry officer submitted report of th enquiry against Prerak Capital o August 23, 2005 recommendin suspension of certificate of regis tration for a period of five days. Post enquiry SCN issued on August 31 2005 asking them why action shoul not be taken against them as recommended by the Enquiry officer Reply received on 30.9.2005. Further action is in progress.
		Officer. Against Statutory Auditors Reference has also been made to Institute of Chartered Accountants of India on 23.12.03. Proceedings u/s 11B of SEBI Act have been initiated against the statutory auditor and show cause notice has been issued on 22.12.03.	-	ainst Ketan Parekh Group Based on the findings o investigations in the case of HFCL Zee Telefilms Ltd, Adani Exports Ltd and Global Tele-Systems Ltd. a consolidated show-cause notice dated January 31, 2005 has beer

Prosecution u/s 24 of SEBI Act has been launched on 28.05.04.

I.No. Para No. Observation/Recommendation of JPC	Reply of Government/Action Taken	Further Progress
	Against Others	issued to Shri Ketan Parekh, Shri
	Various preferential allottees and their associates	Kartik Parekh and 9 entities
	Proceedings u/s11B of SEBI Act are under way.	connected with them viz. Panther
	Sanjay Kumar, Chartered Accountant	Fincap & Management Services Ltd.,
	Adjudication (u/s 15A of SEBI Act) for non compliance of	Classic Credit Ltd., Panther
	summons initiated on 12.12.03. SCN issued on 03.02.04, reply	Investrade Ltd., Classic Infin Ltd.,
	received on 01.03.04 under consideration of the Enquiry Officer.	Saimangal Investrade Ltd., Chitrakut
	SCN issued on 26.12.03 as part of proceedings u/s11B of SEBI	Computers Pvt. Ltd., Luminant
	Act, inspection of records granted on 19.02.04. He has further	Investments Pvt. Ltd., Goldfish
	requested for copies of various documents which is under	Computers Pvt. Ltd. and Nakshatra
	consideration.	Software Pvt. Ltd. Reply for their
	Prosecution u/s 11C(6) and 24 of SEBI Act has been launched	trading in the scrip of Adani Exports
	on 28.05.04.	Ltd. was received on September 19,
	Reference has been made to The Institute of Chartered	2005. Further action is in progress.
	Accountants of India (ICAI) on 26.12.03.	2. Supplementary show cause notice
	SBI Mutual Fund	was issued on September 28, 2005
	Reference has been made to Trustees of SBI Mutual Fund on	to three KP entities viz. Classic Credit
	18.12.03 requesting them to look into the issues raised by SEBI.	Ltd., Panther Fincap & Management
	A & A Finvest P Ltd. (a sub-broker)	Services Ltd. and M/s Chitrakut
	Enquiry proceedings have been initiated. SCN issued on	Computers Private Limited (CCPL) on
	15.03.04, reply received vide letter dt. 28.04.04 under	the basis of findings of Investigation
	consideration of Enquiry Officer.	in the scrip of SAB TV Ltd. Reply
	Shonkh Technologies Ltd	received on October 21, 2005.
	Against Mr. Vivek Nagpal, promoters of M/s Shonkh Technologies International Limited	Further action is in progress.
	Adjudication orders levying a penalty of Rs.1 Crore each was	Himachal Futuristic Communications
	passed on December 3, 2003 against Shri Vivek Nagpal and M/	Ltd. (HFCL)
	s Padmini Technologies. On an appeal filed by the above entities	
	in SAT, SAT directed them to deposit Rs.1.5 lakhs each with	Common enquiry had been initiated
	SEBI. Rs.1.5 lakhs each was deposited by the parties with	against Omega Equities for trading in the
	SEBI on May 19, 2004.	scrip of HFCL, Adani Exports Ltd. and
	Against Shonkh Technologies International Limited	Global Tele Ltd. Enquiry officer submitted
	Show cause notice is to be issued by May 31, 2004.	the report on August 24, 2005
	Prosecution proceedings are under consideration.	recommending no penalty.
	Against Ketan Parekh Entities	_
	Order against the KP entities prohibiting the KP entities from buying,	Common enquiry had been initiated
	selling or dealing in securities in any manner, directly or indirectly	against the broker Mangal Keshav Shares
	and debarring them from associating with the securities markets,	and Stock Brokers Ltd. for trading in the
	for a period of 14 years was passed on December 12, 2003.	scrip of HFCL, Zee Telefilms and Global

o. Para No.Observation/Recommendation of JPC	Reply of Government/Action Taken	Further Progress
	The certificate of registration granted to broking entities associated with/controlled by Ketan Parekh viz, Classic Shares and Stock Broking Services (CSSB), Triumph Securities Limited (TSL), NH Securities Ltd. (NH Sec.), Triumph International Finance India Ltd., V N Parekh Securities Limited (VNP Sec) and KNP Securities Limited (KNP Sec) was cancelled on March 8, 2004. Against M/s Iris Infrastructurals Private Limited Penalty of Rs.1.5 lac was imposed on April 22, 2003 and Rs.1 crore on December 3, 2003. The penalty amount is yet to be received. Recovery proceedings initiated. Against Brokers Milan Mahendra Securities Ltd. Show cause notice has been issued to the broker and reply has been received. Adjudication proceedings have been completed against the entity and penalty imposed. Enquiry has been initiated against the broker. Hearing in the case of M/s Milan Mahendra Securities Private Limited stands rescheduled for June 14, 2004. Extempore Securities & Investments Ltd.(now called Pioneer Equity Trade (India) Pvt. Ltd.) Show cause notice has been issued and reply received from the entity. Adjudication proceedings have been completed and penalty imposed on the entity. The entity has paid the penalty. Enquiry proceedings have been completed and penalty imposed on the entity. The entity has paid the penalty. Enquiry proceedings have been completed and penalty imposed on the entity. The entity has paid the penalty. Enquiry proceedings have been initiated against the broker. A. Nitin Capital Services Limited Enquiry proceedings have been initiated against the broker. A. Nitin Capital Services Limited Enquiry proceedings have been initiated against the broker. A. Nitin Capital Services Limited Enquiry proceedings have been initiated against the broker. Delhi Securities Limited Enquiry proceedings have been initiated against the broker. Mis Money Growth Financials and Consultants Private Limited Show cause notice are to be issued by June 10, 2004.	Tele Ltd. Enquiry officer submitted th report on August 16, 2005 recommendin no penalty. Common enquiry had been initiate against Hem Securities for trading in scri of HFCL, Adani Exports Ltd. and Globa Tele Ltd. On their request, inspection of documents was provided to them of October 19, 2005. Further action is if progress. Enquiry had been initiated against Indset Securities & Finance Ltd. for trading in the scrip of HFCL. Enquiry officer submittee the report on 30.11.05 recommending in penalty. Against Ketan Parekh Group Supplementary show cause notice wa issued on September 28, 2005 to three KP entities viz. Classic Credit Ltd., Panther Fincap & Management Services Ltd. an M/s Chitrakut Computers Private Limite (CCP) on the basis of findings of Investigation in the scrip of SAB TV Ltd. Reply received on October 21, 2009 Further action is in progress. Show cause notice was issued to Triump International Finance India Limited (TIFIL on September 28, 2005 on the basis of findings of investigation in the scrip of SAB TV Ltd. Their reply is awaited. Cyberspace Ltd. 1. Enquiry Officer has submitted the report in case of M/s Mangala Capita Post-enquiry show cause notice has

SI.No. Para No.Observation/Recommendation of JPC	Reply of Government/Action Taken		Further Progress
51.NO. Para NO. ODSERVATION/RECOMMENDATION Of JPC	M/s A. Jain & Co. – Member DSE Enquiry Proceedings have been initiated against the broker. Shamit Finvest Private Limited Show cause notice are to be issued by June 10, 2004. Investigation report received from UTI. UTI decided to initiate Departmental and criminal action as may be appropriate against those indicted in the report. Ranbaxy Laboratories Ltd. Against promoter Adjudication proceedings for alleged contravention of section 15A(a) of the SEBI Act read with Regulation 3(4) of the SEBI (Substantial Acquisition of Shares and Takeover) Regulations, 1997 were initiated on 24.10.02 against the following 12 promoter group entities of Ranbaxy Laboratories Ltd.: 1. Astral Investments & Trading Company Pvt. Ltd. 2. Divya Papers Pvt. Ltd. 3. Shimal Investments Pvt. Ltd. 5. Delta Aromatics Pvt. Ltd. 6. Modland Wears Pvt. Ltd. 7. Jupiter Investments Ltd. 11. Fortis Financial Services Ltd. 12. Dr. Parvinder Singh (HUF) Show cuase notices were issued on 10.11.2003. Against Stock Brokers Enquiry proceedings for alleged violation of the provisions of the SEBI (Prohibition of Fraudulent and Unfair Trade Practices relating	2.	been issued to M/s Mangala Capital on August 17, 2005. Further details sought by M/s Mangla have been furnished to them on August 31, 2005 Pursuant to the enquiry proceedings the final orders are in the process of being passed after hearing the party (hearing is scheduled on November 29, 2005). Minor penalty of Censure has been recommended by the Enquiry Officer. Pre-enquiry show cause notice has been issued to M/s Renaissance Securities Ltd. on August 03, 2005 The Enquiry Officer has submitted the report, recommending a minor penalty of Censure which has been approved. Post-enquiry SCN was issued to M/s Renaissance Securities Ltd. and the reply to the same has been received. Final order was passed on October 25, 2005 imposing a minor penalty of Censure, after hearing the party on October 24 2005. Final order in the matter of Shr Rakesh Mehta, the then Director of M/s Renaissance Securities Ltd. was passed on October 25, 2005 revoking the earlier interim order dated November 29, 2002 restricting Shr Mehta from accessing the capital market and dealing in securities, after hearing the party on October 24. 2005. Warning letters have been issued to 4 broking entities viz. Kantila Mangaldas Securities Pvt. Ltd., NCJ Share and Stock Brokers Ltd., FMS

SI.No. Para No. Observation/Recommendation of JPC	Reply of Government/Action Taken	Further Progress
	 Triumph Securities Ltd. Chandravadan J. Dalal Milan Mahendra Securities Pvt. Ltd. Mukesh Babu Securities Ltd. Bakliwal Securities Pvt. Ltd. M.P. Vora Shares & Securities Pvt. Ltd. Active Finstock Pvt. Ltd. Triumph International Finance India Ltd. NH Securities Ltd. 	 Securities Ltd. and Motilal Oswa Securities Ltd. on August 26, 2005. 4. Warning letters have been issued to the following 10 broking entities in terms of the approved actions in th case, details of which are given below and in case of other two entities, these are in the process of beig issued:
	 13. Khandwala Integrated Financial Services Pvt. Ltd. 14. Prashant Jayantilal Patel 15. Wallfort Financial Services Ltd. 16. Suresh Chand S Jain 17. The First Custodian Fund (India) Ltd. 18. Mahesh Kumar Damani 19. Salasar Stock Broking Ltd. 20. Dinesh Kumar Singhania & Co. 21. Agbros Securities Pvt. Ltd. 22. Ashok Kumar Poddar 23. Prema Poddar 24. Shyam Sundar Dalmia 25. Sanjay Khemani 26. Shankarlal Chokhany 	Sl. Name of broker No.Date of warnin letter1. KantilalMangaldas Securities Pvt. Ltd.26.08.092. NCJ Share & Stock Brokers Ltd.26.08.093. FMS Securities Ltd.26.08.094. Motilal Oswal Securities Ltd.26.08.095. Bhupendra Meghji Bheda29.09.096. Subhkam Securities Pvt. Ltd.06.10.097. Prakash K. Shah Shares
	 27. Shruti Mohta 28. Kanodia Stock Broking (Pvt.) Ltd. 29. J.V.S. Securities Pvt. Ltd. 30. Kamal Kumar Dugar & Co. 31. Lalit & Co. 32. M/s Loknath Saraf 33. S.P. Rakhecha & Co. 34. Shree Harivansa Securities Pvt. Ltd. 35. BLB Share & Financial Services Ltd. 36. Dalmia Securities (P) Ltd. 37. Herald Equities Pvt. Ltd. 38. Naresh Chand Chandak 39. Rajendra Kumar Chokhany 40. Somani Stock Broking Pvt. Ltd. 41. Tackel Stock Broking Services Pvt. Ltd. 	and Securities Pvt.Ltd. 29.09.03 8. Kirtikumar Fulchand Vora 29.09.03 9. S.P. Mantri 06.10.03 10. Alliance Finstock Ltd. 06.10.03

SI.No.	Para No. Observation/Recommendation of JPC	Reply of Government/Action Taken	Further Progress
SI.No.	Para No. Observation/Recommendation of JPC	Reply of Government/Action Taken In the case of enquiry against Credit Suisse First Boston (India) Securities Pvt. Ltd., SEBI has passed an order dated March 05, 2004, under Regulation 13(4) of the SEBI (Procedure for Holding Enquiry by Enquiry Officer and Imposing Penalty) Regulations, 2002, suspending the certificate of registration of the broking entity for a period of one month. The order came into effect after three weeks from the date of the order. In the cases of enquiry against Bakliwal Securities Pvt. Ltd., M.P. Vora Shares & Securities Pvt. Ltd. and Active Finstock Pvt. Ltd. no action has been recommended in the enquiry report. Enquiry proceedings in the remaining cases are under progress. Against Ketan Parekh Entities Group, SEBI has passed orders dated 08.03.2004 canceling their certificate of registration: 1. KNP Securities Pvt. Ltd. 2. VN Parekh Securities Pvt. Ltd. 3. Triumph International Finance India Ltd. 5. NH Securities Ltd.	Further Progress

No. Para No. Observation/Recommendation of JPC	Reply of Government/Action Taken	Further Progress
	5. NH Securities Ltd.	
	6. Classic Credit Ltd.	
	7. Panther Fincap and Management Services Ltd.	
	8. Sai Mangal Investrade Ltd.	
	9. Luminant Investments Pvt. Ltd.	
	10. Panther Investrade Ltd. 11. Upfront Investments	
	12. Profile Investment	
	13. Options Investments	
	14. Ace Investment	
	15. Linear Investments	
	16. Online Investments	
	17. A B Corporation	
	18. Jayant N. Parekh	
	Out of the above entities, prosecutions have been filed on March	
	7, 2003 vide case no 123/2003 in the court of Addl. Chief	
	Metropolitan Magistrate, 8th Court, Esplanade, Mumbai against	
	the following entities connected/associated with Ketan Parekh.	
	1. Shri Ketan Parekh	
	2. NH Securities Ltd.	
	3. Classic Credit Ltd.	
	 Panther Fincap and Management Services Ltd. Sai Mangal Investrade Ltd. 	
	6. Luminant Investments Pvt. Ltd.	
	7. Panther Investrade Ltd.	
	Prosecution proceedings against the remaining entities are under consideration.	
	The dealings of Centurion Bank Ltd. in the scrip by way of	
	arbitrage/trading transactions through the brokers connected/	
	associated with the Ketan Parekh entities during this period which	
	are in violation of RBI guidelines, have been referred to RBI for	
	suitable action vide letter dated November 12, 2002.	
	Global Trust Bank Ltd.	
	A show cause notice dated October 21, 2003 was issued to the	
	following entities under Regulation 11 of SEBI (Prohibition of	
	Fraudulent and Unfair Trade Practices) Regulations, 1995 read	
	with Section 11 and 11B of SEBI Act, 1992. Final order has been	
	passed on 23.03.2004 debarring Sh. Ramesh Gelli, Ms. Premkala	

SI.NO.	Para No. Observation/Recommendation of JPC	Reply of Government/Action Taken	Further Progress
		Gelli etc. from dealing in the scrip of GTB for 18 months.	
		Enquiry against the following brokers has been completed and	
		show cause notices issued on dates mentioned against them:	
		1. SS Corporate Securities Ltd. – March 31, 2004	
		2. Visaria Securities (P) Ltd. – May 26, 2004	
		3. SBM Investments Ltd. – May 26, 2004	
		4. Wood Stock Securities (P) LtdMarch 31, 2004	
		5. Wood Stock Broking (P) Ltd. – March 31, 2004	
		6. Ind Sec Securities and Finance LtdFeb.5, 2004	
		7. ICICI Brokerage Services (P) Ltd Feb.5, 2004	
		8. CSFB Securities (P) Ltd. – February 5, 2004	
		9. Mukesh Babu Securities (P) LtdFeb. 5, 2004	
		In the case of SS Corporate Securities Ltd., hearing is scheduled	
		to take place on June 7, 2004.	
		Reply to the SCN has not yet been received from Visaria	
		Securities (P) Ltd. and SBM Investments Ltd.	
		Reply to the SCN has not yet been received from Wood Stock	
		Securities (P) Ltd. and Wood Stock Broking (P) Ltd. These	
		brokers have sought more time to furnish the reply.	
		In the cases of Ind Sec Securities and Finance Ltd., ICICI	
		Brokerage Services (P) Ltd. and Mukesh Babu Securities (P)	
		Ltd., hearing took place before the Chairman, SEBI on March	
		12,2004.	
		In the case of CSFB Securities (P) Ltd., hearing took place before	
		the Chairman, SEBI on May 12, 2004.	
		Aftek Infosys	
		Actions against promoters	
		Debarred from dealing in securities for 1 year vide Order dated	
		8/3/2004.	
		Zee Telefilms	
		Actions against promoters	
		For the breach of the provisions of SEBI (Substantial Acquisition	
		of Shares and Takeovers) Regulations, 1997, penalty of Rs.	
		60,000 was imposed on 19.08.02 and paid on 12.02.2003.	
		Global Tele	
		Actions against promoters	
		For the breach of the provisions of SEBI (Substantial Acquisition	
		of Shares and Takeovers) Regulations, 1997, penalty of Rs.	
		1,20,000 was imposed on 17.3.03 and paid.	

SI.No.	Para No. Observation/Recommendation of JPC	Reply of Government/Action Taken	Further Progress
		Pentamedia Graphics	
		Actions against promoters	
		For the breach of the provisions of SEBI (Substantial Acquisition	
		of Shares and Takeovers) Regulations, 1997, penalty of Rs.	
		90,000 was imposed on 2.5.03 and paid.	
		Adani Exports Ltd	
		Actions against promoters	
		For the breach of the provisions of SEBI (Substantial Acquisition	
		of Shares and Takeovers) Regulations, 1997, penalty of Rs.	
		60,000 was imposed on 7.4.03 and paid.	
		Lupin Lab. Promoters	
		Actions against promoters	
		The investigation in the case of violation of Securities Contracts	
		Regulations by the Lupin Lab promoters is complete.	
		KP entities barred from capital market vide order dated 12/12/03	
		for 14 years. The registration certificates granted to these entities	
		have been cancelled.	
		Criminal complaint filed against various entities indulged in market	
		manipulation on 07/03/03.	
		Action against other entities in the above six cases	
		Entities associated with /controlled by Ketan Parekh	
		Following persons/ entities have been prohibited from buying,	
		selling or dealing in securities in any manner directly or indirectly	
		and also debared them from associating with the securities	
		market, for a period of fourteen years.	
		1. Shri Ketan V. Parekh	
		2. Kartik K. Parekh	
		3. Classic Credit Ltd	
		4. Panther Fincap and Management Services Ltd.	
		5. Luminant Investment Pvt Ltd.	
		Chitrakut Computers Pvt. Ltd.	
		7. Saimangal Investrade Ltd.	
		8. Classic Infin Ltd	
		9. Panther Investrade Ltd.	
		Other brokers	
		i. CSFB Securities-Suspended for two years	
		ii. Chardravadan J. Dalal- Suspended for two years	
		iii. Latin Manharlal Securities Ltd- Suspended for six months	
		iv. Quasi-judicial proceedings against 18 brokers are in	
		progress.	

I.No. Para No. Observation/Recomment	ndation of JPC Reply of Government/Action Taken	Further Progress
	 Cyberspace Ltd. Investigations into trading in the scrip have been completed. Adjudication proceedings against the said company and their promoters have been initiated on 16.4.2004 for their non compliance with the summons issued by SEBI. Prosecution has also been launched against the company and its promoters in August 2003 for violation of SEBI (PFUTP) Regulations. Directions have been issued to M/s Prabodh Arth Sanchay, a related entity of M/s Cyberspace Ltd. directing them to be careful in future while trading. Enquiry proceedings against M/s. Century Consultants Ltd. (a BSE and NSE member) for violation of Code of Conduct laid down under Regulation 7 of the SEBI (Stock Brokers and Sub-Brokers) Regulations, 1992 completed. The certificate of registration of the broker has already been cancelled by the BSE, NSE and SEBI. Directions have been issued to Shri Shashikant G. Badani to restrain from associating with any corporate body in accessing the securities market and prohibited him from buying, selling or dealing in securities, directly or indirectly, for a period of one year. The matter of issuing directions to Shri S. K. Barasia under the provisions of the SEBI Act and Rules and Regulations made thereunder is under process. Action for issuing directions u/s 11 (4) of the SEBI Act against 19 associate/shell companies which were found to have aided and abetted the company in the manipulation of the scrip are in the process of being issued. Silverline Technologies Ltd. M/s. Century Consultants Ltd. and their promoters are also in the process of being issued. Silverline Technologies Ltd. M/s. Century Consultants Ltd. and their promoters are also in the process of being issued. 	

SI.No. F	Para No. Observation/Recommendation of JPC	Reply of Government/Action Taken	Further Progress
		paid, recovery proceedings have been initiated. SAT vide its	
		order dated January 20, 2004 has directed the parties to pay the	
		penalty amount.	
		Since the company is also listed on NYSE, SEBI has informed	
		the NYSE as well as the SEC about the violations of Indian	
		Securities Laws committed by the company.	
		Enquiry proceedings against the following 5 brokers have been initiated on 11.3.2004:	
		1. M/s Latin Manharlal Securities (P) Ltd	
		2. M/s Milan Mahendra Securities (P) Ltd	
		3. M/s Triumph International Finance Ltd	
		4. M/s Classic Shares and Stock Brokers Ltd	
		5. M/s Triumph Securities Ltd.	
		Similarly, adjudication proceedings u/s 15 A read with Section 15	
		HB of the SEBI Act have been initiated against the following 3	
		out of the above 5 broking entities for their failure to comply with the summons issued by SEBI:	
		1. M/s Latin Manharlal Securities (P) Ltd –	
		11/3/04	
		2. M/s Milan Mahendra Securities (P) Ltd –	
		11/3/04	
		3. M/s Subhkam Securities (P) Ltd - 15/3/04	
		Three warning letters have been issued:	
		(i) M/s Subhkam Securities (P) Ltd. – 17.5.04	
		(ii) JP Morgan India (P) Ltd. – 16.3.04	
		(iii) Kotak Securities – 16.3.04.	
		SSI Ltd.	
		Investigations into the trading in the scrip of SSI Ltd. have been	
		completed. The promoters of SSI and 3 individuals are found to	
		have violated the provisions of Sections 13, 16 read with Section	
		2(i) of the SCRA read with notification dated March 1, 2000.	
		Prosecution proceedings u/s 23(1) (b) of the SCRA are being	
		initiated against the concerned parties. Reference is also being made to CBDT to look into the aspect of evasion of tax (Capital	
		Gains on sale of shares by promoters etc.) involved in the matter.	
		Investigations have also revealed that the following 4 broking	
		entities (including those belonging to KP) had indulged in trades	
		with a view to creating artificial volumes thereby violating the	
		SEBI (PFUTP) Regulations:	

SI.No.	Para No. Observation/Recommendation of JPC	Reply of Government/Action Taken	Further Progress
		1. M/s Triumph Securities Limited	
		M/s Triumph International Finance Ltd.	
		M/s Classic Shares and Stock Brokers Ltd.	
		M/s Milan Mahendra Securities (P) Ltd	
		Enquiry proceedings were initiated on 2.4.2004.	
		Adjudication proceedings u/s15A read with Section 15HB of the	
		SEBI Act have been initiated on 2.4.2004 against M/s Milan	
		Mahendra Securities (P) Ltd. and M/s Triumph International	
		Finance Ltd. for their failure to comply with the summons issued	
		by SEBI.	
		Reference to prosecution has been made against six individuals:	
		1. K.S. Aghoram	
		2. K.S.Ganesh	
		3. K.S. Suresh	
		4. V.Kalaiselvi	
		5. K.V.Prakash	
		6. S.Venkatesh Out of 15 corporates referred in Chapter VII of JPC Report,	
		corporates/promoter-brokers (KP entities) nexus has been	
		established in 7 cases. SEBI has debarred/initiated proceedings	
		against these companies/promoters from accessing the capital/	
		dealing in securities and also filed prosecution. The certificates	
		of registration granted to 6 of the broking entities associated with	
		Ketan Parekh were cancelled by SEBI. Ketan Parekh and 8	
		entities related to him were also debarred from dealing in	
		securities market in any manner for a period of 14 years and	
		prosecution have also been filed against these entities. SEBI	
		has also suspended the certificates of other Brokers who have	
		aided and abetted Ketan Parekh entities in market manipulations.	
		As reported in December, 2004	
		DSQ Software	
		Action against promoters	
		SEBI has issued the following directions vide two Orders dated	
		9.9.04 to (1) DSQ Software Ltd., and Shri Dinesh Dalmia (2)	
		Other directors of the company with immediate effect.	
		Shri Dinesh Dalmia is prohibited from buying, selling or otherwise	
		dealing in securities in any manner, directly or indirectly, for a	
		period of 10 years and is also prohibited from holding any office	
		of responsibility in a company/entity or other institution associated	
		with the securities market for a period of 10 years.	

No. Para No. Observa	tion/Recommendation of JPC	Reply	of Government/A	ction Taken	Further Progress
				accessing the securities	
				e dealing in securities in	
		any manner, directly	y or indirectly in sec	urities for a period of 10	
		years.			
				Ltd. shall deposit a sum	
				crore shares calculated	
			• .	of the scrip in the relevant	
				s in a separate escrow	
				ized bank, till completion	
				ncies including Calcutta	
		Police and Central B		shares of DSQ Software	
				ket within a period of 45	
				te demat account to be	
				for reduction in capital is	
		obtained by the com	•	•	
				w account and shares	
				ot be withdrawn without	
		prior permission in v	vriting from SEBI.		
				, K.M. Venkateshwaran,	
		and Brig(Retd.) V.M.	Sundaram directors	s of DSQ Software during	
				ouying, selling or dealing	
				ndirectly for a period of 5	
				ny office of responsibility	
				ociated with the securities	
		market for a period of			
				and other directors viz.	
				, K.M. Venkateshwaran	
				filed appeal against the	
				has been admitted and	
		the hearings will con			
		•		entities are completed	
		and penalty collect		entities are completed	
		Name of entities	Penalty levied	Collection details	
		Dinesh Kumar	Rs.25,000	Collected in the	
		Singhania		month of August 2004	
		Arihant Exim Scrip	Rs.15,000	Collected in the month	
		Pvt. Ltd.		of August 2004	

No. Para No. Observation/Recommendation of JPC	Re	eply of Government/A	ction Taken	Further Progress
	 persons from ac securities for a p a) New Vision b) Dinesh Daln c) Softec Corp d) New Vision e) DSQ Holdin f) Hulda Prope g) Powerflow F h) DSQ Industri i) Mrs. Radha Action against t 	ccessing the securities period of 10 years with i Investment, UK, nia Technology Trust, oration Trust, Investment Private Ltd. gs Ltd., erties & Trades Ltd., Holdings Pvt. Ltd, ries Ltd. and Dalmia he following broker ha		
	Name Broker	SEBI Order Date & w.e.f.	Suspension period	
	Investments and Ketan Parekh en for dealing in sec scrips. Prosecution has Enquiry procee Enquiry has bee 1. Amrut Gopalj 2. Titan Stock B 3. Niraj Balasari 4. SMIFS Secu	ters being issued. Aninst Arihant Exim Scrip d Consultants Pvt. Ltd. titities have been banner urities market for marke been filed. to completed against 5 l i Thacker roking ia rities Ltd. era (Already suspended	d for a period of 14 years t manipulation in various	

I.No. Para No. Observation/Recommendation of JPC	Reply of Government/Action Taken	Further Progress
	Padmini Technologies Ltd. (PTL)	
	Against PTL and its whole time directors	
	Adjudication proceedings (u/s 15A of SEBI Act) initiated for non	
	compliance of summons have been completed and Adjudication	
	Officer, vide his order dt. August 16/17, 2004, has imposed a	
	penalty of Rs.5 lacs and Rs. 3 lacs on PTL and Shri Vivek Nagpal	
	respectively.	
	Proceedings u/s11B of SEBI Act are under way; show cause	
	notice has been issued to the company and its directors. Personal	
	hearing which was scheduled for 11.11.04 was not availed.	
	Another opportunity for personal hearing is scheduled for	
	30.11.2004.	
	Against Ketan Parekh group	
	Panther Fincap and Management Services Ltd., Classic	
	Credit Ltd. and their Directors (including Ketan Parekh)	
	Adjudication proceedings have been completed and Adjudication	
	Officer, vide his orders dated 23/24.08.04, has imposed a penalty	
	of Rs.5 lac each on Panther Fincap and Management Services	
	Ltd. and Classic Credit Ltd.	
	Triumph International Finance Ltd.	
	Enquiry Officer vide his report dated 23.8.04 has recommended	
	cancellation of registration. Show cause notice based on the	
	Enquiry Officer's report was sent on 27.8.04. No reply has been	
	received so far. An opportunity for personal hearing is porposed.	
	It may be noted that the registration of Triumph International has	
	already been cancelled vide an earlier order dated 16.5.2003.	
	Against Statutory Auditors	
	The auditor was given opportunities of personal hearing on	
	24.08.04, 17.09.04 and 20.10.04 which were not availed. Final	
	Order is being issued.	
	Against Others	
	Sanjay Kumar, Chartered Accountant	
	Adjudication proceedings (u/s 15A of SEBI Act) initiated for non	
	compliance of summons have been completed and Adjudication	
	Officer, vide his order dated 18.08.04, has imposed a penalty of	
	Rs.2 lac on Shri Sanjay Kumar.	
	As regards the show cause notice issued on 26.12.03 as part of	
	proceedings u/s11B of SEBI Act, another inspection of records	
	was granted on 02.08.04. He has further requested for copies of	

SI.No.	Para No. Observation/Recommendation of JPC	Reply of Government/Action Taken	Further Progress
		various documents which have been provided. He was asked to	
		submit his reply by 4.10.04. No reply has been received. Ex-	
		parte order is being processed.	
		SBI Mutual Fund	
		Reference has been made to Trustees of SBI Mutual Fund on	
		18.12.03 requesting them to conduct a thorough investigation	
		on the issues raised by SEBI and submit a report thereof.	
		Reminder was issued to the Trustees on 28.5.04, who have	
		replied vide letter dated 09.06.04 that a firm of reputed chartered	
		accountants have been appointed to look into the matter. The auditors report has been received from the Trustees on 24.09.04	
		which is under examination.	
		SEBI inspection of systems and procedures of SBIMF conducted	
		on 29/30.01.04. Systemic deficiencies observed during inspection	
		were communicated to AMC vide letter dated 07.05.04 for taking	
		corrective action.	
		A & A Finvest P Ltd. (a sub-broker)	
		Enquiry proceedings under SEBI (Procedure for Holding Enquiry	
		by Enquiry Officer and Imposing Penalty) Regulations, 2002 have	
		been completed and Enquiry Officer vide his report dated	
		13.08.04, has recommended for suspension of registration for a	
		period of one year. Show cause notice based on Enquiry Officer's	
		report has been issued on 27.08.04, reply received on 13.09.04.	
		An opportunity of personal hearing is being given before passing	
		the order.	
		Shonkh Technologies Ltd.	
		Against promoters Show Cause Notices issued to the promoters and associated entities	
		(15 entities) of Shonkh Technologies International Limited. Personal	
		hearings before Chairman initiated. Hearing on two different	
		occasions had to be postponed on the request of the parties. Third	
		date fixed on 2.12.04.	
		Against Mr.Vivek Nagpal and promoters of Shonkh	
		Technologies International Ltd.	
		Adjudication orders levying a penalty of Rs.1 crore each against	
		Shri Vivek Nagpal and Padmini Techologies Ltd. have been	
		passed. Against the Adjudication Orders, Shri Vivek Nagpal and	
		Padmini Technologies Ltd. have filed an appeal before SAT and	
		as per the interim orders of SAT they have paid a penalty of	
		Rs.1,50,000each.	

Further I	er Progress
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I.No. Para No. Observation/Recommendation of JPC	Reply of Government/Action Taken	Further Progress
	suspending the registration for a period of one year vide order	
	dated 14.10.04.	
	 * Order passed against M/s. Woodstock Securities Ltd., 	
	Woodstock Broking Pvt. Ltd. warning them to be more careful	
	in future.	
	 * Order passed against CSFB Securities (I) Pvt. Ltd. on 10.9.04 	
	suspending the broker for a period of three months.	
	 * Order passed against SS Corporate Securities on 21.9.04 	
	suspending the broker for a period of 3 months.	
	Final Orders have been passed against Visaria Securities Ltd.	
	(suspension for 3 months) and SBM Investments (sub broker of	
	Mukesh Babu Securities Pvt. Ltd.) (suspension for 4 months)	
	also on 11.10.04 and 14.10.04 respectively.	
	Aftek Infosys	
	Adjudication proceedings were initiated against Classic Credit	
	Ltd., Panther Investrade Ltd., Mividha Investments Pvt. Ltd., JDP	
	Share & Stock Brokers Ltd., for violation of SEBI (Substantial	
	Acquisition of Shares & Takeovers) Regulations, 1997. A penalty	
	of Rs.5.00 lakh was imposed and paid.	
	Enquiry proceedings were conducted against Triumph	
	International India Ltd., Triumph Securities Ltd. and NH Securities	
	Ltd and certificate of registration granted to these entities were	
	cancelled vide order dated 31.3.04.	
	Enquiry proceedings were also conducted against broking entities	
	C J Dalal, Hem Securities, Milan Mahendra and Latin Manharlal.	
	C J. Dalal was suspended for two years and Latin Manhralal	
	Securities Ltd. was suspended for six months. Against other two	
	brokers, hearings held, orders are being passed.	
	Adjudication proceedings were initiated against Vidyut	
	Investments Ltd. for violation of SEBI (Substantial Acquisition of	
	Shares & Takeovers) Regulations, 1997. Penalty of Rs. 3.00 lakh	
	was imposed and paid.	
	Ketan Parekh entities have been banned from dealing in securities	
	market for a period of 14 years.	
	Criminal complaints filed against nine entities including Ketan	
	Parekh.	
	Zee Telefilms	
	Enquiry proceedings have separately been initiated against the	
	following broking entities, who aided and abetted Ketan Parekh	

I.No.	Para No. Observation/Recommendation of JPC	Reply o	f Government/Action Taken	Further Progress
		entities in market mar synchronized dealings	ipulation by entering into structured and S:	
		Broker	Action already taken	
			Order dated 10.9.04 passed warning the broker in the case of GTB	
			In the case of GTB, order dated 10.9.04	
		SecuritiesLtd.	passed suspending registration for 1 year	
		Mangal Keshav Shares & Stock	Enquiry Proceedings under progress	
		Brokers Ltd.		
			Hearing complete. Order being passed.	
			In the case of GTB, order dated 11.10.04	
		Pvt. Ltd.	passed suspending registration for 3 months	
		Global Tele		
			have separately been initiated against	
			ers, stock brokers for aiding and abetting	
			in market manipulation by entering into	
		structured and synchro	onized dealings :	
		Broker	Action already taken	
		Vyomit Stock &	Enquiry Proceedings	
		Investment Pvt. Ltd.	under progress	
		Omega Equities	Enquiry Proceedings	
		Pvt. Ltd.	under progress	
		Mangal Keshav Shares & Stock	Enquiry Proceedings under progress	
		Brokers Ltd.	under progress	
		Chandravadan J Dala	Order dated 24.2.04 passed suspending	
			the broker for 2 years in the case of	
			Lupin, Aftek, Ranbaxy, Shonkh and GTB	
		Hem Securities Ltd.	Order under preparation	
		Latin Manharlal	In the case of GTB, Aftek and Shonkh,	
		Securities Pvt. Ltd.	order dated 18.11.03 passed	
		Mulusah Dahu	suspending registration for 6 months	
		Mukesh Babu	In the case of GTB, order dated 10.9.04	
		SecuritiesLtd.	passed suspending registration for 1	
		year	F	

SI.No.	Para No. Observation/Recommendation of JPC	Reply o	of Government/Action Taken	Further Progress
		Milan Mahendra Securities Pvt. Ltd.	Order is being passed	
		Visaria Securities Pvt. Ltd.	In the case of GTB,order dated 11.10.04 passed suspending registration for 3 months	
		Pravin V Shah Stock Broking	Enquiry Proceedings initiated	
		Woodstock Securities Pvt. Ltd.	Order dated 10.9.04 passed warning the broker in the case of GTB	
		Adani Exports Ltd. Action against prom	noters	
		Parekh entities namely Broking Ltd. Panther International India Ltd	ings are initiated on 15.9.04 against Ketan y; Classic Credit Ltd., Classic Share & Stock Fincap, Panther Investrade Ltd., Triumph d. and Triumph Securities Ltd. for violation SEBI (Substantial Acquisition of Shares &	

Takeovers) Regulations, 1997.

debarring them from dealing in securities for violation of regulation 4 of the SEBI (Prohibition of Fraudulent and Unfair Trade Practices Relating to Securities Market), Regulations, 1995. Enquiry proceedings have separately been initiated against following brokers, stock brokers for aiding and abetting Ketan Parekh entities in market manipulation by entering into structured and synchronized dealings: Broker Action already taken

Show cause notice is being issued to Abhinav Investments for

DIOKEI	Action alleady taken
Omega Equities	Enquiry Proceedings under
Pvt. Ltd.	progress.
Woodstock	Order dated 10.9.04 passed
Broking Pvt. Ltd.	warning the broker in the case of GTB.
Chandravadan	Order dated 24.2.04 passed suspending the
J Dalal	broker for 2 years in the case of Lupin,
	Aftek, Ranbaxy, Shonkh and GTB.
Hem Securities	Order under preparation.
Ltd.	
Latin Manharlal	In the case of GTB, Aftek and Shonkh,
Securities	order dated 18.11.03 passed suspending
Pvt. Ltd.	registration for 6 months.

SI.No.	Para No. Observation/Recommendation of JPC	Reply of Government/Action Taken	Further Progress
		Milan Mahendra Order under preparation.	
		Securities Pvt. Ltd.	
		Visaria Secu- In the case of GTB, Order dated 11.10.04	
		rities Pvt. Ltd. passed suspending registration for 3 months.	
		Pravin V Shah Enquiry proceedings initiated.	
		Stock Broking	
		Keynote Capitals Enquiry proceedings initiated.	
		Ltd.	
		Enquiry proceedings initiated against Prerak Capital, JBS	
		Securities Ltd., Moneycare Securities & Financial Services Ltd.,	
		Madhuvan Securities Pvt. Ltd. and Investmart India Ltd., for	
		violation of SEBI (Prohibition of Fraudulent and Unfair Trade	
		Practices Relating to Securities Market), Regulations, 1995, SEBI	
		(Stock Brokers) Rules & Regulations, 1992.	
		Lupin Lab. Promoters	
		After completion of enquiry proceedings, certificate of registration	
		granted to Triumph International India Ltd., Triumph Securities	
		Ltd. and NH Securities Ltd. were cancelled vide order dated	
		8.12.03.	
		Enquiry proceedings were also conducted against various broking	
		entities namely; C J Dalal, Milan Mahendra, Hem Securities and	
		Pravin V. Shah Stock Broking. C J. Dalal was suspended for two	
		years vide order dated 23.02.04. Proceedings in case of other	
		brokers are on.	
		Criminal complaints filed against 14 entities in the Court of Addl.	
		CMM, Mumbai (CC No. 630/W/03).	
		Cyberspace Ltd.	
		Enquiry was initiated against 28 brokers. With regard to other	
		26 entities, action is completed. Enquiries initiated against M/s	
		Renaissance Securities Ltd. and M/s Mangala Capital Services	
		Ltd. are in progress.	
		Directions have been issued against Shri Rakesh Mehta	
		prohibiting him from accessing the securities market and dealing	
		in securities in any manner till investigation/inquiry is complete.	
		The investigations into the dealings of Shri Rakesh Mehta are	
		under progress. Directions have been issued to Shri Jugal Kishera Barasia an	
		Directions have been issued to Shri Jugal Kishore Barasia on	
		17.08.2004, restraining him from accessing the securities market	

SI.No.	Para No. Observation/Recommendation of JPC	Reply of Government/Action Taken	Further Progress
		and prohibiting him from buying, selling and dealing in securities	
		for a period of one year.	
		44 show cause notices have been issued against the 19	
		associate/shell companies (and their directors) which were found	
		to have aided and abetted the company in the manipulation of	
		the scrip. Show cause notices have also been issued to the	
		three promoters of M/s Cyberspace Ltd. and the Century	
		Consultants Ltd. Hearings in the case of 13 entities/individuals	
		held on 27.11.2004. 5 entities/individuals attended the hearing	
		and 4 entities/individuals furnished written submissions. The	
		process of service of show cause notices against the other	
		directors/entities out of the 19 associate/shell companies and	
		their directors and the three promoters of Cyberspace Ltd. &	
		Century Consultants Ltd. is under progress.	
		Silverline Technologies Ltd.	
		Enquiry show cause notices issued to the five broking entities on 13.08.2004.	
		Adjudication proceedings against M/s Silverline Holdings	
		Corporation, M/s Subra Maruitius Limited and M/s Shreyas	
		Holdings Ltd. under progress.	
		Adjudication proceedings u/s 15A were initiated against the	
		company as well as its promoters for non-compliance of SEBI	
		summons. The Adjudicating Officer vide his orders dated	
		10.10.03 and 24.10.03 has levied monetary penalties of	
		Rs.19,00,000 and Rs.21,00,000 on the company and its	
		promoters respectively for this default. Appeal was filed by the	
		three promoter entities against the penalty imposed by SEBI	
		which was heard by SAT on 9.7.04 and the penalty amount has	
		been reduced from Rs.21 lakh to Rs.1.5 lakh. Payment not yet	
		made. Recovery proceedings are being initiated.	
		Prosecution was filed against M/s Silverline Technologies Ltd.	
		for non payment of Adjudication penalty of Rs.19 lakh on	
		17.08.2004.	
		Adjudication proceedings against 04 brokers completed. Penalty	
		levied of Rs.1 lakh on Milan Mahendra Securities Pvt. Ltd., Rs.2	
		lakh on Latin Manharlal Securities Pvt. Ltd. and Rs.1 lakh on	
		Triumph International Finance India Ltd. vide orders dated	
		23.08.2004 and 24.08.2004.	

SI.No.	Para No. Observation/Recommendation of JPC	Reply of Government/Action Taken	Further Progress
		SSI Ltd.	
		Enquiry show cause notices have been issued to the three entities	
		on 06.08.2004.	
		Adjudication proceedings completed. The Adjudication Officer	
		has imposed a penalty of Rs.1 lakh on Milan Mahendra Securities	
		Pvt. Ltd. and Rs. 1 lakh on Triumph International Finance India	
		Ltd. vide orders dated 23.08.2004 and 24.08.2004. Proof of	
		payment of adjudication penalty not furnished by the entities.	
		Recovery proceedings are in the process of being initiated.	
		Prosecution proceedings u/s 23(1)(b) of the SCRA initiated	
		against the promoters of SSI and three individuals. The process	
		of issuing directions against the three promoters of SSI Ltd. and	
		three individuals for violation of provisions of SCRA is under	
		progress.	
		Reference made to Chief Commissioner of Income Tax, Chennai	
		on 31.5.04 to look into the aspect of evasion of tax (Capital Gains	
		on sale of shares by promoters etc.) involved in the matter.	
		Enquiry proceedings against 4 brokers initiated on 2.4.2004. It	
		may be noted that the certificate of registration of 3 of these	
		brokers, which were KP entities, have already been cancelled	
		by SEBI.	
		Himachal Futuristic Communications Ltd. (HFCL)	
		Actions against HFCL and its promoters/associate	
		companies and their directors	
		-	
		Show cause notices under Sections 11(4)(b) and 11B of SEBI	
		Act 1992 read with Regulation 11 of SEBI (Prohibition of	
		Fraudulent and Unfair Trade Practices relating to Securities	
		Market) Regulations, 2003 have been issued to HFCL/its directors	
		and following mentioned promoters/associate companies of	
		HFCL and their directors on 30.8.04.	
		HFCL Infotel Ltd.	
		HFCL Trade Invest Ltd.	
		Burlington Finance Ltd.	
		Toplight Vinimay Pvt. Ltd.	
		Vinson Brothers Pvt. Ltd.	
		 Vinson Trade & Commerce Pvt. Ltd. 	
		Amrit Sales Promotion Pvt. Ltd.	
		 Classic Services (Partnership firm) 	
		 Sone Paper & Industries Ltd. 	

No. Para No. Observation/Recommendation of JPC	Reply	of Government/Action Taken	Further Progress
	 Yashodhar Kalyan Vya Sungrace M Baldev Cor Enquiry proceeding various following s 	ales Promotion Pvt. Ltd. n Merchants Pvt. Ltd. upaar Pvt. Ltd. Merchandise Pvt. Ltd. nmercial Pvt. Ltd. gs have separately been initiated against tock brokers for aiding and abetting Ketan arket manipulation by entering into structured lealings in HFCL :	
	Broker	Actions already taken	
	Chandravadan J Dalal Hem Securities Ltd. Indsec Securities 10.9.04, & Finance Ltd. Keynote Capitals Ltd. Latin Manharlal Securities Pvt. Ltd. Mangal Keshav Shares & Stock Brokers Ltd. Milan Mahendra Securities Pvt. Ltd. Millenium Equities (I) Pvt. Ltd. Aldan Investment Pvt. Ltd. Mukesh Babu Securities Ltd. Omega Equities Pvt. Ltd.	Order dated 24.2.04 passed suspending the broker for 2 years in the case of Lupin, Aftek, Ranbaxy, Shonkh and GTB. Order under preparation. In the case of GTB, vide order dated warning has been issued. Enquiry initiated In the case of GTB, Aftek and Shonkh, order dated 18.11.03 passed suspending registration for 6 months Enquiry Proceedings under progress. Order under preparation. In the case of GTB, Order dated 13.9.04 passed suspending for 6 months Enquiry Proceedings under progress In the case of GTB, Order dated 10.9.04 passed suspending registration for 1 year. Enquiry Proceedings under progress In the case of GTB, Order dated 10.9.04 passed suspending registration for 1 year. Enquiry Proceedings under progress	
	Pravin V Shah Stock Broking Subhkam Securities	Enquiry Proceedings under progress In the case of Silverline,warning has been	
	Casimanicoodinico	issued.	

SI.No.	Para No. Observation/Recommendation of JPC	Reply	y of Government/Action Taken	Further Progress
		Vidyut Devendra	Enquiry Proceedings	
		Kumar	underprogress	
		Visaria Securities	In the case of GTB, Order dated 11.10.04	
		Pvt. Ltd.	passed suspending registration for 3 months.	
		Vyomit Stock &	Enquiry Proceedings under progress	
		Investment Pvt. Ltd.		
		Woodstock Broking	order dated 10.9.04 passed warning	
		Pvt. Ltd.	the broker in the case of GTB	
		Woodstock	Order dated 10.9.04 passed warning	
		Securities Pvt. Ltd.	the broker in the case of GTB.	
		As reported in Jul	y, 2005	
		DSQ Software		
		Action against pro	omoters	
		•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••	st the SEBI Orders dated 09.09.2004 issued	
			h Dalmia and M/s DSQ Software and its	
			rd by the Hon'ble SAT on 04.02.05. In the	
			tware the matter is posted for hearing on	
		19.09.2005.		
			Dinesh Dalmia, SAT had directed him to pay	
			rore before the matter could be admitted for	
		5	s paid an amount of Rs. 2.5 crore. On the	
			ellant the sum was reduced to Rs.2.5 crore.	
		•	d for hearing on 19.09.2005. case of M/s Dinesh Dalmia Technology Trust,	
			es and Trade Ltd., M/s DSQ Holdings Ltd., M/	
			stment and Consultants Pvt. Ltd. and M/s	
			and Trading Co. Pvt. Ltd. completed and the	
		details of the penal	5	

DSQ Holdings Ltd	Rs.10,00,000
Powerflow Holding &	
Trading Co. Pvt. Ltd.	Rs.25,000
Hulda Properties &	
Trades Ltd	Rs.10,00,000
Dinesh Dalmia Tech Trust	Rs.5,00,000
Doe Jones Invest &	
Consult Pvt. Ltd	Rs.15,000
Herald Equities Pvt. Ltd.	NoPenalty
The orders in the ages of N	l/s Dinash Dalmia Tachnala

The orders in the case of M/s Dinesh Dalmia Technology Trust and M/s DSQ Holdings Ltd. were duly served at the respective

SI.No.	Para No. Observation/Recommendation of JPC	Reply of Government/Action Taken	Further Progress
		addresses on 08.02.2005. In the case of M/s Hulda Properties and Trade Ltd. and M/s Powerflow Holding and Trading Co. Pvt. Ltd. the orders were pasted at the their respective addresses on 04.03.2005 and in case of M/s Doe Jones Investment and Consultants Pvt. Ltd. the order was delivered and acknowledged. Order in the case of M/s Herald Equities Pvt. Ltd. was also served at their respective address. Pursuant to the completion of adjudication proceedings, the penalty amount has been paid by M/s Doe Jones Investments and Consultants Pvt. Ltd. in March 2005. The other parties have not paid the penalty amount within the stipulated time period of 45 days and prosecution proceedings are in the process of being initiated against the entities	
		DSQ Industries Ltd.	
		Action against promoters	
		Order passed on 10/12/2004 against the following entities prohibiting them from accessing the securities market and dealing in securities market for a period of 10 years: DSQ Holdings Ltd.	
		Action against other entities	
		 Order dated 08.11.2004 passed against M. Tibrewal & Co. prohibiting for a period of 2 years from accessing capital market. Order dated 03/01/2005 passed against Classic Credit and Panther Fincap and Management Services Ltd. to make public announcement under Takeover Regulation taking 01.03.2001 as the reference date for calculation of offer price within 45 days of the date of the order. 	

SI.No.	Para No. Observation/Recommendation of JPC	Reply of Government/Action Taken	Further Progress
SI.No.		 Order dated 19/01/2005 passed against Doe Jones Investments Ltd. and Arihant Exim Pvt. Ltd. prohibiting them from accessing capital markets for 2 years. Order dated 27/01/2005 passed against Biyani Securities Pvt. Ltd. and its directors and Harish Biyani prohibiting them from accessing capital markets for 5 years. Action against brokers Order dated 07/01/2005 passed against Niraj Balasaria, stock broker, CSE suspending the certificate of registration for a period of 3 months. Order dated 17/05/2005 passed against Indsec Securities Ltd. No case against the broker under the definition of fraud was observed. Padmini Technologies Ltd. (PTL) Action against PTL and its whole time directors PTL and Vivek Nagpal have appealed against the order of Adjudicating Officer before SAT. The appeals were admitted on 15.3.2005 and 13.4.2005 respectively. SAT vide order dated 13.4.2005 directed SEBI not to take any coercive steps against Shri Vivek Nagpal on the condition that the deposits a sum of Rs. 50,000/- with SEBI. The said payment has since been received from Shri Nagpal. Subsequently, SAT vide its final order dated 28.06.2005 has reduced the penalty amount from Rs. 3 lac to Rs. 1.5 lac in case of Shri Vivek Nagpal and from Rs. 5 lac to Rs. 1.5 lac in case of Shri Vivek Nagpal and from Rs. 5 lac to Rs. 1.5 lac in case of PTL. Proceedings u/s11B of SEBI Act are under way; show cause notices were issued to the company and its directors. An opportunity for personal hearing was granted to PTL & its whole- ime directors on 11.11.2004, which was not availed. Another opportunity was given on 30.11.2004 and 15.12.2004. During hese hearings, their advocates sought opportunity for cross 	Further Progress
	F r c	Proceedings u/s11B of SEBI Act are under way; show cause notices were issued to the company and its directors. An opportunity for personal hearing was granted to PTL & its whole-	
	c t e	opportunity was given on 30.11.2004 and 15.12.2004. During hese hearings, their advocates sought opportunity for cross examination. This aspect has been legally examined and it has	
		been decided to deny cross examination in light of sufficient corroborative evidences available with SEBI. While, the documents relied in preparation of show cause notices have already been provided, an opportunity of fresh personal hearing s proposed before passing the order against them.	

No. Para No.Observation/Recommendation of JPC	Reply of Government/Action Taken	Further Progress
	Action against Ketan Parekh Group	
	Panther Fincap and Management Services Ltd., Classic	
	Credit Ltd. and their Directors (including Ketan Parekh)	
	An opportunity for personal hearing was given to Ketan Parekh	
	entities/ their directors on 24.11.2004, which was not availed.	
	Another opportunity was given on 15.12.2004 when their	
	advocates sought an opportunity for cross examination, which	
	has been legally examined. It has been decided that since SEBI	
	has sufficient corroborative evidences, cross examination shall	
	be denied. Further, vide letter dated 22.12.2004 a reply to the	
	show cause notice has been received. An opportunity of fresh	
	personal hearing is proposed before passing the order against	
	them.	
	Adjudication proceedings have been completed and Adjudication	
	Officer, vide his orders dated 23/24.08.04, has imposed a penalty	
	of Rs.5 lac each on Panther Fincap and Management Services	
	Ltd. and Classic Credit Ltd.	
	The entities have appealed against the order of Adjudicating	
	Officer before SAT. The matter came up for hearing on 8.6.2005	
	before SAT and was adjourned to 3.8.2005.	
	Triumph International Finance Ltd. (TIFL)	
	A reply to show cause notice dated 27.8.2004 has been received	
	from TIFL vide its letter dated 12.1.2005. TIFL has however	
	sought an opportunity for personal hearing, which is proposed	
	before passing the order against them.	
	It may be noted that registration of TIFL is already cancelled for	
	violations committed in other cases vide an earlier order dated	
	16.5.02. The date of order was earlier inadvertently mentioned	
	as 16.5.03 in the 3rd Progress Report. Error is regretted.	
	Action against Statutory Auditors	
	(Kailash Chandra Agarwal, Chartered Accountant)	
	In regard to proceedings u/s 11B of SEBI Act, the submissions	
	of auditor vide letter dated 22.1.2004, 23.8.2004 and 18.10.2004	
	have been examined. Fresh opportunity of hearing was also	
	granted to auditor for 29.3.2005, which was adjourned. Fresh	
	hearing is proposed before passing the order.	
	Action against Others	
	Sanjay Kumar, Chartered Accountant	
	In regard to proceedings u/s 11B of SEBI Act, an opportunity for	

SI.No.	Para No. Observation/Recommendation of JPC	Reply of Government/Action Taken	Further Progress
		personal hearing was granted to Shri Sanjay Kumar on 15.3.2005,	
		however he failed to appear citing medical problem and stating	
		that SEBI had already initiated prosecution on similar charge.	
		Meanwhile, a reply dated 17.6.2005 to the show cause notice	
		has also been received from Shri Sanjay Kumar. Fresh hearing	
		is proposed before passing the order against him.	
		A reminder was issued to ICAI seeking status of reference dated	
		26.12.2003. ICAI vide its letter dated 4.11.2004 informed that	
		clarification has been received from Shri Sanjay Kumar and	
		further action is being taken as per the provisions of Section 21	
		of the Chartered Accountants Act, 1949.	
		Shri Sanjay Kumar had appealed against the order for imposition	
		of penalty by Adjudicating officer. SAT vide its order dated	
		24.11.2004 admitted the appeal by Shri Sanjay Kumar against	
		this order and directed SEBI not to take any coercive steps	
		against the appellant on conditions that appellant deposit a sum	
		of Rs.50,000. The said amount has been paid by the appellant.	
		Subsequently, SAT on 10.2.2005 has passed a final order and reduced the quantum of penalty to Rs. 25,000/	
		Kolkatta based preferential allottees	
		Chairman, SEBI had granted opportunities of personal hearing	
		to 18 Kolkata based preferential allottees on 22.12.2004 and	
		30.12.2004 against whom proceedings u/s 11B of SEBI Act were	
		initiated. None of these entities appeared for hearing. However,	
		3 allottees got stay from Calcutta High Court against the	
		proceedings by SEBI. Calcutta High Court vide its orders dated	
		23.3.2005 has dismissed the appeals filed by 3 Kolkatta based	
		preferential allottees. Another opportunity of personal hearing is	
		proposed before passing order against the allottees.	
		Delhi based preferential allottees	
		Show cause notices were issued to 12 Delhi based allottees/	
		their directors in October/ November 2004. Some entities had	
		sought copies of documents relied in preparation of show cause	
		notices, which were duly provided. No reply has been received	
		from them.	
		An opportunity for personal hearing was granted to these entities	
		on 15.3.2005, however none of them appeared. Some Delhi	
		based entities namely VB Impex P Ltd., Iris Infrastructurals P.	
		Ltd., Mikona Impex & Traders P. Ltd., DKG Buildcon P. Ltd. and	

SI.No.	Para No. Observation/Recommendation of JPC	Reply of Government/Action Taken	Further Progress
		JP Promoters P. Ltd. sought another date of hearing. No reply	
		was received from others. Fresh hearing is proposed before	
		passing the order against them.	
		A & A Finvest P. Ltd. (a sub-broker)	
		Fresh opportunity of hearing was granted to A & A Finvest P. Ltd.	
		for 29.3.2005, which was adjourned. Fresh hearing is proposed	
		before passing the order against the entity.	
		Shonkh Technologies Ltd.	
		Action against Promoters/Company	
		11B actions against Promoters of the company:	
		Pursuant to Show Cause Notices issued to the promoters and	
		associated entities (15 entities) of Shonkh Technologies	
		International Limited, 2 entities have sought inspection of	
		documents and the same have been provided in October 2004.	
		The entities sought adjournment of personal hearing fixed for	
		5th April, 2005. Subsequently, personal hearing before Whole	
		Time Member has been fixed for 2nd August, 2005.	
		Adjudication against Shri Vivek Nagpal and promoters of	
		Shonkh Technologies International Ltd. Adjudication orders levying a penalty of Rs.1 crore each against	
		Shri Vivek Nagpal and Padmini Techologies Ltd. have been	
		passed. Against the adjudication orders, Shri Vivek Nagpal and	
		Padmini Technologies Ltd. have filed an appeal before SAT and	
		as per the interim orders of SAT dated 19th April, 2004 they have	
		deposited a sum of Rs.1,50,000/- each. SAT, vide its final orders	
		dated 3rd February 2005, reduced the penalty of Adjudication	
		Officer from Rs. 1 crore to Rs. 10,000/- for M/s. Padmini	
		Technologies Ltd. and from Rs. 1 crore to Rs. 40,000/- for Shri	
		Vivek Nagpal. The penalties have been paid.	
		Adjudication against associated entities of the company/	
		promoters	
		Present position is as follows:	
		(i) Against 2 entities no penalty has been imposed by the	
		Adjudicating Officer. (On 31.12.2003, adjudication orders	
		have been passed against Shri D.K.Jain and Delhi	
		Securities Ltd.)	
		(ii) Against 15 entities penalty of Rs. 1 crore each was levied	
		by the Adjudicating Officer. Accordingly, the position stated	
		in the 3rd Progress Report as 16 entities stands corrected.	
		Error is regretted.	

SI.No.	Para No.Observation/Recommendation of JPC	Reply of Government/Action Taken	Further Progress
		(iii) Out of the above, one entity (Shri Mukesh Malhotra) has	
		appealed before SAT against the adjudication order. SAT	
		vide order dated 16th September, 2004 directed Shri	
		Mukesh Malhotra to deposit Rs. 25,000/- with SEBI and	
		co-operate with SEBI in the case. Shri Mukesh Malhotra,	
		vide letter dated 20.10.2004, has deposited the amount with SEBI.	
		Names and dates of adjudication orders of the above entities are given below:	
		(i) On 28.11.2003, orders have been passed against the following	
		entities: Ankur Cultivators P Ltd., Saral Website & Exim Pvt. Ltd.,	
		Mikona Impex & Traders P Ltd., Sanyo Finance P Ltd.,	
		Spectrum.com P Ltd., Iris Infrastructure P Ltd., DKG Buildcon P Ltd. and Churuwala Exports P Ltd.	
		(ii) On 10.12.2003, orders have been passed against Zodiac.com P Ltd. and Noted Infotech P Ltd.	
		(iii) On 18.12.2003, order has been passed against Advance	
		Hovercrafts and Composites (India) Ltd.	
		(iv) On 22.12.2003, orders have been passed against Shri Ravi	
		Krishnamoorti and Shri C.V.R. Rao.	
		(v) On 31.12.2003, order has been passed against R. C. Gupta	
		& Co. P Ltd.	
		Also, adjudication order dated 10.06.2005 has been passed	
		against M/s. Shonkh Technologies International Ltd. imposing a	
		penalty of Rs. 50,000/	
		The penalties are yet to be paid. Further actions for non payment	
		of penalties are under consideration.	
		Prosecution proceedings against promoter entities and other entities:	
		Prosecution proceedings have been launched on 24th December,	
		2004 against Shri Vivek Nagpal, M/s. Padmini Technologies Ltd.	
		and the following 13 entities before Additional Chief Metropolitan	
		Magistrate, New Delhi:	
		1. M/s. Advance Hovercrafts and Composites India Ltd.	
		2. M/s. Ankur Cultivators Pvt. Ltd.	
		3. M/s. Churuwala Exports Pvt. Ltd.	
		4. M/s. DKG Buildcon Pvt. Ltd.	
		5. M/s. Iris Infrastructurals Pvt. Ltd.	
		6. M/s. Mikona Impex and Traders Pvt. Ltd.	

.No.	Para No.Observation/Recommendation of JPC	Reply of Govern	ment/Action Tak	en	Further Progress
		7. M/s. Noted Infotech Pvt. Ltd	d.		
		8. R C Gupta & Co. Pvt. Ltd.			
		9. M/s. Sanyo Finance & Inve			
		10. M/s. Saral Website and Exi			
		11. M/s. Shonkh Technologies			
		12. M/s. Spectrum.com Pvt. Lte	d.		
		13. M/s. Zodiac.com Pvt. Ltd.			
		Adjudication against other en			
		Adjudication orders have been		other entities.	
		The details of the orders are give			
		Name of Entity	Date of	Penalty	
			Order	Imposed	
		M/s. A Nitin Capital Services Ltd.	11th March, 2005	(Rs.) 50,000/-	
		M/s. Rajkar Electricals &	14th March, 2005		
		Electronics Pvt. Ltd.	,	15,000/-	
		Shri Baldev Raj	29th April, 2005	15,000/-	
		M/s. Harpal Associates Pvt. Ltd.	31st May, 2005	15,000/-	
		The penalties are yet to be paid	d.		
		Actions against Brokers			
		Enquiry reports have been rece	eived against 8 bro	kers, Orders	
		against two of them have been			
		November, 2003, Latin Minarlalh			
		and vide order dated 23rd Febr			
		suspended for 2 years).	,		
		Enquiry reports have been recei	ived against Hem S	Securities and	
		Milan Mahendra. Hearing for th			
		completed. Orders under prepa	aration.		
		Enquiry reports have been ree	ceived against 4 o	other broking	
		entities. The details of the sam	e are given below:	:	
		Name of	Date of	Reco-	
		Intermediary	Enquiry	mmendation	
			Report	of Enquiry	
				Officer	
		M/s. A Nitin Capital Services Ltd.	31st May, 2005	Censure	
		M/s. Agroy Finance	o	•	
		and Investment Ltd.	31st May, 2005	Censure	
			31st May, 2005 20th June, 2005 29th June, 2005	Censure Censure No Penalty	

No. Para No. Observation/Recommendation of JPC	Reply of Government/Action Taken	Further Progress
	The same are under consideration.	
	Actions against other entities:	
	Show cause notices issued against Money Growth Investment	
	and Consultants Pvt. Ltd. on 26th September, 2004, Shamit	
	Finvest Pvt. Ltd. on 24th September, 2004 and Shonkh	
	Technologies International Ltd. on 17th September, 2004. Money	
	Growth Investment and Consultants Pvt. Ltd., replied vide their	
	letter dated 25th October, 2004, Shonkh Technologies	
	International Ltd. replied vide their letter dated 8th October, 2004	
	and Shamit Finvest Pvt. Ltd. replied vide their letter dated 12th	
	October, 2004. As per their request, inspection of documents	
	has been provided to Money Growth and Shonkh Technologies	
	in April 2005. Subsequently, Shonkh Technologies and Money	
	Growth have sought copies of documents. The same are being	
	provided.	
	Further, Show Cause Notices dated 17th May, 2005 under Section	
	11B of SEBI Act issued against the following 8 entities:	
	1. Mukesh Gupta	
	2. FNS Consultants Pvt. Ltd.	
	3. Baldev Raj	
	4. Rajkar Electricals & Electronics Ltd.	
	5. Gopi Ram Gupta	
	6. Harpal Associates Pvt. Ltd.	
	7. Baldev Harish Elect Pvt. Ltd. and	
	8. Ms. Simmy Gupta	
	Reply has been received from Ms. Simmi Gupta (on behalf of	
	Ms. Simmi Gupta and Shri Gopi Ram Gupta) vide her letter dated	
	16th June, 2005 and the same is under examination. Replies	
	from other entities have not been received so far.	
	Actions relating to Listing of shares on BSE and DSE	
	BSE and DSE were advised to investigate into the listing of shares	
	on their exchanges in August 2000. BSE and DSE have	
	submitted their reports. The same have been perused and issue	
	of SCN to DSE has been approved in April 2005. Draft SCN has	
	been prepared and is under legal vetting.	
	Ranbaxy Laboratories Ltd.	
	Against promoter group entities/company	
	i) 11 B action against Vidyut Investment Ltd Show cause	

5I.NO.	Para No. Observation/Recommendation of JPC	Reply of Government/Action Taken	Further Progress
		notice was issued to Vidyut Investment Ltd., a subsidiary of	
		Ranbaxy Laboratories Ltd., on December 31, 2004. Reply was	
		received on 24th February 2005. The reply is being examined	
		before putting up for personal hearing.	
		Similarly, supplementary Show Cause Notices were issued to	
		the following (Ketan Parekh related) entities on 16th May 2005	
		for their dealings with Vidyut Investments Ltd.:	
		1. Classic Credit Ltd.	
		2. Panther Fincap & Management Services Ltd.	
		The replies have not been received so far.	
		Action against stock brokers	
		Broking entities other than KP entities	
		25 broking entities – Enquiry reports submitted in 24 cases and	
		subsequently show cause notices have been issued to all the 24	
		entities. Replies have been received in response to post enquiry	
		show cause notices from all entities. Personal hearing	
		proceedings are under progress.	
		<u>Global Trust Bank Ltd</u>	
		Action against other entities	
		Reply to show cause notice issued under section 11 of SEBI Act,	
		1992 has been received from the following 14 entities. The	
		hearing before the Member – SEBI is scheduled on July 27 and	
		28,2005	
		 20th Century Securities Ltd. 	
		2. Ashok Mittal	
		3. Ashok Mittal & Co.	
		4. Brentfield Holdings Ltd.	
		5. Claridges Investment and Finance Pvt. Ltd.	
		6. Kallar Kahar (sub account of FII – CSFB)	
		7. European Investments Ltd.	
		8. Far East Investments Ltd.	
		9. Kensington Investments Ltd.	
		10. Phulchand Sons Investmets	
		11. RP&C International A/c Coral Reef Inv. Co. Pvt. Ltd.	
		12. TCFC Securities Ltd.	
		13. Vidyut Invt.	
		14. DITC/DBMG (sub account of DITC)	
		Aftek Infosys Ltd	
		1. Progress of enquiry proceedings against the brokers is as	
		follows:	

No. Para No. Observation/Recommendation of JPC	R	eply of Government/Action Taken	Further Progress
	Broker	Status	
	Hem Securities	Enquiry proceedings were initiated on 3.10.2001.	
	Ltd	Enquiry officer submitted the report on 3.7.2003	
		recommending the suspension of registration	
		for a period of two years. Hearing was granted	
		to Hem Securites on 12/01/2004 by ex-Whole	
		Time Member. After his retirement, the matter	
		is proposed to be heard de-novo.	
	Milan Mahendra	Enquiry proceedings were initiated on 3.10.2001.	
	Securities	Enquiry officer submitted the report on 3.7.2003	
	P∨t Ltd	recommending the suspension of registration	
		for a period of two years. Hearing was granted	
		to Milan Mahendra on 14/06/2004 by ex-Whole	
		Time Member. After his retirement, the matter	
		is proposed to be heard de-novo.	
	2. Progress o follows:	f action under Section 11B of SEBI Act is as	
	Name of entity	Status	
	Mividha	Show cause notice was issued on 30/9/2002	
	Investments Ltd	asking them to show cause why suitable	
		directions including a direction restraining from	
		accessing the capital market/buying, selling or	
		dealing in securities for a particular duration	
		should not be passed against them. Hearing	
		was granted on 22/10/2003 by ex-Whole Time	
		Member. After his retirement, the matter is	
		proposed to be heard de-novo.	
	Vidyut	Show cause notice was issued on 5/2/2003	
	Investment Ltd	asking them to show cause why suitable	
		directions including a direction restraining from	
		accessing the capital market/buying, selling or	
		dealing in securities for a particular duration	
		should not be passed against them. Hearing	
		was granted on 17/6/2003 by ex-Whole Time	
		Member. After his retirement, the matter is	
		proposed to be heard de-novo.	
	2 SERIvido ord	er dated March 8, 2004 prohibited the promoters of	

3. SEBI vide order dated March 8, 2004 prohibited the promoters of

SI.No.	Para No. Observation/Recommendation of JPC	R	eply of Government/Action Taken	Further Progress
		period of one year SEBI order. Zee Telefilms L Progress of end entities, who aid	quiry proceedings initiated against the broking led and abetted Ketan Parekh entities in market y entering into structured and synchronized	
		BIOKING PVI LIU	no penalty.	
		Mukesh Babu Securities Ltd	Enquiry initiated on 20/10/2004. Enquiry officer submitted the report on May 24, 2005 recommending suspension of broking registration for a period of one month. Based on the recommendation, show cause notice was issued on June 7, 2005 asking them why action should not be taken against them as recommended by the Enquiry officer. Reply received from them is being examined before putting up for personal hearing before Whole Time Member.	
		Mangal Keshav Shares & Stock Brokers Ltd	Enquiry initiated on 20/10/2004. Enquiry proceedings under progress.	
		Milan Mahendra Ltd	Enquiry initiated on 20/10/2004. Enquiry proceedings under progress.	
		Visaria Securities Pvt Ltd	Enquiry initiated on 20/10/2004. Enquiry officer submitted the report on May 31, 2005 recommending no penalty.	
		under Sections to show cause restraining from	ice was i ssued to Zee Tele-Films on 22.3.2005 11(4)(b) and 11B of SEBI Act 1992 asking them why suitable directions including a direction accessing the capital market/buying, selling or ties for a particular duration should not be passed	

I.No.	Para No. Observation/Recommendation of JPC	R	eply of Government/Action Taken	Further Progress
		against them.	Zee Tele-Film sought list of documents and	
		material relied	upon by SEBI. Accordingly, their authorized	
		•	s have inspected the documents at SEBI office	
		on June 10, 200	05. Further documents as desired by them were	
		given to them o	n July 11, 2005. Reply to the show cause notice	
		awaited.		
		-	t Essel Group (promoters of Zee Tele-Films):	
			otice issued to 6 promoters of Zee Tele-Films on	
			005. The promoter companies have sought list of	
			material relied upon by SEBI. Accordingly, their	
		•	resentatives have inspected the documents at	
			June 10, 2004. Further documents as desired by	
		•	n on July 11, 2005. Reply to the show cause notice	
		awaited.		
		-	vstems Ltd (now new name GTL Ltd)	
			nquiry proceedings initiated against the stock	
			ng and abetting Ketan Parekh entities in market	
			by entering into structured and synchronized	
		dealings is as fo		
		Broker	Status of enquiry proceedings in the case of	
			Global Tele-systems Ltd	
		1. Vyomit Stock & Investment		
		Pvt Ltd.	under progress.	
		TVI LIG.		
		2. Omega	Enquiry initiated on 20/10/2004. Enquiry proceedings	
		Equities Pvt Ltd.		
		•		
		3. Mangal	Enquiry initiated on 20/10/2004. Enquiry proceedings	
		Keshav Shares	under progress.	
		& Stock Brokers		
		Ltd.		
			Enquiry initiated on 20/10/2004. Enquiry officer	
		J Dalal	submitted the report on May 19, 2005 recommending	
			suspension of broking registration for a period of three months. Based on the recommendation, show	
			cause notice issued on May 24, 2005 asking them	

SI.No.	Para No. Observation/Recommendation of JPC	R	eply of Government/Action Taken	Further Progress
			why action should not be taken against them as recommen-ded by the Enquiry officer. Reply received from them is being examined before putting up for personal hearing before Whole Time Member.	
		5. Hem Securities Ltd	Enquiry initiated on 20/10/2004. Enquiry proceedings under progress.	
		6. Latin Manharlal Securities Pvt Ltd	Enquiry initiated on 20/10/2004. Enquiry officer submitted the report on May 19, 2005 recommending suspension of broking registration for a period of one month. Based on the recommendation, show cause notice issued on June 7, 2005 asking them why action should not be taken against them as recommended by the Enquiry officer. Reply received from them is being examined before putting up for personal hearing before Whole Time Member.	
		7. Mukesh Babu Securities Ltd	Enquiry initiated on 20/10/2004. Enquiry officer submitted the report on May 24, 2005 recommending suspension of broking registration for a period of one month. Based on the recommendation, show cause notice issued on June 7, 2005 asking them why action should not be taken against them as recommended by the Enquiry officer. Reply received from them is being examined before putting up for personal hearing before Whole Time Member.	
		8. Milan Mahendra Securities Pvt Ltd	Enquiry initiated on 20/10/2004. Enquiry proceedings under progress.	
		9. Visaria Securities Pvt Ltd	Enquiry initiated on 20/10/2004. Enquiry officer submitted its report on May 31, 2005 recommending no penalty.	
		10. Pravin V Shah Stock Broking	Enquiry initiated on 20/10/2004. Enquiry officer submitted the report on May 31, 2005 recommending minor penalty of censure. Show cause notice issued on June 7, 2005 asking them why action should not be taken against them as recommended by the Enquiry officer. Reply received from them is being examined before putting up for personal hearing before Whole Time Member.	

No. Para No. Observation/Recommendation of JPC	R	eply of Government/Action Taken	Further Progress
	11. Woodstock Securities Pvt Ltd	Enquiry initiated on 22/11/2004. Enquiry officer submitted the report dated June 30, 2005 recommend-ing no penalty.	
	on January to show cau restraining i or dealing i be passed They have them is be hearing bef 2. Progress of brokers for market ma	Ltd. Se Notice issued under Section 11 B of SEBI Act 4, 2005 to Abhinav Investments Ltd asking them use why suitable directions including a direction from accessing the capital market/buying, selling in securities for a particular duration should not against them. Reply received on May 6, 2005. sought personal hearing. Reply received from ing examined before putting up for personal fore Whole Time Member. of enquiry proceedings initiated against stock ading and abetting Ketan Parekh entities in anipulation by entering into structured and ed dealings is as follows:	
	Broker	Status in the case of Adani Exports Ltd	
	1.Omega Equities P∨t Ltd	Enquiry initiated on 20/10/2004. Enquiry proceedings under progress.	
	2. Woodstock Broking Pvt Ltd	Enquiry initiated on 22/11/2004. Enquiry officer submitted the report recommending no penalty.	
	3. Chandravadan J Dalal	Enquiry initiated on 20/10/2004. Enquiry officer submitted the report on May 19, 2005 recommending suspension of broking registration for a period of three months. Based on the recommendation, show cause notice issued on May 24, 2005 asking them why action should not be taken against them as recommended by the Enquiry officer. Reply received from them is being examined before putting up for personal hearing before Whole Time Member.	
	4. Hem Securities Ltd	Enquiry proceedings under progress. Enquiry initiated on 20/10/2004.	

SI.No.	Para No. Observation/Recommendation of JPC	R	eply of Government/Action Taken	Further Progress
		5. Latin Manharlal Securities Pvt Ltd	Enquiry initiated on 20/10/2004. Enquiry officer submitted the report on May 19, 2005 recommending suspension of broking registration for a period of one month. Based on the recommendation, show cause notice issued on June 7, 2005 asking them why action should not be taken against them as recommended by the Enquiry officer. Reply received from them is being examined before putting up for personal hearing before Whole Time Member.	
		6. Milan Mahendra Securities Pvt Ltd	Enquiry initiated on 20/10/2004. Enquiry proceedings under progress.	
		7. Visaria Securities Pvt Ltd	Enquiry initiated on 20/10/2004. Enquiry officer submitted its report on May 31, 2005 recommending no penalty.	
		8. Pravin V Shah Stock Broking	Enquiry initiated on 20/10/2004. Enquiry officer submitted the report on May 31, 2005 recommending minor penalty of censure. Show cause notice issued on June 7, 2005 asking them why action should not be taken against them as recommended by the Enquiry officer. Reply received from them is being examined before putting up for personal hearing before Whole Time Member.	
		9. Keynote Capitals Ltd	Enquiry initiated on 20/10/2004. Enquiry officer submitted the report on May 24, 2005 recommending suspension of broking registration for a period of one month. Show cause notice issued on June 7, 2005 asking them why action should not be taken against them as recommen-ded by the Enquiry officer. Their request for inspection of documents is being examined.	
		against the Moneycare Securities	aceedings were also initiated on October 20, 2004 bookers - Prerak Capital, JBS Securities Ltd, Securities & Financial Services Ltd, Madhuvan Pvt Ltd and Investmart India Ltd for violation of 4 of SEBI (Prohibition of Fraudulent and Unfair	

SI.No.	Para No. Observation/Recommendation of JPC	Reply of Government/Action Taken	Further Progress
		Trade Practices Relating to Securities Market), Regulations,	
		1995 and regulation 7 read with Schedule II of SEBI (Stock	
		Brokers) Rules & Regulations, 1992. Enquiry proceedings	
		under progress.	
	4	4. Show cause notice dated January 3, 2005 under Section	
		11B issued to following 7 promoters entities of Adani Export	
		asking them to show cause why suitable directions including	
		a direction restraining from accessing the capital market/	
		buying, selling or dealing in securities for a particular duration	
		should not be passed against them:	
		a. Adani Agro Ltd	
		b. Adani Impex Ltd	
		c. Shahi Property Developers Ltd	
		d. Adani Properties Ltd	
		e. Advance Exports Ltd	
		f. Intercontinental India	
		g. Crown International	
	I	Promoter entities have sought further documents and inspection	
	(of documents relied upon by SEBI. Additional documents were	
		given to them on July 1, 2005.	
		Himachal Futuristic Communications Ltd (HFCL)	
		Actions against HFCL and its promoters/associate	
		companies and their directors	
	(Quasi judicial proceedings are initiated against HFCL, 14	
	•	promoters/associate companies and their 52 directors.	
		The HFCL, promoter companies and their directors have sought	
		list of documents and material relied upon by SEBI. Accordingly,	
		authorized representatives of following entities have inspected	
	(documents on various dates at SEBI office viz. October 25, 2004,	
		November 2, 2004, November 24, 2004, November 25, 2004,	
	I	November 29, 2004 and December 3, 2004:	
		1. Himachal Futuristic Communications Ltd	
		2. HFCL Trade Invest Ltd	
		3. HFCL Infotel Ltd	
		4. Mr.Vinay Maloo, director of HFCL	
		5. Mr.Mahendra Nahata, director of HFCL	

Io. Para No.Observation/Recommendation of JPC	F	Reply of Government/Action Taken	Further Progress
	6. Dr.Deepal	Malhotra, director of HFCL	
		id, director of HFCL	
	•	Kapoor, director of HFCL	
		oushal, director of HFCL	
	10. Mr.B B Ch	adha, director of HFCL	
	11. Dr.R M Ka	stia, director of HFCL	
	12. Y S Chauc	Ihary, director of HFCL	
	Further, autho	rized representatives of following 12 promoter	
	companies ha	ve taken inspection of documents on December	
		December 24, 2004:	
	1. Toplight Vi		
	2. Vinson Bro		
		ade & Commerce Pvt Ltd	
		s Promotion Pvt Ltd	
	5. ClassicSe		
		er & Industries Ltd	
		ales Promotion Pvt Ltd	
		m Merchants Pvt Ltd	
	9. Kalyan Vya		
		Merchandise Pvt Ltd	
		mmercial Pvt Ltd	
	12. Burlington		
		by them, SEBI vide letter dated January 14, 2005	
		es of documents which have been relied upon by	
		nce. The above entities and their directors have	
		to reply to the show cause notice within 15 days.	
	-	hem further documents were given on March 11,	
		ve entities now replied to the show cause notice	
		5 and June 6, 2005. They have sought a personal	
		the appropriate authority of SEBI. 2. Progress of	
		edings initiated against stock brokers for aiding	
	and abetting k	Ketan Parekh entities in market manipulation by	
	entering into st	ructured and synchronized dealings is as follows:	
	Broker	Status in the case of HFCL	
	1.Chandravadan	Enquiry initiated on 20/10/2004. Enquiry officer	
	J Dalal	submitted its report on May 19, 2005 recommending	
		suspension of broking registration for a period of	
		three months. Based on the recommendation, show	
		and a sting include May 04,0005 and in a thoras	

cause notice issued on May 24, 2005 asking them

SI.No.	Para No. Observation/Recommendation of JPC	R	Reply of Government/Action Taken	Further Progress
			why action should not be taken against them as recommen-ded by the Enquiry officer. Reply received from them is being examined before putting up for personal hearing before Whole Time Member.	
		2. Hem Securities Ltd	Enquiry initiated on 20/10/2004. Enquiry proceedings under progress.	
		3. Indsec Securities & Finance Ltd	Enquiry initiated on 20/10/2004. Enquiry proceedings under progress.	
		4. Keynote Capitals Ltd	Enquiry initiated on 20/10/2004. Enquiry officer submitted its report on May 24, 2005 recommending suspension of broking registration for a period of one month. Show cause notice issued on June 7, 2005 asking them why action should not be taken against them as recommended by the Enquiry officer. Their request for inspection of documents is being examined.	
		5. Latin Manharlal Securities Pvt Ltd	Enquiry initiated on 20/10/2004. Enquiry officer submitted its report on May 19, 2005 recommending suspension of broking registration for a period of one month. Based on the recommendation, show cause notice issued on June 7, 2005 asking them why action should not be taken against them as recommended by the Enquiry officer. Reply received from them is being examined before putting up for personal hearing before Whole Time Member.	
		6. Mangal Keshav Shares & Stock Brokers Ltd	Enquiry initiated on 20/10/2004. Enquiry proceedings under progress.	
		7. Milan Mahendra Securities Pvt Ltd	Enquiry initiated on 20/10/2004. Enquiry Proceedings under progress.	
		8. Millenium Equities (I) Pvt Ltd	Enquiry initiated on 20/10/2004. Enquiry officer submitted the report on June 30, 2005 recommending no penalty.	
		Equities (I)	submitted the report on June 30, 2005	

No. Para No. Observation/Recommendation of JPC	R	eply of Government/Action Taken	Further Progress
	9. Aldan Investment Pvt Ltd	Enquiry initiated on 20/10/2004. Enquiry officer submitted the report on June 30, 2005 recommending no penalty.	
	10. Mukesh Babu SecuritiesLtd	Enquiry initiated on 20/10/2004. Enquiry officer submitted its report on May 24, 2005 recommending suspension of broking registration for a period of one month. Based on the recommendation, show cause notice issued on June 7, 2005 asking them why action should not be taken against them as recommended by the Enquiry officer. Reply received from them is being examined before putting up for personal hearing before Whole Time Member.	
	11. Omega Equities Pvt Ltd	Enquiry initiated on 20/10/2004. Enquiry proceedings under progress	
	12. Pravin V Shah Stock Broking	Enquiry initiated on 20/10/2004. Enquiry officer submitted its report on May 31, 2005 recommending minor penalty of censure. Show cause notice issued on June 7, 2005 asking them why action should not be taken against them as recommended by the Enquiry officer. Reply received from them is being examined before putting up for personal hearing before Whole Time Member.	
	13. Subhkam Securities	Enquiry initiated on 20/10/2004. Enquiry officer submitted its report dated December 29, 2004 recommending no penalty.	
	14. Vidyut Devendrakumar	Enquiry initiated on 20/10/2004. Enquiry officer submitted its report on May 24, 2005 recommending suspension of broking registration for a period of one month. Show cause notice issued on June 7, 2005 asking them why action should not be taken against them as recommended by the Enquiry officer. Their reply is awaited.	
	15. Visaria Securities Pvt Ltd	Enquiry initiated on 20/10/2004. Enquiry officer submitted the report on May 31, 2005 recommending no penalty.	

No. Para No.Observation/Recommendation of JPC	Reply of Government/Action Taken	Further Progress
	16. Vyomit StockEnquiry initiated on 20/10/2004. Enquiry proceedings& InvestmentPvt Ltdunder progress.	
	17. Woodstock Enquiry initiated on 22/11/2004. Enquiry officer Broking Pvt Ltd submitted the report on June 29, 2005 recommending no penalty.	
	18. Woodstock Enquiry initiated on 22/11/2004. Enquiry officer Securities PvtLtd submitted the report on June 30, 2005 recommending no penalty.	
	Based on the findings of investigations in the case of HFCL, Zee Telefilms Ltd, Adani Exports Ltd and Global Tele-Systems Ltd, a consolidated show-cause notice dated January 31, 2005 has been issued to Shri Ketan Parekh, Shri Kartik Parekh and 9 entities connected with them viz. Panther Fincap & Management Services Ltd, Classic Credit Ltd, Panther Investrade Ltd, Classic Infin Ltd, Saimangal Investrade Ltd, Chitrakut Computers Pvt Ltd, Luminant Investments Pvt Ltd, Goldfish Computers Pvt Ltd and Nakshatra Software Pvt Ltd. They have been asked to show cause why suitable directions including a direction restraining from accessing the capital market/buying, selling or dealing in securities for a particular duration should not be issued against them. Ketan Parekh entities were granted inspection of documents relied upon by SEBI on 17/5/2005 and 18/5/2005. As desired by them, copies of additional documents, apart from the documents already given while issuing show cause notice, were given to them on July 11, 2005. Reply to the show cause notice awaited. Cyberspace Ltd Investigation Report in the case of M/s Renaissance Securities Ltd. and other brokers has been approved on May 09, 2005. Follow up actions in this regard are under progress. The SCNs are served on the following entities : 1. M/s Cyberspace Ltd. : April 08, 2005 2. M/s Century Consultants Ltd. : April 08, 2005. The SCN to Ms. Vandana Srivastava is being served. First Global Stock Broking Ltd. The matter is yet to come up for hearing before the Hon'ble High Court.	

Io. Para No. Observation/Recommendation of JPC	Reply of Government/Action Taken	Further Progress
	SSI Ltd.	
	Enquiry proceedings have been completed against the following	
	entities on April 30, 2005:	
	 Classic Share and Stock Broking Services Ltd. 	
	 Triumph International Finance India Ltd. 	
	Triumph Securities Ltd.	
	The Enquiry Officer has recommended suspension of registration	
	certificate for a period of 6 months in all the three cases. Since	
	the registration certificates of these entities have already been	
	cancelled, a view is being taken regarding the same.	
	SAT, in its combined order dated April 15, 2005 in the matter of	
	SSI Ltd. and Silverline Technologies Ltd. has set aside the	
	Adjudication Order levying penalty of Rs.1,00,000/- on M/s Milan	
	Mahendra Securities Pvt. Ltd. in one case whereas reduced the	
	penalty from Rs. 1,00,000/- to Rs.10,000/- in the other which	
	has already been deposited by the broker.	
	M/s Triumph International Finance Ltd. has appealed against	
	the adjudication order before SAT levying penalty of Rs. 1,00,000.	
	The process of issuing directions against the three promoters of	
	SSI Ltd. and three individuals for violation of the provisions of	
	SCRA is under progress.	
	Silverline Ltd.	
	The enquiry proceedings against the 5 broking entities are in	
	progress.	
	M/s Silverline Technologies Ltd. has paid the penalty of	
	Rs.19,00,000/- on March 15, 2005. Further, penalty of	
	Rs.1,50,000/-, as per the Order of SAT dated July 09, 2004 has	
	been paid by M/s Subra Maritius Ltd. and M/s Shreyas Holdings	
	Ltd. on June 29, 2005.	
	As mentioned above, SAT, in its combined Order dated April 15,	
	2005 in the matter of SSI Ltd. and Silverline Technologies Ltd.	
	has set aside the adjudication order levying penalty of Rs.1,00,000/	
	- on M/s Milan Mahendra Securities Pvt. Ltd. in one case whereas	
	reduced the penalty from Rs. 1,00,000/- to Rs.10,000/- in the other	
	which has already been deposited by the broker.	
	M/s Latin Manharlal Securities Pvt. Ltd. and M/s Triumph	
	International Finance Ltd. have appealed against the adjudication	
	orders before SAT levying penalties of Rs.2,00,000/- and	
	Rs.1,00,000/- on them respectively.	

	Observation/Recommendation of JPC	Reply of Government/Action Taken	Further Progress
2. 4.44	The various acts of omission and commission having been clearly established, the Committee urge that the Government should take all necessary steps to finalize proceedings against Ketan Parekh entities and to ensure that suitable action is taken against them without delay. The Committee also urge that expeditious action should be taken to ascertain the facts regarding the Swiss bank account of Shri Ketan Parekh and to follow up the matter.	 As reported in May, 2003 SEBI has indicated that the action taken by SEBI against Ketan Parekh entities for involvement in price manipulation of certain scrips, inter-alia, include debarring Ketan Parekh and all entities connected with him from undertaking any fresh business as stock broker/merchant banker and cancellation of the certificate of registration of Triumph International Finance (I) Ltd., one of the broking entities of Ketan Parekh. Prosecution proceedings against Ketan Parekh entities are being initiated for the violation of securities laws. CBI have intimated that the chargesheet in the case relating to Bank of India has already been filed in the competent court. Regarding Madhavpura Mercantile Cooperative bank, investigation is at an advanced stage and is Ikely to be finalized shortly. Regarding Swiss Bank accounts of Ketan Parekh, the Swiss authorities had intimated in December, 2002 that the Letter Rogatory sent in this matter cannot be executed because of the directions of the High Court at Zurich. Enforcement Directorate have intimated that certain OCB's which SEBI has designated as KP entities, have already been charged for offences under FERA/FEMA through issue of SCN, as, has been pointed out in the JPC report. The Adjudicating Authority has been advised to expedite the proceedings. As reported in December 2003 Enforcement Directorate has issued Show Cause Notices for contraventions of the provisions of FERA/FEMA to the following OCB's designated by SEBI as KP entities: - Global Trust Bank, the custodian in all the cases. Brentfield Holdings Ltd. (WHL) Far East Investment Corp. Ltd (FIL) Kasnigton Investments Ltd. (KIL) In all these cases, the matter is now at the adjudication stage. The Adjudicating Authority has been advised to expedite the proceedings. In additions, a fresh reference was received by the Enforcement Directorate from the RBI dated 9.01.03 regarding	Out of 6 Show Cause Notices, 2 Sho Cause Notices under Foreign Exchang Management Act have been adjudicate In one of the Show Cause Notice charges were dropped and in other Sho Cause Notice total penalties of Rs.1.4 crores were imposed. In addition to above, 2 more Show Cau Notices under FEMA were issued. Sho Cause Notices issued to TIFL and in Directors including Ketan Parekh have been adjudicated imposing total pena of Rs.1.40 crores. The other Show Cau Notice issued to M/s Greenfie Investment Ltd. is pending adjudication

No. Para No. Observation/Recommendation of JPC	Reply of Government/Action Taken	Further Progress
	designated by SEBI as a KP entity. Investigation by the Directorate	
	of Enforcement has so far revealed that the company and its	
	Directors Shri Jatian Sarviya and Shri Ketan Parekh appear to	
	have violated the provisions of Section 3(a) r/w Section 2(v)(iv)	
	of FEMA r/w Regulation 3 of Foreign Exchange Mangement	
	(Transfer or Issue of any Foreign Security Regulations 2000) by	
	divesting the holding of their Mauritius Subsidiary International	
	Holdings (Triumph) Ltd. in the UK subsidiary, for a total	
	consideration of US\$ 7,25,000/- without the approval of the RBI.	
	The investigation is being pursued.	
	With regard to completion of the investigation by Income Tax	
	Department in Ketan Parekh Group of cases in which a search	
	was conducted by the Department in March 2001, investigation/	
	assessment proceedings have been completed in October 2003	
	and undisclosed income has been assessed at Rs.1,993.26 crore	
	raising the tax demand of Rs.1365.37 crore.	
	As regards Madhavpura Mercantile Cooperative Bank Ltd. case,	
	investigation in India has been completed and order of Head Office	
	of CBI on the investigation report since been communicated to	
	the branch. Charge sheet in the case would be filed shortly.	
	As reported in June, 2004	
	The chargesheet in the case relating to complaint of Bank of	
	India has already been filed in the competent court. As regards	
	Madhavpura Mercantile Cooperative Bank Ltd. case, investigation	
	in India has been completed and Charge sheet in the case has	
	been filed in the court of Chief Metropolitan Magistrate,	
	Ahmedabad on 1.12.2003.	
	Enforcement Directorate has informed that out of 6 Show Cause	
	Notices (SCNs) issued to these companies, two SCNs have been	
	adjudicated. As a result of Adjudication penalty has been imposed	
	in one SCN. In the other case, charge was not established.	
	As regards finalisation of proceedings by the Income Tax	
	Department against Ketan Parekh, the position has been	
	explained in reply to para No.4.42.	
	As reported in December, 2004	
	The omissions and commissions which have been established	
	are mainly relating to banking regulation and share market	
	regulations. The tax implications of the transactions were examined	
	during the block assessments and the regular assessments.	

SI. No. Para No. Observatio	n/Recommendation of JPC	Reply of Government/Action Taken	Further Progress
	Af	ter making investigations, block assessments have since been	
	fin	alized. Assessments have been finalized on discrepancies found	
	int	the accounts wherein substantial additions of undisclosed income	
	ha	ave been made after getting the accounts audited u/s 142 (2A).	
	Th	ne Appellate Authority has also upheld substantial addition of	
	un	idisclosed income computed by the Assessing Officer.	
	In	addition, other scrutiny assessments were also completed in	
	Se	eptember, 2003 after getting the accounts audited u/s 142 (2A).	
	Fu	irther, some assessments were also completed in March, 2004.	
	Fi	rst appeals for the cases completed in September, 2003 have	
	be	een disposed off in March, 2004.	
	Th	ne details of Swiss Bank Account of Sh. Ketan Parekh were	
	ca	Iled for from the CBI. The Additional Director, CBI, New Delhi	
	inf	formed Member (Inv.), CBDT, New Delhi vide his D.O. No.1420/	
	4/3	39/2001-BSFC/LO dated 21.5.2003 as under:	
		"Office of the District Public Prosecutor-IV of Canton Zurich	
	vic	de letter dated 29.10.2002 through Embassy of India intimated	
	tha	at the High Court of Zurich had granted appeal against the	
	Of	der dated 24.4.2002 of District Public Prosecutor-IV of Zurich,	
	in	pursuance of which they could not transfer the details of the	
	ac	count of Firm Elista Ltd., Nassau, Bahamas to India. The office	
	of	the Public Prosecutor-IV of Canton Zurich was also directed	
	by	the High Court to intimate the Indian authorities that no money	
	of	MMCB derived from the illegal accounts of the ten firms in	
	wh	hich Mr. K. Parekh has been holding shares has been	
	tra	ansferred to the Accounts in question for which the Indian request	
	foi	r legal assistance dated 25.9.2001 was forwarded. It has also	
	be	en intimated that from the documents examined by the High	
	Co	ourt, it has been found that all transfers have been done as	
	се	rtificates before 4.7.2000. Therefore, they have concluded that	
	do	ocuments of Elista cannot prove any over due credit gone to	
	MI	MCB."	
	In	view of this position, the Income Tax Department is not in	
	ро	ossession of any material relating to the Swiss account and no	
	ad	Idition could be made on this account.	
	Er	nforcement Directorate has informed that on completion of	
	inv	vestigation a Show Cause Notice has been issued on 03.9.2004	
	to	M/s Triumph International Finance (India) Ltd. and others.	
	As	s reported in July, 2005	

SI. No. Para No. Observation/Recommendation of JPC	Reply of Government/Action Taken	Further Progress
	CBDT have informed that the CCIT(Central-I), Mumbai had been	
	requested to expedite the ten cases which are pending before	
	CIT(A) in which an amount of Rs. 938.29 lakhs is disputed. The	
	Income Tax Department has also requested the ITAT to take up	
	the pending cases on priority. It has also been reported that	
	there has not been any significant progress in the collection of	
	outstanding tax arrears due to following reasons:	
	 Shri Ketan Parekh is a notified person under Section 	
	3(1) of the Special Court Act, 1992. Recovery of taxes	
	from him can only be through the Special Court.	
	 Ketan Parekh and his eight concerns have been barred by 	
	SEBI from trading for 14 years. Besides, the SEBI has	
	cancelled the registration of his main concerns.	
	The Debt Recovery Tribunal has initiated proceedings in	
	respect of some of the individuals and 6 major concerns	
	of the group. Recovery of taxes from such concerns is	
	subject to proceedings before the Debt Recovery Tribunal.	
	• The claim of the Department has been rejected by the	
	DRT. On the recommendations of Ministry of Law &	
	Justice, the Deparment is considering filing Writ Petition	
	against the order the DRAT.	
	Shri Ketan Parekh & Shri Navinchandra Parekh are both	
	notified persons. Even though only these two persons	
	have been notified under the Special Court (TORTS) Act,	
	1992, the Custodian, however, is objecting to recovery	
	from other entities wherein Shri Ketan Parekh or	
	Navinchandra Parekh have any interest or connection.	
	• Some of the sundry debtors have been summoned and	
	examined. As per the details filed before the Tax Recovery	
	Officer (TRO), the accounts were settled long back.	
	Therefore, there is no possibility of recovery from these	
	sundry debtors. However, summons have been issued in	
	some more cases for further examination.	
	 An amount of Rs. 938.29 lakh is disputed before the CIT 	
	(A) and an amount of Rs. 75394.42 lakh is disputed	
	before the ITAT. Cash collection of Rs. 1447 lakh is on	
	account of refund adjustment. The Hon'ble ITAT and	
	CIT (A) have been requested to take up hearings of the	
	pending appeals on priority basis.	
	Regarding Swiss Bank Account of Shri Ketan Parekh, the CBDT	
	have now informed that they have no further records or	

I. No. Para	a No.	Observation/Recommendation of JPC	Reply of Government/Action Taken	Further Progress
3. 4	4.68	The Committee note that the three broking groups belonging to Shri D.K. Singhania, Shri A.K. Poddar and Shri H.C. Biyani were primarily responsible for the payment problem in March 2001 in CSE. Their default in pay-in obligations in three settlements in March -2001 was about Rs.107 crore. D.K Singhania Group and A.K. Poddar Group along with Sanjay Khemani Group received over a period a sum of Rs. 3191 crore from Ketan Parekh entities for taking deliveries on behalf of the latter and had close linkages with Shri Ketan Parekh. The Committee find that these broker groups exploited the weaknesses in the working of Calcutta Stock Exchange as discussed in another section of this Report and built large concentrated position in a few scrips in violation of exposure limits. The brokers' plea of ignorance about the defects in the CSE margin system is not convincing. The Committee urge that the civil and criminal proceedings initiated against the defaulted brokers should be expeditiously completed and the guilty punished at the earliest.	information about the same; hence they are not in possession of any adverse evidence to warrant making addition in the computation of income. In view of above, action from the CBDT on this para may be treated as complete . Enforcement Directorate have informed that the investigation in this matter has already been completed and Show Cause Notices have been issued. Their position is as under: 1. SCN issued 06 2. Total Adjudicated 02 3. Cases pending adjudication 04 As regards the remaining 4 cases pending adjudications, the adjudication proceedings. As reported in May, 2003 Pursuant to investigations against Singhania Group, Poddar Group, Biyani Group and Khemani groups, SEBI has filed prosecutions as follows:	Kolkatta Police have informed that t investigation is in progress. Further, in t interest of this case and justice, t Learned Court was pleased to extend t period of investigation. Some importa points including arrest of abscondi accused persons and recovery incriminating documents from them a being looked into. The process examination of witnesses and seizure material documents/exhibits is bei continued. In the meantime, the Hon't High Court at Calcutta has rejected t applications for revocation of Red Corr Notice issued against accused Dine Dalmia. The writ appeal filed by accus Dinesh Dalmia against such rejection pending before the Division Bench of t Hon'ble High Court at Calcutta. T hearing in respect of Writ Petitions fil by accused Dinesh Dalmia for quashi the FIR of both the cases has since be concluded before the Hon'ble High Co at Calcutta and judgement thereto awaited.

No	. Name of the Case	Filed against	Case No.	Filed at	Date of filing
1.	SEBI vs. Smt Prema Poddar	Prema Poddar	4910/02	Chief Metropolitan Magistrate, Kolkata	November 30, 2002.
2.	SEBI vs. Tripoli Consultancy	Tripoli Consultancy Services Pvt. Ltd.,	4908/02	Chief Metropolitan Magistrate, Kolkata	November 30, 2002.
	Services Pvt. Ltd.	Shri B P Singhania,			
		Shri Pravin Kumar Agarwal			
3.	SEBI vs. Shri Ashok Kumar Poddar	Shri Ashok Kumar Poddar	4909/02	Chief Metropolitan Magistrate, Kolkata	November 30, 2002.
4.	SEBI vs. Shri Raj Kumar Poddar	Shri Raj Kumar Poddar	4911/02	Chief Metropolitan Magistrate, Kolkata	November 30, 2002.
5.	SEBI vs. Shri Ratanlal Poddar	Shri Ratanlal Poddar	4912/02	Chief Metropolitan Magistrate, Kolkata	November 30, 2002.
6.	SEBI vs. Doe Jones Investments	Doe Jones Investments and Consultants Pvt. Ltd.,	4913/02	Chief Metropolitan Magistrate, Kolkata	November 30, 2002.
	and Consultants Pvt. Ltd.	Shri Raj Kr. Patni,			
		Shri Raj Kr. Jain,			
		Shri Gopal Singhania			
7.	SEBI vs. Biyani Securities Pvt. Ltd	Biyani Securities Pvt. Ltd.,	4914/02	Chief Metropolitan Magistrate, Kolkata	November 30, 2002.
	·	Shri Aloke Biyani,			
		Shri Ravindra Biyani			
8.	SEBI vs. Arihant Exim Scrip	Arihant Exim Scrip Pvt. Ltd.,	4915/02	Chief Metropolitan Magistrate, Kolkata	November 30, 2002.
	Pvt. Ltd.	Shri Basudeo Singhania,			
		Shri Sanjay Kr. Jain			
9.	SEBI vs. Shri Dinesh Kr. Singhania	Shri Dinesh Kr. Singhania	4916/02	Chief Metropolitan Magistrate, Kolkata	November 30, 2002.
	SEBI vs. Shri Harish Chandra Biyani	5	4917/02	Chief Metropolitan Magistrate, Kolkata	November 30, 2002.
11.	SEBI vs Sanjay Khemani	Shri Sanjay Khemani	C/1429/03	Chief Metropolitan Magistrate, Kolkata	March 27, 2003
	SEBI vs Sanjay Khemani	Shri Sanjay Khemani	C/1429/03	Chief Metropolitan Magistrate, Kolkata	March 27, 2003
	SEBI vs. N. Khemani	Shri N. Khemani	C/1428/03	Chief Metropolitan Magistrate, Kolkata	March 27, 2003

• Registration of the following stock broking entities of CSE has been cancelled by SEBI under Stock Brokers Regulations:

1. Dinesh Kumar Singhania & Co.

2. Doe Jones Investments & Consultants P Ltd.

- 3. Arihant Exim Scrip P. Ltd.
- 4. Tripoli Consultancy Services Pvt. Ltd.
- 5. Biyani Securities P. Ltd.
- 6. Harish Chandra Biyani
- 7. Raj Kumar Poddar
- 8. Ratan Lal Poddar
- 9. Ashok Kumar Poddar
- 10. Prema Poddar
- SEBI vide order dated October 18, 2002 issued under Section 11 and 11B of the SEBI Act, 1992 debarred following persons from associating with securities market activities and dealing in securities till the completion of investigation proceedings against Shri Ketan Parekh and some entities associated with him. During the period, they have been directed not to buy, sell or deal in the securities market directly or indirectly.
 - 1. Shri Ashok Kumar Poddar
 - 2. Mrs. Prema Poddar
 - 3. Shri Raj Kumar Poddar

4. Shri Ratan Lal Poddar

5. Shri Dinesh Kumar Singhania

- 6. Doe Jones Investments & Consultants Pvt. Ltd.
- 7. Shri Raj Kumar Patni alias Raj Kumar Jain, Director, Doe Jones Investments & Consultants Pvt. Ltd.
- 8. Shri Gopal Singhania alias Gopal Krishna Singhania, Director, Doe Jones Investments & Consultants Pvt. Ltd.
- 9. Arihant Exim Scrip Pvt. Ltd.
- 10. Shri Basudeo Singhania, Director, Arihant Exim Scrip Pvt. Ltd.
- 11. Shri Sanjay Kumar Jain, Director, Arihant Exim Scrip Pvt. Ltd.
- 12. Tripoli Consultancy Services Pvt. Ltd.
- 13. Shri Bhagwati Prasad Singhania, Director, Tripoli Consultancy Services Pvt. Ltd.
- 14. Shri Praveen Kumar Agarwal, Director, Tripoli Consultancy Services Pvt. Ltd.
- 15. Biyani Securities Pvt. Ltd.
- 16. Shri Aloke Biyani, Director, Biyani Securities Pvt. Ltd.
- 17. Shri Ravindra Biyani, Director, Biyani Securities Pvt. Ltd.
- 18. Shri Harish Chandra Biyani

As advised by SEBI, CSE has also filed FIR against Singhania Group, Poddar Group and Biyani Group of brokers with Kolkata Police Authorities (Case Ref. - Hare Street P.S./DD Case no. 476 dated 24.09.2002 U/s 120B/420/409/467 /468 /471/477A IPC).

SI. No. Para No.	Observation/Recommendation of JPC	Reply of Government/Action Taken	Further Progress
	As rep	ported in December 2003	
	Invest	igation of Kolkatta Police is in progress.	
		ported in June, 2004	
	• Sa	anjay Khemani's certificate of registration has been	
		uspended for a period of two years vide SEBI Order dated ebruary 26, 2004.	
	• N.	. Khemani's certificate of registration has been suspended	
	fo	r a period of fourteen months vide SEBI Order dated	
	Fe	ebruary 26, 2004.	
	● In	vestigation of Kolkata Police are in progress.	
	As rep	ported in December, 2004	
	•	s following up with Chief Metropolitan Magistrate, Kolkata	
		rly disposal of prosecution proceedings filed against the 21	
		ns of Singhania Group, Poddar Group, Biyani Group and	
	Khem	ani group of brokers.	
	The re	gistration of two brokers namely, Man Mohan Damani and	
	Shree	Harivansha Securities Pvt. Ltd. has been suspended for	
	six mo	onths for their large scale off-market transaction with three	
	defaul	Iter brokers and with Khemani Group vide order dated July	

Reply of Government/Action Taken

Further Progress

2, 2004 and March 12, 2004 respectively.

Action against the following broker has been taken by SEBI who had done large scale off-market transaction with three defaulter brokers and with Khemani Group:

Name of Broker	SEBI Order Date	Suspension period
AmitabhSonthalia	21.07.2004	4 Months

Kolkatta Police have informed that different officials of SEBI, Banks, ROC, Stock Exchanges, Auditors, officials of CMC Ltd. etc. are being examined with reference to the revelations of various facts, documents and reports. Further follow up actions are being made to complete the investigation at the earliest. The fund flow and its end use among the entities are being verified.

A Red Corned Notice has been issued against Shri Dinesh Dalmia of DSQ Software Ltd. & others who are still absconding.

As reported in July, 2005

Kolkata Police have informed that the investigation made so far has prima-facie proved the allegation of criminal conspiracy and cheating against all the brokering entities connected with Ketan Parekh & Dinesh Dalmia. In all 21 accused persons have been arrested. Although Dinesh Dalmia, one of the key-players behind the fraud perpetrated by the Biyani Group could not be arrested as yet. Some of the accused persons are still absconding. The aspect regarding violation of exposure limits and thereby building up of large concentration position in a few scrips is being further investigated to ascertain how gross exposure margin could remain faulty in the computer system maintained by CMC for a long time.

4. 4.69 Shri H.C. Biyani had deposited 10 lakh

shares of DSQ Software Ltd. as security towards his pay-in dues to CSE on 21.3.2001. It transpired during the Committee's examination that Shri Biyani did not have ownership of those shares when he deposited them and could not have transferred the shares to CSE. It was a fraud on CSE by Shri Biyani CSE has reportedly filed an FIR against Shri Biyani

As reported in May, 2003

SEBI have informed that Biyani Securities Pvt. Ltd., had tendered 10,00,000 shares of DSQ Software to CSE for meeting its pay-in obligations. It was stated by the broker in correspondence to the CSE that these shares were obtained from one of its clients against the dues of the clients towards the broker. However, later, broker changed his version in investigation before SEBI and said that the entity from whom these shares were obtained did not act as client and was merely an entity of a friend who wanted to help

As against Para 4.68

No. Para No	. Observation/Recommendation of JPC	Reply of Government/Action Taken	Further Progress
	and Biyani Securities in this regard. The Committee expect that the matter be investigated and on the basis of outcome thereof, appropriate criminal proceedings	it tide over payment difficulties. However, this was contradicted by the stated friend. Accordingly, criminal proceedings were initiated against Biyani Group by CSE with Detective Department, Kolkata Police vide case Ref Hare Street P.S./DD Case no.	
	will be initiated.	476 on 24.09.2002 u/s 120B/420/409/467/468/471 /477A of IPC. Kolkatta Police have informed that investigation is in progress.	
		As reported in December 2003	
		Investigation of Kolkatta police is in progress.	
		As reported in June, 2004	
		Investigations of Kolkatta Police are in progress.	
		As reported in December, 2004	
		The matter of deposit of ten lacs shares of DSQ Software Ltd. by Shri Harish Chandra Biyani and Biyani Securities Ltd. is under	
		investigation by Kolkata Police. One of the FIR named accused	
		in this case Dinesh Dalmia - promoter of DSQ Group of companies, a proclaimed offender and others who had played	
		role into this matter are still absconding.	
		Alok Biyani, Director of M/s Biyani Securities Pvt. Ltd. and defaulter	
		broker of the Calcutta Stock Exchange, who evaded police arrest since long, was arrested while he was about to leave the country	
		through Netaji Subash Chandra Bose International Airport,	
		Kolkatta. Investigation revealed that Alok Biyani had dishonestly and frequently deposited 10 lakhs shares of DSQ Software as	
		security towards his pay-in dues in CSE on 21.3.2001 with some	
		ulterior motive. These fake shares were shown have been allotted	
		in the names of some bogus companies. He has been produced before the Chief Metropolitan Magistrate, Kolkatta on 1.9.2004	
		and remanded to police custody for fifteen days. Investigations	
		on different aspects are being made. SEBI has informed that the registration of two brokers namely,	
		Man Mohan Damani and Shree Harivansha Securities Pvt. Ltd.	
		has been suspended for six months for their large scale off-market	
		transaction with three defaulter brokers and with Khemani Group vide order dated July 2, 2004 and March 12, 2004 respectively.	
		Action against the following broker has been taken by SEBI who	
		had done large scale off-market transaction with three defaulter	

Reply of Government/Action Taken

Further Progress

No change in the status.

Name of Broker	SEBI	Suspension
	Order Date	period
AmitabhSonthalia	21.07.2004	4 Months

As reported in July, 2005

Kolkatta Police have informed that it has been established during investigation that 10 lakh fictitious shares of DSQ Software Limited was deposited with the CSE for adjustment of the pay-in obligation of M/s Biyani Securities Pvt. Ltd. and Mr. Harish Chandra Biyani, who had various transactions with the associate companies/ entities of DSQ Software Limited. These fake shares, which are the vital exhibits of this case, are yet to be recovered from the absconding accused Dinesh Dalmia and his associates for which their custodial interrogation is required. The 'Red Corner Notice' has already been issued against the said accused Dinesh Dalmia for his apprehension and extradition abroad. The investigation on this part will be completed as soon as the said accused Dinesh Dalmia and his associate for their custodial interrogation in the interest of recovery of the material exhibits and collection of other evidences.

5. 4.117 SEBI has not so far provided conculsive evidence to substantiate its conclusions in regard to the brokers/groups mentioned in Section 3 above. Accordingly, the Committee recommend further investigations in this regard.

As reported in May, 2003

SEBI have informed the following action taken by it.

A. First Global Group

Based on investigation findings in the case of First Global Group, an enquiry was conducted against First Global Stock Broking Pvt. Ltd. (FGSB) and Vruddi Confinvest India Pvt. Ltd. (VCIP). The Enquiry Officer, vide report dated January 09, 2002, recommended cancellation of registration as Stock Broker and Portfolio Manager and cancellation of registration as Sub-broker, granted earlier to FGSB and VCIP.

The Board, in pursuance of the directions of the Hon'ble High Court of Bombay and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 4(2) of SEBI Act, 1992 read with Regulation 13 of SEBI (Prohibition of Fraudulent and Unfair trade practices relating to securities market) Regulations, 1995 read with Regulation 29(3) of SEBI (Stock Brokers and sub-brokers) Regulations, 1992, and Regulation 35 (3) of SEBI (Portfolio Managers) Regulations, 1993,

No. Para No. Observation/Recommendation of JPC	Reply of Government/Action Taken	Further Progress
	cancelled the certificate of Registration granted to FGSB as Stock	
	broker (SEBI Reg. No. INB230722136 and INB010722152) and	
	Portfolio Manager (SEBI Reg. No. INP000000381) and VCIP	
	(SEBI Reg. No. INS010647738/01-07221) as a Sub-broker.	
	Pursuant to Board's order, Prosecution has been filed on January	
	15, 2003 (vide C. C. no 23/S/ 2003) against FGSB, VCIP, Shri.	
	Shankar Sharma and Ms. Devina Mehra, for violating SEBI	
	(Prohibition of Fraudulent and Unfair trade practices relating to	
	securities market) Regulations, 1995.	
	Further, SEBI has filed for Prosecution against FGSB, VCIP, Virta	
	Trade Agencies Pvt. Ltd., First Global Finance Pvt. Ltd., Shri. Shankar	
	Sharma and Ms. Devina Mehra on January 15, 2003 (vide C. C. no	
	23 A /S/ 2003), for non-compliance to SEBI Summons.	
	B. CSFB Securities: Credit Suisse First Boston (I) Securities	
	Pvt. Ltd. (CSFB Securities) had transacted in a big way on behalf	
	of entities connected associated with Ketan Parekh, certain OCBs	
	namely Wakefield, Brentfield, Kensington, FII sub-account-Kallar	
	Kahar Investment Ltd., Mackertich Consultancy Services Pvt. Ltd.	
	and also on its own account.	
	SEBI's investigation have concluded that CSFB Securities and	
	CSFB proprietary account aided and abetted Ketan Parekh entities	
	in putting fictitious and non-genuine trades with a view to create	
	misleading appearance of trading. Credit Suisse First Boston also	
	aided, assisted and abetted Ketan Parekh entities in creating	
	artificial volumes and market in certain scrips through circular	
	trades. Shares were being rotated from one entity belonging to	
	Ketan Parekh to other entities belonging to him. There was no	
	change in beneficial ownership. These transactions were put with	
	a view to induce others to purchase and sell the securities.	
	Based on the findings of investigations, SEBI had issued orders	
	against CSFB asking it not to undertake fresh business as a	
	broker and enquiry proceedings were initiated against the broker.	
	Enquiry proceedings have been completed against the broker	
	and SEBI has suspended the certificate of registration of Credit	
	Suisse First Boston (I) Securities Pvt Ltd (CSFB Securities) to	
	act as a stock broker for the period of two years w.e.f. April 18,2001	
	for aiding, abeting and assisting Ketan Parekh entities in market	
	manipulations.	
	C.DKB Securities: SEBI's investigation have concluded that	

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	Dresdner Kleinwort Benson Securities (India) Ltd., (DKB	
	Securities), a foreign brokerage registered with SEBI aided and	
	abetted Ketan Parekh entities in putting fictitious and non-genuine	
	trades with a view to create misleading appearance of trading	
	and in creating artificial volumes and market in certain scrips	
	through circular trades. Shares were being rotated from one entity	
	belonging to Ketan Parekh to other entities belonging to him.	
	There was no change in beneficial ownership. The transactions	
	were put with a view to induce others to purchase and sell the	
	securities. SEBI conducted enquiry against DKB Securities and	
	Enquiry Officer has recommended suspension of certificate of	
	registration of DKB Securities to act as a stock broker for the	
	period of two years. Show cause notice has been issued.	
	E. Khemani Group	
	The investigation of Khemani Group has revealed the violation	
	of the following provisions by Sanjay Khemani and N Khemani:	
	 Section 19 of Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956 	
	 Regulation 4 (b) of SEBI (Prohibition of Fraudulent and Unfair 	
	Trade Practices relating to Securities Market) Regulations, 1995	
	 Rule 4 (b) of SEBI (Stock brokers and Sub-brokers) Rules, 1992 	
	 Regulation 7 of SEBI (Stock brokers and Sub-brokers) Regulations, 1992 	
	For the above violations, SEBI vide its Order dated January 21,	
	2003 issued under Section 11 & 11B SEBI Act, 1992 has debarred	
	Sanjay Khemani and N. Khemani from associating with securities	
	market activities and dealing in securities till the completion of	
	enquiry proceedings against them and the completion of	
	investigation proceedings against Shri Ketan Parekh and some	
	entities associated with him. During the period they are directed	
	not to buy, sell or deal in the securities market directly or indirectly.	
	H. Bang Group of Entities	
	In the light of the findings of investigation and after considering	
	the findings of the enquiry officer, in exercise of powers conferred	
	upon under Section 4(3) of SEBI Act, 1992 read with Regulation	
	29 (3) of SEBI (Stock Brokers and Sub Brokers) Regulations,	
	1992 read with Regulation 13 of SEBI (Prohibition of Fraudulent	
	and Unfair Trade Practices Relating to Securities Market)	

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	Regulations, 1995 SEBI passed an order dated July 30, 2002	
	cancelling the registration of M/s Nirmal Bang Securities Ltd.	
	(NBS), M/s Bang Equity Broking Pvt. Ltd. (BEB), Bama Securities	
	Ltd. (BSL) - all stock brokers registered with SEBI and Bang	
	Securities Pvt. Ltd. (BS), sub brokers registered with SEBI.	
	As reported in December 2003	
	Pursuant to enquiry proceedings initiated against DKB Securities	
	(DKB), an opportunity of hearing before Whole time Member of	
	SEBI was granted to DKB Securities on 28th July, 2003. Final	
	order is being issued.	
	The enquiry has been completed against Sanjay Khemani and	
	N. Khemani. The brokers through their counsel appeared before	
	the Chairman, SEBI for a personal hearing on October 20, 2003.	
	During the personal hearing, Chairman granted permission to	
	Khemani group's counsel to make further written submissions.	
	Accordingly, the written submission from the Khemani Group's	
	counsel has been received and Chairman's final order in the	
	matter is being issued.	
	SEBI investigation into the activities of the R.S. Damani Group	
	have been completed. Pursuant to the findings of investigation,	
	enquiry proceedings were initiated against 3 broking entities of	
	M/s R.S. Damani group, namely, Damani Shares & Stock Brokers	
	Pvt. Ltd., Maheshwari Equity Brokers Pvt. Ltd. and Avenue Stock	
	Brokers (I) Pvt. Ltd. for alleged violations of the provisions of the	
	SEBI (Stock Brokers and Sub-brokers) Regulations, 1992 and	
	the SEBI (Prohibition of Fraudulent and Unfair Trade Practices	
	relating to Securities Market) Regulations, 1995. The enquiry	
	officer has submitted his report and the same is under	
	consideration.	
	SEBI investigation into the activities of the Shailesh Shah Group	
	have been completed. Pursuant to the findings of investigation,	
	enquiry proceedings were initiated against 4 broking entities of M/	
	s Shailesh Shah group, namely, Shailesh Shah Securities Ltd., Dolat Capital Markets Ltd., Pankaj D Shah and Nirpan Securities	
	Ltd. for alleged violations of the provisions of the SEBI (Stock	
	Brokers and Sub-brokers) Regulations, 1992 and the SEBI (Prohibition of Fraudulent and Unfair Trade Practices relating to	
	Securities Market) Regulations, 1995. Also, adjudication proceedings were initiated against M/s Shailesh Shah Group of	
	proceedings were initiated against w/s Shallesh Shall Group of	

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	companies for alleged contravention of Section 15A of the SEBI	
	Act read with the SEBI (Substantial Acquisition of Shares and	
	Takeover) Regulations, 1997. The Enquiry and Adjudication officer	
	has submitted his report and the same is under consideration.	
	Regarding Nirmal Bang Group, the entities filed an appeal before	
	the SAT against SEBI's order. SAT, vide order dated October 31,	
	2003 modified SEBI's order dated July 30, 2002, by reducing the	
	penalty of cancellation to suspension of registration of M/s Nirmal	
	Bang Securities Ltd. for two years and in case of Bang Equity	
	Broking Pvt. Ltd. (BEB) and Bama Securities Ltd. (BSL) for three	
	years. The order in case of Bang Securities Pvt. Ltd. (BS) has	
	been set aside. SEBI is considering filing of appeal in Supreme	
	Court against SAT order.	
	As reported in June, 2004	
	The matter of issuing directions against the promoter-directors	
	of FGSB and Vruddhi Confinvest India Pvt. Ltd, namely, Shri	
	Shankar Sharma & Smt. Devina Mehra under the provisions of	
	the SEBI Act and the Rules and Regulations made there under	
	has been approved by the Board and is under progress.	
	C. DKB Securities:	
	Show cause notice has been issued and hearing has been granted	
	before Whole-Time Member, SEBI. Final Order is being issued.	
	E. Khemani Group	
	Enquiry against Sanjay Khemani and N. Khemani, members	
	Calcutta Stock Exchange was completed. Based on the Enquiry	
	Officer's recommendations, Chairman vide Order dated February	
	26, 2004, suspended the registration of Shri Sanjay Khemani for	
	two years and N. Khemani, for 14 months.	
	Action against the following 22 brokers has been taken who have	
	done large scale off-market transaction with three defaulter	
	brokers and with the Khemani group:	
	Name of the Suspension SEBI Order	
	broker period Date	
	1. MEHTA & AJMERA & One year 04/03/2004	
	2. VIKASH SOMANI SEC P LTD 6Months 03/03/2004	
	3. DEEPAK JHUNJHUNWALA 6Months 09/02/2004	
	4. MKM SHARE BROKING (S) P LTD 6Months 09/02/2004	

Io. Observation/Recommendation of JPC	Reply of Government/A	ction Taken		Further Progress
	5. PRADEEP KAYAN & CO	6Months	09/02/2004	
	6. DINESH KUMAR MODI & CO	6Months	17/12/2003	
	7. S P RAKECHA	6Months	17/12/2003	
	8. SHREE KANT PHUMBHRA & CO	6Months	17/12/2003	
	9. RAMA SECURITIES PVT LTD	6months	16/12/2003	
	10. RENU PODDAR	6Months	15/12/2003	
	11. SANJEEV B PHUMBRA & CO	6Months	15/12/2003	
	12. NAGAR MULL KEJRIWAL	4months	20/10/2003	
	13. KANDOI SECURITIES PVT LTD	One year	26/08/2003	
	14. GAUTAM BAJORIA	One year	13/08/2003	
	15. SHIVAM STOCK BROKING P LTD	One year	13/08/2003	
	16. SKC SHARE &ST BR SER P LTD	One year	13/08/2003	
	17. KRISHNA KUMAR DAGA	3months	12/08/2003	
	18. VIJAY KR PATNI	4months	12/08/2003	
	19. PRAKASH CHAND BAID	4months	29/07/2003	
	20. PRAMOD KR DROLIA & CO	4months	04/07/2003	
	21. MATHRAN SECURITIES	4months	29/05/2003	
	22. LOKNATH SARAF	Case closed	l as broker	
		expired on 0	1/08/2003.	
	Action against these 22 brokers is,	therefore, c	ompleted.	
	As reported in December, 2004 A. First Global Group STATUS OF APPEAL NO. 90/2002 - BROKING PVT. LTD. Vs. SEBI - PEN SECURITIES APPELLATE TRIBUNA The order of SEBI dated 12.09.02 w Hon'ble Securities Appellate Tribunal vide its ad-interim order dated 29.10.0 the said impugned order subject to appellants shall not carry on any bu portfolio manager and sub broker and till the final disposal of the appeal by to dated 06.03.03. The appellant had file documents on 31.08.04. The said appe on 02.09.04 and the counsel for the re adjournment for the purpose of per	IDING BEFO L, MUMBAI as challenge and the Hom D2 stayed the to the condit siness as st d the same w he Tribunal d a detailed c al was taken espondent so	RE HON'BLE d before the ble Tribunal operation of ion that the ock brokers, as extended vide its order compilation of up for hearing ought a short	

I. No. Para No. Observation/Recommendation of JPC	Reply of Government/Action Taken	Further Progress
	documents filed by the appellant, which was opposed by the	
	counsel for the appellant. Finally, the Hon'ble Tribunal was	
	pleased to grant a short adjournment and posted the matter on	
	09.09.04 for hearing. On 09.09.04, Shri Justice Kumar	
	Rajaratnam, Presiding Officer and Shri B. Samal, Member were	
	only present and the other member Shri N.L Lakhanpal was not	
	present. In view of the above, the Hon'ble Tribunal observed that	
	the matter be heard by the full bench. Accordingly, the matter	
	was adjourned to 11.10.04 for hearing. The matter was heard on	
	11.10.04. During the hearing, the appellant had raised a	
	preliminary issue viz. that the impugned order was not passed	
	within the specified time limit. In view of this, SAT desired to	
	hear and decide the preliminary issue and thereafter proceed to	
	hear the matter on merits. On account of this, the matter was	
	adjourned to 19.10.04, when the preliminary issues were argued	
	and as it remained part heard then, the matter was fixed for further	
	hearing on 21.10.04. The matter remained part heard on	
	21.10.04. The oral hearing on the preliminary issue of limitation	
	was concluded on 11.11.2004 and the SAT asked both the parties	
	to file written submissions, which was done by SEBI on	
	22.11.2004. SAT has reserved its orders in the case.	
	STATUS OF W.P. (LODG) No.845 OF 2004 - SHANKAR	
	SHARMA AND ANOTHER Vs. SEBI - PENDING BEFORE THE	
	HON'BLE HIGH COURT OF BOMBAY.	
	A Show Cause Notice dated 09.03.2004 u/s 11B of the SEBI Act,	
	1992 was issued to individuals Shri Shankar Sharma and Smt.	
	Devina Mehra. A writ petition was filed challenging the said Show	
	Cause Notice in the Hon'ble High Court of Bombay. The Hon'ble	
	Court vide its order dated 27.04.2004 held that SEBI's -Counsel	
	viz Shri Goolam Vhanavati's (the Learned Advocate General)	
	statement that SEBI would not proceed further till the matter is	
	decided by the court would continue till further orders and	
	adjourned the matter to 23.08.2004. However, the matter came	
	up before Hon'ble High Court on 31.08.2004 and the advocate	
	appearing on behalf of the petitioners sought for an adjournment	
	as their appeal before the Hon'ble Securities Appellate Tribunal	
	is fixed for final hearing on 02.09.2004. The matter now stands	
	adjourned to 26.11.2004.	
	E. Khemani Group	

Reply of Government/Action Taken

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Action against the following brokers has been taken who had done large scale off-market transaction with three defaulter brokers and with Khemani Group

Name of Broker	SEBI	Suspension
	Order Date	period
AmitabhSonthalia	21.07.2004	4 Months

As reported in July, 2005

A. First Global Group

STATUS OF APPEAL NO. 90/2002 – FIRST GLOBAL STOCK BROKING PVT LTD VS. SEBI – PENDING BEFORE HON'BLE SECURITIES APPELLATE TRIBUNAL, MUMBAI.

The final order of SAT in this matter was pronounced on 03.12.04. By this order, SAT has set aside the order of SEBI dated 12.09.02 cancelling the appellants certificate of registration, on the ground that the order was not passed within a period of 30 days of receiving the reply to the show cause notice issued by SEBI as required under the then Regulation 29 (3) of SEBI (Stock Broker and sub-broker) Regulations, 1992.

SEBI has decided not to file an appeal before the Supreme Court against the order of the SAT.

STATUS OF W.P (LODG) NO. 845 OF 2004 – SHANKAR SHARMA AND ANOTHER VS. SEBI – PENDING BEFORE THE HON'BLE HIGH COURT OF BOMBAY

The matter was heard by Hon'ble Securities Appellate Tribunal on 11.10.04. During the hearing, the appellant had raised a preliminary issue viz. that the impugned order was not passed within the specified time limit. In view of this, SAT desired to hear and decide the preliminary issue and thereafter proceed to hear the matter on merits. SAT has passed its final order on 3.12.04 setting aside the order of SEBI dated 12.09.02 cancelling the appellant's certificate of registration, on the ground that the order was not passed within a period of 30 days of receiving the reply of the show cause notice issued by SEBI as required under the then Regulation 29(3) of SEBI (Stock Brokers and Sub The Committee were informed that a

6.

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Brokers) Regulations, 1992.

The matter came up before the Hon'ble High Court of Bombay on 06.05.05 and has been posted for hearing once the Hon'ble High Court reconvenes after vacation.

As reported in May, 2003

criminal complaint was lodged by the RBI in the court of Chief Metropolitan Magistrate, Ahmedabad against the MMCB, its Chairman and Managing Director on 14.3.2001 under section 46 of the Banking Regulation Act 1949, read with section 58(B) of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934, for having made false statements to RBI with respect to call money borrowing and also failing to meet its assurance for submitting the required information. A criminal complaint had also been lodged by the Administrator of MMCB Ltd. with Madhavpura Police Station, Ahmedabad on 21.4.2001, Later, in terms of the order of the High Court of Gujarat, Ahmedabad dated 2.5.2001, CBI has been directed to investigate the deeds/misdeeds of the ex-Chairman and Managing Director and other officials involved in the mismanagement of the Bank. In pursuance of court orders, the case was transferred to CBI. Mumbai. and an FIR has been registered with Special Police Establishment, Mumbai Branch on 18.5.2001. On 1.6.2001. charge sheet in the case has been filed against Ketan, V. Parekh, Kartik, K. Parekh, Ramesh Parekh, Chairman, MMCB, Devendra B. Pandya, Managing Director, MMCB and Jagdish.B.Pandva. Branch Manageru/s120-B,420,467,468 and 471 of IPC. The case is stated to be pending in the Court of the Chief Metropolitan

The criminal complaint lodged by the Administrator of MMCB on 21.4.2001 with Madhavpura Police Station, Ahmedabad, was registered as CR No.67 of 2001 and the same has since been transferred to the CBI, BS&FC, Mumbai in its RC.4(E)/2001-CBI-BS&FC Mumbai on 18.5.2001 vide orders dated 2.5.2001 of the High Court of Gujarat, Ahmedabad. The chargesheet filed on 1.6.2001 against Sh. Ketan Parekh and Others relates to RC.3/E/2001-BSFC/MUM registered on 30.3.2001 by CBI BSFC Mumbai and the same is pending trial in the Hon'ble Court of CMM Mumbai as CC No.60/P/2001. The draft charges have been submitted by the prosecution to the court. The CBI has appointed an exculsive special counsel to conduct the trial of this case and all efforts are being made by it with the court to expedite the trial.

As reported in December 2003 As against para 5.59

As reported in June, 2004

In RC.4/E/2001-BSFC/MUM i.e. the MMCB case charge sheet has been filed in the court of CMM Ahemdabad on 1.12.2003. With the permission of the Govt. of India, LRs to Mauritius and UK issued by the Court have been forwarded to the Legal Cell MHA on 17.12.2003 for onwards transmission to Competent Authorities in these countries. In the light of outcome thereof follow up action in the matter would be taken. In RC.3/E/2001-BSFC/ MUM i.e. Bank of India case charge-sheet was filed in the court of CMM Mumbai on 1.6.2001, and the case is still at the stage of framing of charges.

As reported in December, 2004

In RC.4/E/2001-BSFC/MUM i.e. the MMCB case, the CBI has informed that the Assistant Director Interpol has reminded PRO (EXT), MEA, New Delhi on 5.10.2004 to ascertain the present position from concerned authorities of Mauritius. As regards the queries raised by the UK Serious Fraud Office vide their fax dated

The High Commission of India, Port Louis, Mauritius vide fax message No. OR/438/ 2/99-92 dt. 14.10.2005 informed that the date of examination of witness scheduled for 21st October, 2005 before their Master and Registrar, Supreme Court has now been fixed to 17th Feb., 2006 upon the request of the counsel of the witness.

As regards the Letter Rogatory to the UK, the UK Serious Fraud Office had raised certain querries which have been replied by CBI. Further, the Interpol, India has issued a reminder to Ministry of External Affairs on 6.9.2005 to intimate the present status of LR.

SI. No.	Para No.	Observation/Recommendation of JPC	Reply of Government/Action Taken	Further Progress
		Megistrate, Mumbai. The Committee desire that these cases be decided expeditiously.	16.4.2004 and 31.4.2004 regarding the Letter Rogatory sent to UK, the matter has been examined in CBI. As per the information available with the CBI, the defrauded amounts connected with this case have been received in the account of M/s Almel Investment Ltd., account being maintained with the Nat-West Bank, PLC, London. Interpol Wing of CBI was requested to inform the authorities at UK accordingly and to collect the documents and examine the witnesses as requested vide Letter Rogatory since the Hon'ble CMM, Ahmedabad has already given his authorization. In RC.3/E/2001-BSFC/MUM i.e. Bank of India case, charge-sheet was filed in the court of CMM Mumbai on 1.6.2001. As reported in July, 2005 CBI has informed that Letter Rogatory (LR) to Mauritius the examination of witnesses was to take place on 7.6.2005 at Port Louis before His Honour the Master and Registrar of Supreme Court, Port Louis, Mauritius. Subsequently, the Mauritius Authorities through the Indian High Commission, vide their communication dated 2.6.05 have intimated that the examination has now been postponed to 21.10.2005. It is proposed to depute Supdt. of Police, CBI, BS&FC, Branch Mumbai to be present at the time of examination of witnesses.	
7.	5.109	The Committee regret to note that the City Cooperative Bank flouted all prudential norms of the RBI. This became clear during the investigation conducted by the RBI. The Bank had no investment policy, loan disbursement policy and credit appraisal system. Carrying out a concurrent audit was also missing. The Bank had opened deposit accounts in respect of four front companies of the promoter of M/s Century Consultants Group viz. Shri Anand Krishna Johari who was also a Director on the Board of the Bank. The accounts were opened without	As regards the Letter Rogatory to the UK, there is no change in the status. As reported in May, 2003 RBI has reported as follows:- The City Co-operative Bank, a non-scheduled bank based in Lucknow was inspected with reference to its position as on March 31, 1999, during May-June, 1999. The statutory inspection did not reveal any serious irregularities: the irregularities revealed were of rectifiable in nature, such as, absence of any loan policy, deficiency in credit appraisal system, laxity in post- disbursement supervision, unsatisfactory functioning of management and loan committees, lack of effective internal control system and control over branches. These irregularities did not warrant any immediate drastic action against the bank. As per the normal procedure followed, these deficiencies were discussed by the inspecting officers with the	Govt. of Uttar Pradesh have reported that the enquiry being conducted by Economic Offences Wing (EOW) of Crime Investigation Department (CID) of UF Police against the officers of Cooperative Department is in progress. They have been requested to take up the matter with EOW of CID of UP Police for expediting completion of the same.

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	observing the usual safeguards such as	Chairman and the board on the concluding day of the inspection	
	introduction, obtaining of Memorandum	and the board was asked to take expeditious action to rectify the	
	and Articles of Association etc. The Board	deficiencies and submit specific compliance to RBI.	
	had vested full powers of investment on	Inspection report pointed inter-alia, that the bank had violated	
	Shri Anand Krishna Johari and all	the Reserve Bank of India guidelines on credit exposure of	
	investment decisions were taken by him.	individual exposure norm of 20% of its capital funds and group	
	The result was that between 5th and 15th	exposure norm of 50% of its capital funds in several cases and	
	March, 2001, the Bank's funds to the	the bank had defaulted in maintenance of Cash Reserve Ratio	
	extent of Rs. 6.50 crore were utilized for	(CRR).	
	investments in bonds of Cyber Space	The irregularities observed in the bank's functioning were	
	Infosys-a concern of Shri Johari, contrary	perpetrated after the statutory inspection of the bank conducted	
	to RBI instructions prohibiting equity	by the RBI during May-June 1999 and indicates a clear case of	
	investment in such companies. There was	nexus of the board with firm/s connected with the directors.	
	also a total absence of any loan policy/	2. In the light of the findings of the scrutiny, RBI has taken the	
	committee and all credit decisions too	following measures:	
	were taken only by Shri Anand Johari. The	(i) With a view to prevent preferential payment to depositors	
	Bank had invested funds to the extent of	and to contain the run, a Directive by RBI under Section 35 A	
	Rs. 15.68 crore in term deposits and	of the Banking Regulation Act, 1949 (As Applicable to	
	receipts aggregating to Rs. 2.62 crore	Cooperative Societies), was imposed on March 22, 2001	
	could not be produced to RBI for	directing the bank not to accept fresh deposits or give fresh	
	verification during the investigations. It	loans and not to repay more than one thousand rupees to	
	was noticed that these were however	any single depositor.	
	encashed but not accounted for and the	(ii) The Registrar of Cooperative Societies, Uttar Pradesh had	
	proceeds had simply been siphoned off.	been requested on April 03, 2001 to supersede the Board of	
	Similarly, the Bank did not have any	Management of the captioned bank and to appoint an	
	documentary evidence in respect of a	Administrator for securing proper management by invoking	
	large amount of investment amounting to	the provisions of Sub-section (iii) of Section 90 B of the U.P.	
	Rs. 21.40 crore indicating that the money	Co-operative Societies Act, 1965. Accordingly, the Registrar	
	had been misutilised by Shri Anand	of Cooperative Societies issued an order on April 09, 2001	
	Krishna Johari. The advances were	superseding the Board and appointing the District Magistrate,	
	disbursed on the orders of the Secretary	Lucknow as the Administrator of the bank.	
	cum CEO. In addition, advances against	iii) In view of the serious irregularities in the functioning of the	
	shares in physical form were granted in	bank as revealed in the interim report on scrutiny of books of	
	excess of the ceiling of Rs. 10 lakh per	account of the bank, a criminal complaint was filed by the	
	individual as prescribed by the RBI which	Reserve Bank against the Chairman, Directors and Chief	
	resulted in turning the entire portfolio to	Executive Officer of the bank in the Court of Judicial	
	the tune of Rs. 1.53 crore into NPAs.	Magistrate, Lucknow on April 03, 2001.	
	Furthermore, the Bank had violated RBI	(iv) The City Co-operative Bank Ltd., Lucknow, has filed two	
	directives on unsecured advances by	Criminal cases with Police Authorities against Shri Gorakh	

SI. No. Para No.	Observation/Recommendation of JPC	Reply of Government/Action Taken	Further Progress
	sanctioning limits in excess of Rs. 50,000	Nath Srivastava, the ex-Secretary of the bank and Shri	
	in a number of cases, in blatant violation	Anand Krishna Johari, then Director of the bank, for	
	of the RBI directive on maximum limit in	siphoning of bank's funds to the tune of Rs.3230.22 lakh	
	relation to unsecured advances. During	(approximately) in the form of fictitious investments and	
	the period January-March, 2001, the Bank	benami loans.	
	had sanctioned large advances to the	3. The City Co-operative Bank Ltd. was allotted four centres for	
	tune of Rs. 5.88 crore to 15 borrowers	opening of branches (no licence was issued for opening these	
	without the backing of any tangible	branches) on February 27, 2001. This was based on the bank's	
	security in blatant violation of RBI	financial position as on March 31, 2000 and the then prescribed	
	directives. Astonishingly loans were	eligibility norms for allotment of centres to UCBs. A scrutiny was	
	sanctioned even against blank	later carried out in March 2001 on media reports concerning a	
	applications and without obtaining	run on the bank. Certain irregularities were detected and the	
	signatures on the necessary documents.	centres allotted were cancelled on May 09, 2001 well before issue	
	Advances and funds were released by	of licences for opening the branches at the allotted centres.	
	way of demand draft without ensuring	4. A scheme of revival of the bank is under consideration of the	
	their end use.	Government of Uttar Pradesh.	
		5. The CBI had registered two cases pertaining to defrauding	
		of City Cooperative Bank to the tune of Rs.28.97 crores and	
		Rs. 1.71 crores respectively. The investigation in the first case	
		has revealed that out of the total amount of Rs.28.97 crores, an	
		amount of Rs.17.16 crores was transferred to Mumbai and	
		utilised for meeting the pay-in obligations of M/s. Century	
		Consultants Ltd. and its associate companies and persons with	
		Bombay Stock Exchange and National Stock Exchange. The	
		funds were also used for trading in shares of Cyberspace Infosys	
		Ltd. which was done by the promoters themselves for artificially	
		hiking up the price of its shares in the market. Ultimately, when	
		the share price of Cyberspace Infosys Ltd. fell down drastically	
		the money was lost. An amount of Rs 11.81 crores was	
		transferred to the accounts of Century Consultants Ltd. and	
		associate companies and were utilised for meeting various	
		obligations. Funds defrauded from City Cooperative Bank and	
		investors of Century Consultants Ltd. and its group companies	
		are mixed up and were used as one entity as and when required	
		to meet the pay-in obligations to Bombay Stock Exchange and	
		National Stock Exchange. In order to safeguard the interest of	
		City Cooperative Bank and investors of Century Consultants	
		Ltd. the CBI had requested Securities and Exchange Board of	
		India for freezing the pay outs of 21 parties/persons which was	

. No. Para No. Observation/Recommendation of JPC	Reply of Government/Action Taken	Further Progress
	the only means to ensure that the funds are not floundered	
	further. The operation of current accounts and depository	
	accounts of Century Consultants Ltd. and associate companies	
	were also stopped. The field investigation has been completed	
	and is under scrutiny in the CBI for taking a final decision in the	
	matter. The CBI has completed investigation in the case	
	pertaining to defrauding of City Cooperative Bank, Lucknow to	
	the tune of Rs.1.71 crores and chargesheet has been submitted	
	in the Court of Special Magistrate, CBI, Lucknow. The trial is at	
	the stage of admission. In this case the CBI had recommended	
	regular departmental action under major penalty against one	
	Shri K. Srinivasan, officer State Bank of Hyderabad. Accordingly	
	the bank has initiated major penalty proceedings against him in	
	consultation with the Central Vigilance Commission.	
	6. RBI has issued instructions making concurrent audit	
	compulsory for all urban cooperative banks. Instructions have	
	also been issued requiring urban cooperative banks to designate	
	a compliance officer to ensure compliance with and apprise the	
	progress of compliance of the inspections reports of the RBI to the Audit Committee/Board of Directors. The Audit Committee of	
	urban cooperative banks are also now required to monitor	
	implementation of RBI guidelines. A summary of important findings	
	of inspection of urban cooperative banks is sent to the concerned	
	State Government for further action. RBI has also issued	
	instructions to urban cooperative banks that deficiencies/	
	irregularities observed during the inspection should be fully	
	rectified by the banks and a certificate submitted. False certificate	
	would invite penalties. The Banking Regulation Act is being	
	amended to give greater powers to Reserve Bank of India for	
	taking action against Cooperative Banks for non-compliance of	
	its directives.	
	7. Government of Uttar Pradesh has vide orders dated	
	24.02.2003 set up a high level enquiry by Member, Board of	
	Revenue to look into the laxity of Registrar of Cooperative	
	Societies and his officers in discharging their duties regarding	
	inspection of a bank. Law Department of Uttar Pradesh has sent	
	a request to the Hon'ble Allahabad High Court for constitution of	
	special court for expeditious disposal of these cases. The matter	
	is under consideration of Hon'ble High Court.	

No. Para No. Observation/Recommendation of	JPC Reply of Government/Action Taken	Further Progress
	As reported in December 2003	
	Chargesheet in RC.19/2001-LKO has been filed by CBI in the	
	Court on 30.8.2003.	
	A Bill to amend the Banking Regulation Act, 1949 has been	
	introduced in the Lok Sabha on 13.8.2003. The Bill has been	
	referred to the Standing Committee on Finance.	
	Government of Uttar Pradesh has reported that the enquiry report	
	has since been received and action against concerned officers	
	has already been initiated by obtaining their explanation. The	
	matter regarding constitution of Special Court for expeditious	
	disposal of cases is still under consideration of Hon'ble Allahabad High Court.	
	High Court.	
	As reported in June, 2004	
	Reply from Govt. of Uttar Pradesh is awaited. The last reminder	
	was sent on 1/6/2004.	
	As reported in December, 2004	
	Govt. of Uttar Pradesh has informed that on the basis of enquiry	
	report submitted by Shri V.K. Mittal, the then Member, Board of	
	Revenue who was appointed as Investigation Officer to look	
	into the laxity of Registrar of Cooperative Societies and his	
	officers in discharging their duties regarding inspection of a bank,	
	adverse entries have been made against Chief Audit Officer,	
	Cooperative Committees and Panchayats, 3 auditors and	
	disciplinary proceedings have been started against two Dy. Chief	
	Audit Officers and two District Audit Officers of City Co-op. Bank	
	Ltd. for not carrying out their duties efficiently. No action can be	
	taken against remaining auditors/officers as they have retired	
	from the service and stipulated period of four years for action	
	has already lapsed.	
	Orders to get the investigation done by Economic Offences Wing	
	(EOW) against the officials found guilty for dereliction of duty	
	and periodical inspection have been issued on 23.7.2004.	
	Progress report from EOW is awaited.	
	Regarding constitution of Special Courts, Government of Uttar	
	Pradesh have informed that CBI has filed a charge sheet in the	
	Special Court designated for dealing CBI cases, there is no need	
	. 6 6	

I. No. Para N	o. Observation/Recommendation of JPC	Reply of Government/Action Taken	Further Progress
		of constituting Special Courts.	
		As reported in July, 2005	
		Shri V.K. Mittal, the then Member, Board of Revenue, who was	
		appointed as Investigation Officer to look into the laxity of Regis-	
		trar of Cooperative Societies and his officers in discharging their	
		duties, has pointed out serious irregularities on the part of offic-	
		ers of Finance Department and Cooperative Department. Be-	
		sides, CBI had also recommended action against certain Gov-	
		ernment officials.	
		Two Senior Auditors and two Distt. Audit Officer (since retired)	
		have been suspended and charge sheets have been served.	
		Besides, charge sheet have also been served to Chief Audit Of-	
		ficer and two Dy. Chief Audit Officers. Enquiry Officer(s) have	
		been appointed in all the above cases.	
		Government of UP have further informed that action against the	
		officers of the Cooperative Department would be taken on the	
		basis of the findings of the enquiry being conducted by Eco-	
		nomic Offences Wing (EOW) of Criminal Investigation Depart-	
		ment (CID) of UP Police and it is expected that the enquiry will be	
		completed within a month.	
8. 5.110) The Bank had reportedly violated RBI		
	guidelines on credit exposure in respect	As reported in May, 2003	
	of the individual exposure norms of 20%	As against para 5.109	As against Para 5.109.
	of its capital fund and group exposure	As reported in December, 2003	
	norm of 50% of its capital fund in several	As against para 5.109	
	cases. The liquidity position of the Bank	As reported in June, 2004	
	was extremely unsatisfactory as the	Reply from Govt. of Uttar Pradesh is awaited. The last reminder	
	deposit liability of the Bank as on the date	was sent on 1/6/2004.	
	of scrutiny i.e. 22.3.2001 stood at Rs.	As reported in December, 2004	
	65.90 crore against the liquid assets of	RBI has issued instructions making concurrent audit compulsory	
	Rs. 8.14 crore. The Bank had also	for all urban cooperative banks. Instructions have also been	
	circumvented the CRR guideline as laid	issued requiring urban cooperative banks to designate a	
	down under Section 18 of the Banking	compliance officer to ensure compliance with and apprise the	
	Regulation Act, 1949. It had adopted a	progress of compliance of the inspections reports of the RBI to	
	novel way of inflating its balances with	the Audit Committee/ Board of Directors. The Audit Committee	
	notified/eligible Banks in its books of	of urban cooperative banks are also now required to monitor	
	accounts by booking fictitious debit entries. The Committee also note that	implementation of RBI guidelines.	

I. No. Para No	. Observation/Recommendation of JPC	Reply of Government/Action Taken	Further Progress
	there was no system of concurrent audit and the Bank had also violated RBI guidelines on income recognition, asset classification and provisioning. This ultimately resulted in systematically siphoning off the Bank's funds to the tune of Rs. 32.30 crore through the companies of Shri Anand Krishna Johari and turning negative the net worth of the Bank.	report submitted by Shri V.K. Mittal, the then Member, Board of Revenue who was appointed as Investigation Officer to look into the laxity of Registrar of Cooperative Societies and his officers in discharging their duties regarding inspection of a bank, adverse entries have been made against Chief Audit Officer, Cooperative Committees and Panchayats, three auditors and disciplinary proceedings have been started against two Dy. Chief Audit Officers and two District Audit Officers of City Co-op. Bank Ltd. for not carrying out their duties efficiently. No action can be taken against remaining auditors/officers as they have retired from the service and stipulated period of four years for action has already lapsed. Orders to get the investigation done by Economic Offences Wing (EOW) against the officials found guilty for dereliction of duty and periodical inspection have been issued on 23.7.2004. Progress report from EOW is awaited. As reported in July, 2005 As against para 5.109	
9. 5.111	Neither the State Registrar under whose direct control the Bank functions nor the RBI which is an apex regulator in the case of urban cooperative Banks came to know of the misuse of powers and flagrant violation of regulations/directives of the RBI until a public outcry and news in the press. Though under the UP Cooperative Societies Act, 1965 wide powers of conducting inspections, enquiry and audit are vested with the Registrar of the Cooperative Societies, these powers were not exercised to check the functioning of the Bank. RBI too surprisingly issued licences as late as February, 2001 for opening four more branches of the Bank, thereby giving an impression that the Bank was functioning well. In fact even when in the annual inspection report of 1999, the RBI had clearly indicated some glaring	As against para 5.109 As reported in May, 2003 As against para 5.109 As reported in December, 2003 As against para 5.109 As reported in June, 2004 Reply from Govt. of Uttar Pradesh is awaited. The last reminder was sent on 1/6/2004. As reported in December, 2004 As against 5.109. As reported in July, 2005 As against para No.5.109.	As against Para 5.109.

SI. No.	Para No.	Observation/Recommendation of JPC	Reply of Government/Action Taken	Further Progress
		irregularities and the auditors of the State Cooperative Department for the period 1997-2000 had pointed out serious irregularities, immediate steps were not taken for rectifying the irregularities. This leaves the Committee with the impression that both the RCS as well as RBI showed laxity in discharging their duties even prior to March, 2001 when the run on the Bank surfaced.		
10.	5.113	 In view of the foregoing observations, the Committee recommend the following specific action:- (i) In order to expedite action on the criminal complaints which are presently pending adjudication in the Court of the Metropolitan Magistrate, Lucknow, it is recommended that such case be tried by a Special Court. (ii) UP Government may be asked to initiate further enquiry against the concerned State Registrars for not being vigilant and excercising supervision on the working of the Bank even when the UP Cooperative Societies Act, 1965 empowers the Registrar to hold an enquiry into the working of the co-operative society, carry out inspection on his own and even supersede the Committee of Management in case it is found that any act is committed which is prejudicial to the interest of the society or its members or otherwise if the society is not functioning properly. This sohld be done expeditiously. 	As reported in May, 2003 As against para 5.109 As reported in December, 2003 As against para 5.109 As reported in June, 2004 Reply from Govt. of Uttar Pradesh is awaited. The last reminder was sent on 1/6/2004. As reported in December, 2004 As against 5.109. As reported in July, 2005 Regarding constitution of Special Courts, Govt. of UP have informed that CBI has filed a charge sheet in the Special Court designated for dealing CBI cases, there is no need of constituting Special Courts. A departmental enquiry was also conducted under section 65 of UP Co-operative Society Act 1965 for the irregularities in bank. And after the enquiry, a surcharge order for the value of Rs. 30,14,45,235.00 was passed against Shri Anand Krishan Johri vide Distt. Assistant Registrar, Lucknow's order No. 2873/co-op. dated 29.1.05 under section 68(2) of the Act. Out of the total 283 debtor members of the bank, a sum of Rs. 3.86 crore has been recovered, from 45 members.	In the case of recovery from 283 debtors of the City Cooperative Bank Ltd., a sum of Rs.3.94 crore has been recovered from 45 defaulters. Regarding action against the officers of Cooperative Department, the Govt. of Uttar Pradesh have reported that the enquiry being conducted by Economic Offences Wing (EOW) of Crime Investigation Department (CID) of UF Police is in progress. Govt. of UP have been requested to take up the matter with EOW of CID of UP Police for expediting completion of the same.

SI. No. P	Para No.	Observation/Recommendation of JPC		Reply of Government/Action Taken	Further Progress
		has been filed for siphoning off funds			
		in the form of cheque purchase for Rs.			
		1.71 crore.			
		(iv) RBI must introduce a system whereby			
		the irregularities pointed out in the			
		annual inspection Reports are			
		removed by the Banks and			
		compliance report is submitted within			
		a period of six months from the date			
		of inspection.			
		(v) Strict penal provisions be incorporated			
		in the Banking Regulation Act, 1949			
		for non-compliance of the directives/			
		guidelines issued by the RBI from time			
		to time and in case of default, strict			
		disciplinary action should be initiated			
		against the erring officials.			
		(vi) As an apex body, though it is not			
		possible for RBI to monitor each and			
		every transaction, it is essential that			
		concurrent audit is conducted in the			
		Banks on a regular basis. The			
		Reserve Bank of India may consider			
		making this mandatory.			
		(vii) Investigation must be conducted to			
		unearth where the siphoned money			
		(Rs. 32.30 Crore) has been deployed.			
		Expeditious action is needed to			
		recover the money.			
11.	5.159	In view of the foregoing the Committee	As (i)		
		recommend the following:-		reported in May, 2003	
		(i) Action for recovery of the outstanding			The documents/details sought by the
		(i) Action for recovery of the outstanding advances which have been diverted		legal action in respect of all Ketan Parekh related NPA	respective respondent-firms for
		and the other advances which have		accounts. As regards recovery in other NPA accounts, the	submission of their respective explanation
				bank has reported recovery of Rs.5.98 crores and Rs.9	were received by ICAI from the RBI on
		now been categorized as NPAs be		crores during January 2003 and February 2003, respectively.	4th August, 2005 and the same were

(ii) As regards any dereliction of duty on the part of the Bank

expedited.

4th August, 2005 and the same were forwarded on 5th August, 2005 to the respondent firms with stipulation that their explanation/comments should reach them by 31st August, 2005.

SI. No. Para No. Observation/Recommendation of JPC	Reply of Government/Action Taken	Further Progress
(ii) In case there is any dereliction of duty on the part of the Bank Auditors, the same may be referred to the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India for	Auditors, the matter has already been brought to the notice of Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI) by RBI.	
further enquiry and appropriate action.	(iii) The bank has been directed by RBI to take corrective action.	
(iii) Even though there were no breach of regulations, it was observed that certain loans were sanctioned without comprehensive evaluation and therefore, the bank must ensure that proper credit appraisal and monitoring system is in place.	(iv) RBI has issued Instructions to its regional offices on 29.05.2002 to streamline and strengthen the system of follow- up action on the findings of Annual Financial Inspection of banks in a time bound manner. Details have given in reply to Para No.10.8.	
(iv) The procedural working of the banks must be strengthened and the RBI must ensure that the rectification, if any, takes place in a time-bound	(v) In order to review the capital market exposure of banks in a uniform and consistent manner, the Reserve Bank of India is obtaining monthly reports on capital market exposure from all banks.	
manner.	As reported in December 2003 Follow up action is in progress.	
(v) In the immediate aftermath of the Stock Market crash, RBI focused on one new private bank although other private banks also had large exposure to the capital market including some	As reported in June, 2004 RBI is following up the recovery of the amounts on a continuous basis.	
who had exceeded RBI limits. Now that substantial information is available about all the banks concerned, the Committee recommend RBI undertake a thorough review and process matters relating to all concerned in a uniform and consistent manner.	As reported in December, 2004 Bank of India - Recovered Rs. 17.62 lakh during the period and the balance outstanding was Rs. 121.43 crore as on June 30, 2004. The bank is going ahead with compromise settlement in respect of Ketan Parekh group entities with the approval of the Government of India. Global Trust Bank Ltd Classified the accounts as NPAs has made 100% provision for the total exposure and filed criminal cases as well as cases with DRTs against parties.	
	ICICI Bank Ltd Recalled the loan in one account and suit is being filed. Centurion Bank Ltd Has fully written off the outstanding balance in accounts relating to Ketan Parekh entities and has also initiated legal proceedings in DRT-II.	

SI. No. Para No. Observation/Recommendation of JPC	Reply of Government/Action Taken	Further Progress
	Bank of Punjab Ltd. - Has filed recovery suits in DRT and issued notice under SARFAESI Act, 2002 for taking possession of property mortgaged.	
	Ratnakar Bank Ltd Loan against fixed deposit has since been fully adjusted.	
	The above banks have been advised by RBI to take effective steps to recover the entire amount from the Ketan Parekh entities expeditiously.	
	 As reported in July, 2005 (i) All the concerned banks have filed cases in DRT, Mumbai against the companies concerned and their guarantors etc. As the number of cases pending against companies of Ketan Parekh Group is numerous, the proceedings in the DRT are slow. The process of recovery will take its own legal course. 	
	 (ii) ICAI have informed that they have called the comments/ explanations of the auditors concerned on 25.2.2005. The concerned statutory auditors for the years 2001-02 and 2002-03 have sent in their respective responses dated 20th May, 2005 which have been received by ICAI on 24th May, 2005. 	
	The auditors have categorically stated in their aforesaid responses that since the RBI has neither provided the relevant Annual Financial Inspection(s) and the basis/parameters adopted by the special auditors and has also restrained the ICAI from parting with the Special Audit Report for perusal/examination by the statutory auditors for the year 2001-02, they are not in a position to offer any view/explanation thereon. They had expressed their inability to offer their comments/explanation, in the absence of the relevant data/information/details. They have, however, added that they have conducted the respective audits in accordance with the generally accepted accounting and auditing practices (GAAP) and the various pronouncements and accordingly requested the Institute to close the matter.	

SI. No.	Para No.	Observation/Recommendation of JPC	Reply of Government/Action Taken	Further Progress
12.	5.174	 The Committee take a serious note that the Bank of India did not follow laid down rules, procedures and norms. The Committee specifically note that the Bank of India : (a) delegated unlimited power to the Branch Managers/officials of the Bank in respect of discounting the pay orders without weighing either the financial standings/status of the counter party Bank or the track record of the client. While observing this, it is recognized that though the delegated powers stood the test of time over a period of about 15 years, the Bank could have revised this and that the Reserve Bank of India could not detect the unlimited powers so given by the bank, during the Annual Financial Inspections conducted by it for so many years and further that the Board of the Bank which included representatives of Government and RBI had approved these delegations; (b) did not prescribe any system of reporting these transactions by the Branch to the controlling office through an omission with the result that the latter remained totally oblivious of what transpired down below; 	 As reported in May, 2003 Bank of India has reported that at the time when the scam came to light, Branch Managers had full powers to discount/ purchase pay orders issued by Scheduled Commercial Banks. The powers was being reviewed by the Bank from time to time and the full powers to Branch Officials to discount/ purchase pay orders of Scheduled Banks were retained as it had stood the test of time. However, in the light of Madavpura scam, the Bank has taken the following precautionary measures: Discounting of instruments issued by Co-operative Banks has been stopped. The full powers for discounting of pay orders of Scheduled Banks (other than Co-operative Banks) is now restricted to Senior Officials of the rank of Zonal Managers and above only. Exposure limit on Indian Banks in Public Sector and Private Sector have been fixed. Delegation of powers pertaining to Stock Exchange Branch was revised. The lending powers of the various delegates have been curtailed. Bank of India has put in place a system of reporting of transactions including reporting of bills/cheques purchased on casual basis within delegated authority of the branch beyond a certain monetary level. Bank of India has confirmed that they have restarted the concurrent audit system in the sensitive areas of its operations including its Mumbai Stock Exchange Branch. Bank has reported that due to acute shortage of officers created in Bombay South Zone, concurrent auditors were not posted in many branches including Stock Exchange Branch. Bank has reported that due to acute shortage of officers created in Bombay South Zone, concurrent auditors were not posted in many branches including to the stock Exchange Branch. Concurrent Auditor was posted in the Stock Exchange Branch in June 2001 and Audit Committee of Board of Directors has directed that any disruption in the concurrent audit of the branch is required to be reported 	Bank of India has reported that recovery suit filed in Debts Recovery Tribunal (DRT, against Ketan Parekh group of companies is decreed in Bank's favour on 11.08.2005 and Recovery Certificate (RC) is being issued shortly. The execution proceedings for sale of properties belonging to Ketar Parekh & other partners/guarantors shal commence soon after the receipt of the RC from DRT. The DRT has also passed an order for continuation of attachmen order in respect of certain properties earlier attached by the Bank. Suit again Madhavpura Mercantile Cooperative Bank Ltd. (MMCBL) is in progress. Bank of India has further reported that in the criminal cases filed by CBI against Shr Ketan Parekh and others, the Bank intervened in the matter and the CBI court vide order dated 19.8.05 ordered for framing of charges against all the accused and their personal appearance. As the concerned Bank(s) have initiated legal proceedings against the defaulting borrowers and the process of recovery wil take its own legal course, action on this para may be treated as complete .

. No. F	Para No.	Ob	servation/Recommendation of JPC	Reply of Government/Action Taken	Further Progress
			October, 2000 and the same was	to the Audit Committee of the Board and all Zonal Managers	
			not re-introduced till June, 2001;	have been advised to ensure that no disruption of audit	
		(d)	no regular audit of the branch took	takeplace.	
			place after November, 1999;	Consequent to November 1999 the Stock Exchange Branch was	
		(e)	no effort was made to exercise	subject to various audits like Statutory Audit, RBI Audit,	
			control and to put the risk	Concurrent Audit, Internal Audit, Revenue Audit, System Audit	
			management measures in place	during the period from 31 st March 2000 to 12.01.2001. Similar	
			and guidelines issued by the RBI on	audits were also conducted for the subsequent period.	
			the subject were flouted with	Bank of India has reported that it has Credit Risk Management	
			impunity. While observing this, it is	Department to look after credit risks and operation risks and	
			recognized that Bank of India had	market risks are taken care of by the Asset Liability Committee	
			in place risk management measures	under the Treasury Department. Risk management systems are	
			comparable to other peer banks in	being periodically reviewed by the bank based on experience	
			the industry and that it did not have	gained from time to time. The risk management measures as	
			a counter-party bank exposure limit	per guidelines issued by RBI have been put in place.	
			for discounting of pay orders, just	Bank of India had filed a complaint with Central Bureau of	
			as many other peer banks;	Investigation, which filed a charge sheet against Ketan Parekh	
		(f)	although the Mumbai Stock	and others. Bank of India had suspended two officers viz. Shri	
			Exchange branch was handling	U.H. Somaiya, Assistant General Manager, Mumbai Stock	
			large volumes of business, mostly	Exchange Branch and Shri A.D. Suvarna, the dealing Officer.	
			sensitive in nature being related to	Suspension of Shri Suvarna has since been lifted. Departmental	
			capital market transactions, an	enquiry proceedings against Shri Somaiya has commenced and	
			officer (Shri U.H. Somaiya) with a	preliminary hearing was completed in August 2002. Regular	
			tainted record was posted as AGM	hearing is in progress. The bank also initiated legal action by	
			in this branch during November,	filing recovery suit with the DRT, Mumbai against the account	
			2000 who in turn allowed large scale	holder companies as also the Madhavpura Mercantile Co-op.	
			discounting of high value pay-orders	Bank Ltd. (MMCBL). The bank has also put in place a system of	
			issued particularly in favour of Ketan	selection of officers in sensitive post after obtaining prior vigilance	
			Parekh group of companies by	clearance. The bank had also examined the role of the Zonal	
			MMCBL and ultimately this resulted	Manager in consultation with the Central Vigilance Commission.	
			in a big pecuniary loss to the Bank	The aspect of reported failure to appoint concurrent auditors was	
			to the tune of Rs. 129.66 crore as	due to shortage of officers in the Zone consequent to Voluntary	
			on 25.7.2001. The fact that while	Retirement Scheme was also reported to the Central Vigilance	
			discounting a large number of pay	Commission. The Commission after considering all aspects has	
			orders, he even did not think it	advised the bank in February 2002 that it would not pursue the	
			prudent to heed the advice tendered	accountability of the controlling authority.	

SI. No. Para No. Observation/Recommendation of JPC

Reply of Government/Action Taken

Further Progress

by the Accountant of the branch and Bank of India has since been given 'No Objection' by the also ignored the reports appearing Government for going ahead with a compromise settlement in at the point of time, in different respect of Ketan Parekh Group of companies. The Government newspapers regarding the financial has directed the bank to include a clause in the compromise problems being faced by Shri Ketan agreement mentioning that the agreement is without prejudice Parekh, puts his role under to the criminal case against Ketan Parekh. Accordingly, Ketan suspicion. While observing this, it is Parekh is being advised by the bank, the terms of compromise recognised that the punishment approved by its Board and necessary consent terms will be filed given to Shri U.H. Somaiya for lapse in the court as per the terms of approval. committed by him earlier in the Bank Reserve Bank of India (RBI) has reported that in regard to was a minor one and that it did not delegation of powers, banks' Boards have been provided with freedom to take a decision on the extent of the delegations given bar him in being considered for the post of AGM of the Stock Exchange to its various functionaries. RBI does not interfere when the Branch as per internal rules of the system of delegation of powers authorised by the Board is Bank and the Bank had posted him transparent and adequate internal control measures are in place as AGM of the Branch having regard to check the exercise of powers within delegated limits. Pay Orders to his exposure as Managing are expected to be issued against value received and there is Director of Bank of India generally no restriction on discounting the pay orders of other Shareholding Corporation. In this banks after taking proper safeguards on assessment of connection, it should be necessary counterparty risk. The dishonour of the payment in the case of to carry out further inquiry regarding MMCB is an individual deviation and restriction on discounting financial benefits reaped by Shri pay orders could affect the sanctity of such instruments. RBI has also reported that as far as technology up-gradation is U.H. Somaiva, his present wealth and the mode of acquisition. concerned, the requirement relates to the setting up of adequate The Committee is unhappy that the infrastructure at branches of banks. This would be achieved by (g) management did not care to hold all means of computerization of the branches and connectivity of those responsible who were at the these branches to the controlling offices of banks, which would helm of affairs and were more ensure flow of data as part of the Risk Management Systems of responsible to ensure that the Bank banks. In respect of computerization and connectivity of public sector banks, the status position is being monitored biannually. functioned on prudent business Electronic Funds Transfer (EFT) has already been introduced principles and directions of the apex bank are followed stringently. No and covers 8500 branches of banks across 15 centres where action, for instance, was taken the Reserve Bank manages the Clearing houses. Centralised against the Zonal Manager for his Funds Management System (CSMS) and NDS have been made failure to alert the Head Office. operational while Real Time Gross Settlement System (RTGS) Concurrent auditor was also not is expected to be implemented by the third guarter of 2003.

. No. Para No.	Observation/Recommendation of JPC	Reply of Government/Action Taken	Further Progress
	appointed for months together. For	Reforms in the payment and settlement systems - which has	
	this lapse there is a case for	been an area of high priority for the Reserve Bank is based on	
	proceeding against the Zonal	the objective of creation of an efficient, safe and secure national	
	Manager.	payment system. Further, as additional measures aimed at	
		achieving this objective, a three pronged approach of	
		Consolidation, Development and Integration is being followed by	
		the Reserve Bank, viz., introduction of National EFT – to facilitate	
		any branch of a bank to transmit EFT messages in a safe and	
		secure manner, introduction of National Settlement System for	
		clearing operation – in respect of settlements arrived at different	
		clearing houses, and providing a comprehensive legal base of	
		payment and settlement systems in the form of a Payment and	
		Settlement Systems Act, including EFT Regulations.	
		As reported in December 2003	
		Recovery suits filed in DRT, Mumbai against Ketan Parekh group	
		of companies and Madhavpura Mercantile Co-operative Bank	
		Ltd. are in progress.	
		System of selection of officers in sensitive posts after obtaining	
		prior vigilance clearance, is being followed by the bank.	
		The compromise proposal as approved by the Government was	
		conveyed to the advocates of Shri Ketan Parekh by the Bank. A	
		meeting was arranged with the advocates of Ketan Parekh on	
		1.7.2003 when they have submitted certain changes in the terms	
		conveyed by the Bank. The Board in its meeting held on 25.9.2003	
		approved the modifications.	
		In compliance of JPC recommendation, PE.BAI. 2003.A.0002	
		was registered with ACB/CBI/Mumbai. Enquiries did not reveal	
		that Shri U.H. Somaiya's assets are disproportionate to his known	
		sources of income. Accordingly the PE has been closed.	
		However, Sh. Somaiya is facing departmental action for major	
		penalty in respect of serious irregularities committed in	
		discounting pay orders issued by MMCBL, Mandvi Branch in	
		favour of Ketan Parekh Group of Companies. Regular hearing	
		against him has commenced from 16.7.03.	

I. No. Para No.	Observation/Recommendation of JPC	Reply of Government/Action Taken	Further Progress
		As reported in June, 2004	
		Bank of India has informed as below:	
		Regular hearing against Shri U.H. Somaiya concluded on	
		14.11.2003. Enquiry Report was received from CDI on 7.2.2004	
		by Disciplinary Authority. A copy of findings was furnished to Shri	
		Somaiya seeking his representation on enquiry findings. Shri	
		Somaiya has submitted his representation and the matter is under	
		consideration of the Disciplinary Authority.	
		CBI after enquiry regarding acquisition of wealth and mode of	
		acquisition by Shri Somaiya did not reveal that Shri U.S. Somaiya	
		has any assets which are disproportionate to his known sources	
		of income and as he is already facing a departmental action for	
		major penalty, the Competent Authority in CBI after due evaluation	
		of evidence has approved closure of the case.	
		The compromise proposal as approved by the Government was	
		conveyed to the advocates of Shri Ketan Parekh by the Bank.	
		Shri Ketan Parekh requested certain modification in the terms of	
		approval. The Board in its meeting held on 25.9.2003 approved	
		the modification in the terms of compromise proposal.	
		Subsequently, Shri Ketan Parekh requested further modifications	
		in the terms of approval. Accordingly, at the meeting of Bank's	
		Board of Directors held on 9.3.2004, approval was accorded for	
		modification in terms of compromise proposal.	
		After filing suit in the accounts, Bank has so far recovered	
		aggregate sum of Rs.21.60 crores, out of which amount of Rs.8.05	
		crores is appropriated towards ledger outstanding, and amount	
		of Rs.13.55 crores is deposited with Prothonotary & Senior	
		Master, High Court, Mumbai as per Court Order. The present	
		book outstanding in the account is Rs.121.61 crores.	
		It has been informed by RBI that they have commenced	
		implementation of a RTGS system in a phased manner. As a	
		first stage, a demonstrable version of the RTGS system was	
		implemented in June 2003, and hands-on practice was given to	
		the officials of 104 banks. The RTGS system has gone live from	
		26 th March, 2004.	

SI. No.	Para No.	Observation/Recommendation of JPC	Reply of Government/Action Taken	Further Progress
			As reported in December, 2004 Bank of India has informed that departmental enquiry against Shri U.H. Somaiya has concluded with imposition of a major penalty on him. Shri Ketan Parekh has not agreed for inclusion of the clause in the compromise agreement "without prejudice to criminal case against him and other accused persons". Bank's advocates have opined that legally it is not necessary to retain the clause in the consent terms as such proceedings are separately prosecuted by CBI authorities and will not have any bearing regarding bank's dues payable under the consent terms. The matter is under the consideration of Bank of India in consultation with the Government. The Bank of India has so far recovered aggregate sum of Rs.21.78 crores. The present book outstanding in the account is Rs.121.43 crores. As reported in July, 2005 No change in status.	
3.	5.175	The Committee note that though as subsequent corrective measures the Bank has now stopped discounting pay-orders of any cooperative bank and have fixed counter-party limits/prudential limits for different categories of persons in the case of demand drafts, the major problem of overcoming the settlement risk which is reported to be the main cause behind this huge loss still remains to be addressed to by Reserve Bank of India and the Indian Bankers' Association. The Committee, therefore, recommend the following action: (a) Technology be improved with a view to ensuring that counter-party risk gets minimized through the introduction of real time gross	As reported in May, 2003 As against para 5.174 As reported in December 2003 As against para 5.174 As reported in June, 2004 The position has been explained in detail in reply to para 5.174 As reported in December, 2004 As against para 5.174. As reported in July, 2005 As against para 5.174.	As against para 5.174. Action complete

		Observation/Recommendation of JPC	Reply of Government/Action Taken	Further Progress
		settlement system, so that the		
		whole payment and settlement		
		system gets integrated. With a view		
		to ensuring that such failures do not		
		take place in future this must be		
		accorded top priority;		
		(b) Disciplinary action be taken against		
		all those who were supposed to		
		exercise due diligence in the		
		discharge of their duties and have		
		failed to do so. Investigations be		
		made to find out if Shri Somaiya or		
		any other official of the Bank had		
		colluded with Shri Ketan Parekh and		
		in case it is proved, criminal		
		proceedings be launched against all		
		those who are responsible for		
		causing wrongful loss to the Bank;		
		(c) Efforts for recovering the balance amount of Rs. 129.66 crore be		
		speeded up.		
4.	6.94	The Committee find that the payment	As reported in May, 2003	As against para 4.68.
		problem in CSE in March, 2001 was	SEBI has informed that it was the then policy of SEBI to follow	
		primarily due to high concentration in a	up the compliance with the findings of the inspection and	
		few scrips by a few brokers and a general	rectification through off site reporting requirement. The	
		failure of the Exchange in terms of	compliance of previous year's inspection was checked in the	
		surveillance and risk management. These	subsequent year's inspection of the stock exchange. This was	
		in turn owed their existence to the	the policy and practice then followed by SEBI in respect of all	
		weaknesses in the system due to conflict	stock exchanges.	
		of interest in the case of broker Directors.	The collection of margin compliance with exposure limit etc. was	
		The total pay-in default of Rs.120 crore	a normal surveillance function of any stock exchange, for which	
		during the crisis was met by utilising the	the stock exchanges were supposed to have set up an accurate	
		Settlement Guarantee Fund and from	system for surveillance function. During a special inspection of	
		other resources of the Exchange. This is	CSE conducted by SEBI in May 2001, the problem related to	

SI. No. Para No. Observation/Recommendation of JPC

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the Exchange to the tune of Rs.11 crore. Although SEBI has claimed that all investors got their due amount or securities on time and that there was no possibility of any adverse impact in real terms on other Stock Exchanges or the overall Stock Market, the Committee note that the payment crisis did affect market sentiment all over the country. As is evident from the succeeding paragraphs of this section, there has been obvious laxity in surveillance and gross violation of exposure controls and risk management measures. Payment crisis in CSE was not an isolated incident. It must be viewed from the overall manipulations of stock markets in India by various players of which Calcutta brokers became surrogates. These players included key brokers, corporate houses behind the brokers and broker directors of CSE. The payment crisis in CSE is due to wilful inaction of CSE and SEBI and involvement of banks.

inspection was not the normal inspection to look into the routine aspects such as Rules, Regulations, Circulars etc. but also the surveillance system of CSE. This inspection, therefore, detected the deficiency in the exposure limit, the inaccuracy in the calculation of margin, the algorithm in the system of margin collection and exposure limit.

In case of CSE, these systems of surveillance were provided by CMC Limited, then Public Sector Undertaking which had also supplied software to Bombay Stock Exchange and other stock exchanges. It was expected that the system would have the correct algorithm to calculate margin, exposure limit and other risk management requirements. These were the basic requirements which were to be ensured by the stock exchange while accepting the software. SEBI's annual inspection of stock exchanges looked at whether the margin provided / calculated by the system and the exposure limit were collected / maintained by the stock exchange and accordingly the actions are being taken by the stock exchanges for non compliance. Such action would include penalty, switching off terminals etc.

CSE had indicated that they had collected margin of Rs. 594 crore to Rs. 656 crore during January / February 2001. Besides, CSE has also reported that between April 01, 2000 to March 31, 2001, on 3607 occasions terminals of the brokers were deactivated due to violation of intra day trading limits / exposure limit, non payments of margins and other violations. Similarly, CSE had in the said period also imposed fines on 618 occasions on the members for non payment of pay-in / margins on due dates. When SEBI had detected in its own special inspection report where cases of the terminals were not switched off. SEBI had taken action by calling explanation of Executive Director for non deactivation of the terminals of the members in case of instances of delay in collection of margin observed. It may also be mentioned that after considering the SEBI's special inspection report and the comments of the Executive Director on the lapses and deficiencies (including non-deactivation of trading terminals for non-payment of margins on time) pointed out in the report, the Board of CSE in its meeting held on August 11, 2001 decided to terminate the contract of the Executive Director of CSE with immediate effect.

SI. No. Para No.	Observation/Recommendation of JPC	Reply of Government/Action Taken	Further Progress
		SEBI thereafter asked CSE to conduct system audit. Other stock	
		exchanges such as BSE, NSE, DSE, UPSE and ASE have also	
		been advised to conduct systems audit. CSE appointed Ernst	
		and Young to conduct the audit of the systems of the exchange.	
		The systems audit carried out by Ernst and Young pointed out	
		several deficiencies in the trading system of the exchange.	
		The findings of the system audit have been communicated by	
		CSE to M/s. CMC Limited. Further M/s. CMC Limited has been	
		advised by SEBI to conduct a formal enquiry in their organization	
		and fix responsibility for serious lapses. CMC has also been	
		advised to confirm rectification of deficiencies pointed out in the	
		system audit report has been completed.	
		It may also be mentioned that CSE has initiated criminal and civil	
		proceedings (at the instance of SEBI) against the concerned	
		brokers of Singhania Group, Biyani Group and Poddar Group.	
		Further, as advised by SEBI, CSE has also filed FIR against	
		Singhania Group, Biyani Group and Poddar Group of brokers with	
		Kolkata Police Authorities (Case ref. – Hare Street P.S/DD Case	
		No. 476 dated 24.09.2002 U/s. 120B/420/409/467/468/471/477A	
		IPC). The details have been given in reply to para no. 6.101.	
		With regard to payment crisis and impacting the reserves of the	
		exchange, SEBI have informed that the total turnover in CSE in	
		settlement no. 148 was Rs. 8610 crore (daily average Rs.1700	
		crore). The total turnover for settlement nos. 149 and 150 was Rs.	
		4744 crore and Rs.1275 crore respectively. Thus the total business	
		done by CSE in the three settlements was Rs.14629 crore against	
		which the payment shortfall was Rs.96.59 crore only. Thus while	
		in absolute amount the shortfall is sizable, it is only 0.66 % of the	
		total business done on the CSE in the three settlements.	
		Regarding the impact of the payment crisis in CSE on the stock	
		market, SEBI have informed that the total turnover during the	
		relevant 3 weeks period in the major stock exchanges viz. NSE,	
		BSE and CSE was around Rs.119000 crore and the total payment	
		shortfall in the settlement nos. 148,149 & 150 at CSE was Rs.	
		96.59 crore which is only 0.08 % of the total business done inthe	
		major exchanges. Though the amount of shortfall of Rs. 96.59 crore	
		is sizable in absolute terms, this amount of shortfall is only 0.08%	
		of the total business done in the major 3 exchanges.	

SI. NO. Para NO.	Observation/Recommendation of JPC	Reply of Government/Action Taken	Further Progress
		CSE confirmed vide letter dated March 23, 2001 that the pay-	
		out for settlement nos. 148, 149 and 150 was completed as per	
		schedule by using SGF and General Reserves of the Exchange	
		and other recoveries. The exchange also confirmed that no	
		investor was affected. Completion of pay-out of settlement no.	
		148 was confirmed by the ED, CSE in the Emergency Board	
		Meeting of CSE held on March 12, 2001. As all investors got	
		their due amounts or securities on time, there is no possibility of	
		any adverse impact in real terms on the other stock exchanges	
		or the over all stock market. SEBI has not received any complaint	
		from investors for non-receipt of pay out at CSE.	
		The action taken against the various brokers and the Executive	
		Director and the FIR lodged by CSE had been discussed in detail	
		in reply to para no. 6.101.	
		In addition, CSE had filed a case against IndusInd Bank before	
		the National Forum of Consumer Protection for recovery of	
		damage due to deficiency in service by IndusInd Bank. However,	
		the Forum dismissed the application on the ground that the matter	
		required examination of complex question of law evidence and	
		cross evidence of documents of huge volume. The exchange	
		preferred an appeal being the Civil Appeal No 8435/2001 in	
		Supreme Court.	
		Surveillance inspection of Calcutta Stock exchange was	
		conducted in March 2002, wherein the stock watch system, its benchmarks, alert generation, follow up of alerts and	
		investigations taken up by the exchange were examined. Inspection findings were communicated to the exchange with	
		detailed comments on the above areas. Compliance report have	
		been received from the exchange and SEBI board has been	
		apprised of the status on various aspects.	
		As reported in December 2003	
		Regarding the FIR lodged with Kolkatta Police by CSE, the	
		investigation is going on.	
		Regarding the appeal filed by CSE in the Supreme Court against	
		the order of National Forum of Consumer Protection for recovery	
		of damages from IndusInd Bank, there is no change in status.	

SI. No. P	Para No.	Observation/Recommendation of JPC	Reply of Government/Action Taken	Further Progress
			As reported in June, 2004 Investigation of Kolkatta Police is in progress. As reported in December, 2004 Investigations by Kolkata Police are in progress. SEBI is following up with Kolkata Police authorities for early disposal of FIR filed by CSE. As reported in July, 2005 Kolkatta Police have informed that further investigation is being conducted with the help of SEBI, ROC, Stock Exchange and other regulatory bodies regarding software error and role played by the accused broker directors who were aware of such error.	
5.		The margin money collected by CSE on gross exposure of brokers was substantially lower than the required amount due to a software error. The programme module used to erroneously report zero in place of all values larger than Rs. 2.14 crore (approx.). The under statement of gross exposure margin varied from day to day and it was as much as Rs. 50.38 crore on 1.3.2001 out of which the under-statement pertaining to one defaulter broker alone was to the tune of over Rs.11 crore. The brokers including broker directors were aware of the software error and avoided reporting the matter to the Exchange. This reveals the collusion and connivance among all concerned. The Committee cannot accept the then Executive Director's plea that he had no knowledge of the error which had been prevalent since December, 1999. The Committee, therefore, recommend that this be thoroughly investigated and appropriate action taken.	As reported in May, 2003 As at Para 6.94. As reported in December, 2003 With regard to the alleged criminal negligence on the part of the then Executive Director, CSE has been advised by SEBI to ensure that during investigation of the matter by Kolkata Police or otherwise, if any offence or criminal act on the part of the then Executive Director and / or any other functionaries of the Exchange is found out, the Exchange shall initiate immediate appropriate action including filing another complaint with the Kolkata Police. As reported in June, 2004 SEBI is co-ordinating with Kolkatta Police. As reported in December, 2004 Investigations by Kolkata Police are in progress. SEBI is following up with Kolkata Police authorities for early disposal of FIR filed by CSE. As reported in July, 2005 As against para 6.94.	As against para 4.68.

SI. No.	Para No.	Observation/Recommendation of JPC	Reply of Government/Action Taken	Further Progress
16.	6.104	The Committee are concerned to learn that	As reported in May, 2003	The matter relating to action taken by SEB
		the deficiencies in the working of CSE were	Matter is under consideration of SEBI.	against their officials is under review with
		not of recent origin. SEBI's report a decade	As reported in December, 2003	them.
		ago had found numerous deficiencies	Explanation has been sought from Executive Director (Secondary	
		including absence of a mechanism for	Market Department) and the officers concerned. They have	
		monitoring margins. On the basis of an	submitted their explanation. These are under consideration.	
		enquiry into the affairs of CSE in April,	Executive Director (Surveillance) has been repatriated to parent	
		1994, it was recommended that the Board	Department and relevant material has been sent to Central Board	
		of the Exchange should be suspended. The	of Direct Taxes (CBDT) for seeking explanation from the officer.	
		problems of CSE as seen by this	As reported in June, 2004	
		Committee appear to flow from the culture	Explanations have been sought from the then ED and all	
		of non-compliance with rules, regulations	concerned officials in SEBI who were involved in the task of	
		and transparent practices. This appears to	inspection of CSE during 1999 and 2000. Replies received from	
		have developed over a period of time. In	them are being examined.	
		1994 it was recommended that the Board	As regards the then ED, Surveillance who was on deputation	
		of the Exchange should be suspended	from CBDT, CBDT was requested to take further appropriate	
		because of gross malpractices. After	action. A reminder has been sent on May 21, 2004 to intimate	
		reviewing the position, however, the SEBI	progress in the matter.	
		did not suspend the Exchange or take any	As reported in December, 2004	
		severe measures as to shake up work	The matter relating to the action against SEBI officials is in the	
		culture of the exchange. The Committee's	final stage and action shall be completed shortly.	
		examination has, however, shown that	As regards, action against the then Executive Director	
		nothing changed in CSE. Instead, things	(Surveillance), SEBI is in touch with CBDT.	
		went from bad to worse. It is clear that	As reported in July, 2005	
		despite knowing the track record of CSE,	SEBI have informed that on examination of the replies furnished	
		SEBI did not take timely corrective action.	by the concerned SEBI officials, the Competent Authority has	
		The Committee are of the view that SEBI	indicated that no further action need be taken. The matter is	
		should have played a more proactive role	underreview.	
		in the affairs of CSE and curbed	As regards, action against the then Executive Director	
		malpractices well in time. The SEBI failed	(Surveillance), SEBI who was on deputation from CBDT, CBDT	
		to do so. Officials of Surveillance	have informed that the explanation of Shri L.K. Singhvi has been	
		Department of SEBI dealing with CSE are	called vide Department of Revenue's OM dated 26.3.05 and the	
		also similarly responsible. SEBI's lapses	reply furnished by Shri Singhvi has been forwarded to Chairman,	
		should be investigated and accountability	SEBI vide their DO letter dtd 18/20.5.2005 requesting them to	
		be fixed.	examine and intimate whether the facts stated by the officer in	
			his reply are correct and whether the surveillance department of	
			SEBI have no role in the inspections as stated by Shri Singhvi.	

SI. No.	Para No.	Observation/Recommendation of JPC		Reply of Government/Action Taken	Further Progress
17.	7.4	The failure in investigating into the role of		reported in May, 2003	
		promoters and corporate entities while		partment of Company Affairs have informed that some	Action taken by SEBI is reflected in repl
		share prices of particular scrips were		rporate houses misused the liberalisation introduced by	to Para 2.15.
		being artificially manipulated has been		ertion of section 372A to transfer large sums of money to the	The Report of J.J. Irani Committee i
		attributed by SEBI to the absence of		group. It is proposed to tighten the loopholes by carrying out	under examination.
		authority to investigate into their role under		veral changes in section 372A. As a result of the lessons	
		the Securities and Exchange Board of		awn from the stock market scams and as a consequence of	
		India Act, 1992. Under Section 11(2)(i),		recommendations of the JPC, it is proposed to amend Section	
		SEBI is charged with responsibility of		2A to close the loopholes noticed and to prescribe a more	
		calling for information, undertaking		vere punishment for its violation. Proposals have been	
		inspections, conducting enquiries and		mulated as part of the amendments to the Companies Act	
		audit of the stock exchanges, mutual		der consideration.	
		funds, other persons associated with the		tion taken by SEBI is reflected in reply to Para 2.15.	
		stock market, intermediaries and		reported in December, 2003	
		self-regulatory organizations in the stock		e Department of Company Affairs has introduced the	
		market. Though it may be possible to		mpanies Amendment Bill, 2003 in the Rajya Sabha on 7 th	
		contend that SEBI did not enjoy the		y, 2003. The Cabinet has now advised the Department that	
		authority to directly investigate corporate		tead of moving a number of official amendments to the Bill,	
		entities, which might have, through	DC	CA should bring a new legislation for consideration of the	
		various channels, provided funding in the		binet.	
		stock market. That the promoters and		BI has taken following further action:	
		corporate entities were, at the relevant	a)		
		time, playing a significant role cannot be		A personal hearing has been granted to the DSQ Software	
		denied. The Department of Company		Ltd., and its promoter Shri Dinesh Dalmia on 22/11/2003	
		Affairs, one of the entities having		before Chairman, SEBI issues final order in the matter.	
		regulatory authority could have, had it	b)	against Padmini Technologies Ltd:	
		informed itself of this or been alerted to		Prosecutions lodged against the company and its whole-	
		the role of promoters and corporate		time directors in the Court of Addl. Chief Metropolitan	
		entities, taken timely action in the matter.		Magistrate, Tis Hazari, Delhi vide case no. 252 of 2003 on	
		Diversion of funds allocated to specific		March 26, 2003.	
		projects for use in the stock market for	C)	against Zee Telefilms Ltd: Found violated the provisions	
		the purchase of specific scrips,		of SEBI (Substantial Acquisition of Shares and Takeover)	
		investment companies operating in the		Regulations, 1997. Penalty of Rs. 60,000 was imposed and	
		stock market through brokers, nexus		paid.	
		between brokers and corporate entities in	d)	against Global Tele-Systems Ltd (GTL Ltd): Found	
		the context of the interests of brokers in		violated the provisions of SEBI (Substantial Acquisition of	
		specific corporate entities, which facts		Shares and Takeover) Regulations, 1997. Penalty of	
		have now come to light, establish the		Rs.1,20,000 was imposed and paid.	
		nexus between brokers and corporate	e)	against Pentamedia Graphics Ltd: Found violated the	

il. No.	Para No.	Observation/Recommendation of JPC	Reply of Government/Action Taken	Further Progress
. по.		entities. The proximity of promoters and brokers is also established by the frequency with which both acted in collusion by the use of circular trading in respect of shares of certain companies, with the sole objective of creating an impression that the scrip in which circular trading is effected was heavily traded; consequently enticing innocent participants in the stock market to purchase the scrip of that company. These and other factors contributed largely to the artificial inflation of share prices in specific scrips, particular known as the "K-10 stocks" which, in turn, contributed in large measure to a sentiment being created in the market which enthused others to invest solely in these specific scrips and the stock market in general.	 provisions of SEBI (Substantial Acquisition of Shares and Takeover) Regulations, 1997. Penalty of Rs. 90,000 was imposed and paid. f) against entities of Ranbaxy Laboratories Ltd: Adjudication proceedings for alleged contravention of section 15A(a) of the SEBI Act read with Regulation 3(4) of the SEBI (Substantial Acquisition of Shares and Takeover) Regulations, 1997 have been initiated against 12 promoter group entities of Ranbaxy Laboratories Ltd. The adjudication proceedings are in progress. As reported in June, 2004 DCA had introduced Companies (Amendment) Bill 2003 in the Rajya Sabha on 07.05.2003. The previous Cabinet had directed the Department that instead of moving a number of official amendments to the Bill, DCA may bring a new legislation for consideration of the Cabinet. The new comprehensive Bill is under preparation. As regorted in December, 2004 Companies Bill was introduced. It was decided to take up comprehensive review and revamp of the law. Decision endorsed by the new Govt. on assumption of office after Lok Sabha Election 2004. Concept Paper was placed in Website on 04-08-2004. Time allowed for comments 3 months. Consultation with various organisations, Experts Professional bodies in progress. As regorted in July, 2005 As regards action by SEBI, the position is given in reply to para No.2.15. The concept paper has been referred to J.J. Irani Committee for examination. The said committee has submitted its report to the 	
18.	7.51	SEBI furnished four sets of interim reports inclusive of its investigation regarding scrips of certain corporate bodies. The	Government on 31.5.2005. The same is under examination. As reported in May, 2003 Enforcement Directorate has informed that JPC has commented on the suspect roles of 15 promoters and Corporate entities.	No change in the status.

SI. No. Para No. Observation/Recommendation of JPC **Reply of Government/Action Taken Further Progress** Committee's insistence for SEBI's final Files in respect of 15 promoters / companies stated to be close findings regarding the role of promoters/ to Ketan Parekh were opened by them to determine the nexus corporate bodies in the price manipulation with brokers through OCB's and FII's and to trace violation of of the scrips yielded yet another set of RBI/SIA norms while transferring equity to OCB's and FII's. The reports most of which were again of promoter companies can be divided into two parts:interim nature and were received as late Out of the 15 companies mentioned in the JPC report, there 1. as in November 2002. Due to are companies, where certain enquiries which might have a non-availability of Final Report from SEBI, FEMA angle were still pending. These comprise the a) DSQ the Committee could not have the group, b)Zee Telefilms Ltd., c)HFCL, d)Global Telesytems, opportunity to take oral evidence of these e)Global Trust Bank, f)Silverline Technologies, g)SSI Ltd. corporate bodies. The Committee urge 2. With regard to the second group, the Enforcement SEBI, the Department of Company Affairs Directorate's inquiries have been directed against these and other investigative agencies to promoter companies where certain details have been called expedite and complete their investigations for. This group comprises a)Adani Exports, b)Padmini into involvement of promoters/corporate Technologies c)Aftek Infosys, d)Satyam Computers e) houses in manipulation of prices of scrips Ranbaxy Ltd. f) Lupin Labs g) Pentamedia Graphics h) which were found to have undergone Shonkh Technologies. unusual volatility. The Government should In addition to the 15 promoters and corporate entities mentioned in JPC report, on the basis of SEBI report suggesting the specific take appropriate action under the provisions of the relevant laws on the involvement in market manipulation and their proximity to Ketan basis of outcome of their findings. Parekh, the Enforcement Directorate has initiated investigation Expeditious action should be taken in respect of the following companies: against those involved wherever the a)Maars Technologies, b) Mascon Global, c) Mukta Arts, d) Tips involvement of promoter/corporate house Industries, e) Balaji Telefilms, f) Kopran Group, g) Nirma Group, is established. h) Cadilla group. Investigations by the Enforcement Directorate in respect of these 23 promoters/companies are in progress. Action taken by SEBI is covered in Para 2.15. As reported in December, 2003 The Enforcement Directorate had also initiated investigation in respect of 8 more companies. Thus, the total number of companies, which were under investigation by Enforcement Directorate, was 23. Out of these 23 companies, in respect of one company i.e. DSQ Group, the investigation has been completed and Show Cause Notices have been issued under both FERA & FEMA. In respect of M/s Maars Technologies and Silverline Technologies Ltd.. investigation on one aspect i.e. non-realisation of export proceeds have since been completed and Show Cause Notices have been

No.	Para No.	Observation/Recommendation of JPC	Reply of Government/Action Taken	Further Progress
			issued under FEMA on 11.6.2003 and 8.10.2003 respectively.	
			Investigations in respect of the remaining 20 companies are at a	
			very advanced stage.	
			As reported in June, 2004	
			Investigations by Enforcement Directorate are in progress.	
			As reported in December, 2004	
			Out of 23 companies, Show Cause Notice (SCN) to one more	
			company i.e. M/s Lupin Ltd. (apart from 04 companies against	
			whom SCNs have already been issued) has been issued on 2/	
			9/2004 leaving 18 companies against whom investigations are	
			at a very advanced stage.	
			Besides, part investigations have been completed against one	
			more company viz. M/s Shonkh Tech. Ltd. and a show cause	
			notice for non-realisation of export proceeds has been issued.	
			However, further investigations in this case are also being carried	
			out on the basis of documents received from the CBI.	
			In another company of M/s Ketan Parekh, a show cause notice	
			has been issued to M/s Classic Credit Ltd. and M/s Panther Fin	
			Cap Ltd. (both Ketan Parekh entities in India) alongwith Shri	
			Ketan Parekh. However, some more investigations are being carried out.	
			Further, a show cause notice issued to M/s DSQ Software Ltd.	
			has been adjudicated by imposing a penalty of Rs.2 crore on	
			the company and Rs.2 crore on Shri Dinesh Dalmia.	
			As reported in July, 2005	
			Enforcement Directorate has informed that out of 23 companies,	
			Show Cause Notices against seven companies have been	
			issued. Investigation against remaining 16 companies is at an	
			advance stage.	
9.	7.53	Having learnt about the ingenious ways	As reported in May, 2003	
		of transferring funds by certain companies	DCA has informed that regarding multiple investment companies,	The Report of J.J. Irani Committee
		to manipulate the market, SEBI has now	a proposal has been formulated as part of the amendments to	under examination.
		made certain suggestions to prevent	the Companies Act presently under consideration of the	
		proliferation of shell companies. In order	Department.	
		that the scope of registering shell	Regarding preferential allotment, DCA will shortly be making rules	
		companies with fictitious details about	on the basis of the recommendations of the Verma Committee.	
		their initial subscribers/promoters, their	SEBI has informed that regarding preferential allotment of shares,	

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regarding preferential allotment, the Department is going to issue "Unlisted Public Companies (Preference Allotment) Rules". Circular on private placement of debt securities by listed

companies has been issued by SEBI on September 30, 2003. As reported in June, 2004

DCA had introduced Companies (Amendment) Bill 2003 in the Rajya Sabha on 7.5.2003. The previous Cabinet had directed the Department that instead of moving a number of official amendments to the Bill, DCA may bring a new legislation for

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			consideration of the Cabinet. The new comprehensive Bill is under preparation. In regard to recommendations of Prof. Verma Committee, DCA has notified the "Unlisted Public Companies (Preference Allotment) Rules" on 04.12.2003. As reported in December, 2004 As against para 7.4. As reported in July, 2005 As against para No.7.4.	
20.	7.54	This Committee hold that even as there are valid reasons to believe that the corporate house-broker-bank-FIIs nexus played havoc in the Indian capital market quite sometime now through fraudulent manipulations of prices at the cost of the small investors, this Committee were severely handicapped in the matter of making any purposeful recommendations because of non-availability of required support from concerned regulatory and other bodies with necessary material. The issue acquires added importance in view of the recommendations of the 1992 JPC regarding the urgent need to go into this unhealthy nexus of corporate entities-brokers-banks and others.	As reported in May, 2003 SEBI is looking into the matter. As reported in December, 2003 No change in the status. As reported in June, 2004 The position has been explained in reply to para No. 2.15. As reported in December, 2004 The position has been explained in reply to para No.2.15. As reported in July, 2005 The position has been explained in reply to para No.2.15	The position has been explained in reply to para No. 2.15
21.	8.76	SEBI's investigations have brought out several instances of violations by OCBs such as non-delivery of shares, purchase of shares on adjustment basis, booking purchase orders without sufficient balances in their accounts, exceeding the prescribed ceiling of 5 per cent for individual OCBs and violations of 10 per cent aggregate ceiling, etc. Certain OCBs and sub-accounts of FIIs also violated the SEBI (Substantial Acquisition of	As reported in May, 2003 SEBI has informed that Adjudication orders were passed by it against OCBs, viz. Kensington Investments Ltd, Brentfield Holdings Ltd, European Investments Ltd and Far East Investments Ltd and sub-account viz. Kallar Kahar Investments Ltd for their dealings in the scrips viz. Mascon Global Ltd, Shonkh Technologies Ltd, DSQ Biotech Ltd, Aftek Infosys and Global Trust Bank (GTB). Enforcement Directorate has informed that adjudication proceedings in relation to four Show Cause Notices under FERA and two under FEMA comprising ten charges against custodian	As mentioned in paragraph 4.44, out of 6 Show Cause Notices under Foreign Exchange Regulation Act/Foreign Exchange Management Act, 2 Show Cause Notices issued under Foreign Exchange Management Act have been adjudicated, out of which in one Show Cause Notice charges were dropped and in other Show Cause Notice total penalties of Rs.1.60 crores were imposed.

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		Shares and Take Over) Regulations. SEBI has mentioned five OCBs and two sub-accounts of FIIs which have aided, assisted and abetted in creation of artificial market and volumes, circular trading and building up concentrated positions in a few scrips. SEBI is reportedly taking action against four OCBs and one sub-account for violation of its regulations regarding substantial acquisition of shares. As regards market manipulations by OCBs, SEBI is stated to be examining the matter legally. The Committee urge that SEBI's remaining investigations as well as its legal examination should be completed expeditiously and appropriate action taken against offenders. The Committee note that the Directorate of Enforcement has also since issued show cause notices to the custodian bank and certain OCBs for FERA violations. The Committee hope that final action in this regard would be completed early.	Bank and OCB have already been and are being expedited. As reported in December, 2003 The adjudication proceedings in relation to four SCNs under FERA and two complaints under FEMA comprising 10 charges against Custodian Bank and the OCB's have already begun. The Adjudicating Authority has been advised to expedite the proceedings. As reported in June, 2004 Adjudication proceedings in relation to four SCNs under FERA and two complaints under FEMA comprising 10 charges against Custodian Bank and the OCB's are in progress. As reported in December, 2004 Adjudication proceedings are in progress. As reported in July, 2005 Out of 6 SCNs issued under FERA/FEMA, adjudication proceedings into two SCNs issued under FEMA have been completed. As a result of adjudication, penalty has been imposed in one case. In another case, charge was not established. The Adjudicating Officers have been requested to expedite completion of adjudication proceedings in the remaining 4 cases under FERA.	In addition, during the course or investigation of an FII i.e. J. Henry Schrodders Bank (JHSB), a Show Cause Notice under Foreign Exchange Management Act was issued to JHSB and its Custodian Bank (Deutch Bank).
22.	9.31	The Committee recommend the following:- (i) The role of Executive Directors in charge of the Secondary Market Division and the Surveillance Division in SEBI during 1999 and 2000 needs to be critically looked into for not ensuring compliance with various actions recommended in the inspection reports of 1999 and 2000. (ii) Explanation be called for immediately from all concerned officials in SEBI who were involved in the task of inspection of CSE during 1999 and 2000 regarding their failure to detect non-inclusion of	As reported in May, 2003 SEBI has informed that explanation has been already sought from Executive Director (Secondary Market Department) and other officers concerned in this matter. SEBI is also obtaining the explanation of the then Executive Director in charge of Surveillance Division in 1999-2000 through his parent department. Besides, it is envisaged that upon demutualisation and corporatisation of the exchanges, there will be a majority of independent directors on the boards of each of the stock exchange. As reported in December, 2003 As against para 6.104.	As against para 6.104.

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crystallised long position in the outstanding position of the brokers and action be taken for dereliction of duty. (iii) The poor attendance of SEBI nominee directors in the Board meetings of Stock Exchanges in the past puts a question mark on the efficacy of the system of nominee directors. Although SEBI has since discontinued the system, the Committee desire that the Ministry of Finance should undertake a fresh review of the system of nominee directors keeping in view the proposed demutualisation and corporatisation of stock exchanges.	As reported in June, 2004 Explanations have been sought from the then ED and all concerned officials in SEBI who were involved in the task of inspection of CSE during 1999 and 2000. Replies received from them are being examined. As regards the then ED, Surveillance who was on deputation from CBDT, CBDT has been requested to take further appropriate action. A reminder has been sent on May 21, 2004 to intimate progress in the matter. As reported in December, 2004 As against para 6.104. As against para 6.104.	
proposals were kept pending by the Central Government despite repeated attempts at all levels to get this considered. Ultimately, in October 2001 Government asked the Institute to have a re-look at the proposals. The Institute has since reviewed the recommendations afresh and would submit the same to the Government. The Committee stress that the amendments if carried out, will not only reduce the time taken in disciplinary proceedings considerably but would also	23.12.2003. As reported in December, 2004 The Bills to amend the Chartered Accountants Act, 1949; The Cost & Works Accountants Act, 1959 and The Company	Bills to amend the Chartered Accountants Act 1949 the Cost & Works Accountants Act, 1959 and the Company Secretaries Act 1980 was considered by the Cabine in its meeting held on 25.7.2005. It was decided that the matter may, in the firs instance, be considered by the Group o Ministers. The said Group has deliberated the issues. The Bills are now being processed for necessary approvals prior to introduction in the Parliament.
	 outstanding position of the brokers and action be taken for dereliction of duty. (iii) The poor attendance of SEBI nominee directors in the Board meetings of Stock Exchanges in the past puts a question mark on the efficacy of the system of nominee directors. Although SEBI has since discontinued the system, the Committee desire that the Ministry of Finance should undertake a fresh review of the system of nominee directors keeping in view the proposed demutualisation and corporatisation of stock exchanges. The Committee regret that the said proposals were kept pending by the Central Government despite repeated attempts at all levels to get this considered. Ultimately, in October 2001 Government asked the Institute to have a re-look at the proposals. The Institute has since reviewed the recommendations afresh and would submit the same to the Government. The Committee stress that the amendments if carried out, will not only reduce the time taken in disciplinary proceedings considerably but would also 	 outstanding position of the brokers and action be taken for dereliction of duty. (iii) The poor attendance of SEBI nominee directors in the Board meetings of Stock Exchanges in the past puts a question mark on the efficacy of the system of nominee directors. Although SEBI has since discontinued the system, the Committee desire that the Ministry of the system of nominee directors have been sought from CBDT, CBDT has been requested to take further appropriate action. A reminder has been sent on May 21, 2004 to intimate progress in the matter. As reported in December, 2004 As against para 6.104. As reported in July, 2005 As against para 6.104. As against para 6.104. As against para 6.104. As reported in May, 2003 Department of Company Affairs have informed that proposals for relevant amendments in the Chartered Accountants' Act, 1949 attempts at all levels to get this considered. Ultimately, in October 2001 Government asked the Institute to have a re-look at the proposals. The Institute to have a re-look at the proposals. The Institute to have a re-look at the proposals. The Institute to have a re-look at the proposals. The Institute to have a re-look at the proposals. The Institute to have a re-look at the proposals. The Institute to have a re-look at the proposals. The Institute to have a re-look at the proposals. The Institute to have a re-look at the proposals. The Institute to have a re-look at the proposals. The Institute to the amendments if carried out, will not only reduce the time taken in disciplinary reduce the time taken in disciplinary proceedings considerably but would also ensure effective and expeditious disposal. As reported in December, 2004 The Bills to amend the Chartered Accountants Act, 1949, The Cost & Works Accountants Act 1959 and The Company Secretaries Act 1980 have been introduced in Rajya Sabha on 23.12.20

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			Secretaries Act, 1980 were referred to the Parliamentary Standing Committee on Finance, which has tabled its reports in both the Houses of Parliament in Budget Session 2005. Notices for enactment of amendments to the said Acts are proposed to be introduced in the Parliament during the Monsoon session, 2005.	
24.	10.76	Governor, RBI conceded that at present our system is "non-functional". Yet, RBI has been rather tardy in suggesting amendments to the existing legislative provisions to make them stronger and more punitive. For instance, amendments to the Public Debt Act, 1944 in response to the 1992 recommendations of the previous JPC have been under process for seven years since 1994 and are yet to be effected. Similarly, it was not till after the present scam involving UCBs came to light that amendments were proposed to the Banking Regulation Act, 1949 to bring some of the provisions regarding cooperative banks at par with those of commercial banks. Moreover, the enhancement of the penal provisions of the Banking Regulation Act, 1949 are yet to be mooted by the RBI. Legislative amendments based on the recommendations of the Dr. L.N. Mitra Committee (2001) have also not seen the light of day so far. The Committee deplore the half hearted and casual manner in which these critical matters have been dealt with and desire that proposals already forwarded by the RBI to the Ministry of Finance be cleared expeditiously. Particularly in the present environment, when financial markets are getting integrated, it is essential that a	As reported in May, 2003 The recommendations of the Joint Parliamentary Committee which looked into irregularities in securities transactions relating to amendment in the Public Debt Act, 1944 for making bouncing of SGL transfer forms as a penal offence was considered and it was decided to replace the Public Debt Act, 1944 with a new legislation called Government Securities Act. A provision has been included in the draft bill by which dishonour of SGL transfer form for insufficient balance will be a legal offence and the seller will be liable for punishment. Prior consent of the State Governments is required as the Act applies to the market borrowings by RBI for both the Union and State Governments. The proposed legislation was delayed for want of concurrence of the State Governments. As regards amendment to the Banking Regulation Act, 1949 the RBI had appointed a High Powered Committee on Urban Cooperative Banks under the Chairmanship of Shri K. Madhav Rao in May 1999 and a Task Force under Shri Jagdish Capoor, the then Deputy Governor RBI which have inter-alia looked into the question of duality of control over cooperative banks. The Committee has recommended removal of duality of control over Cooperative Banks by way of either replacing the existing State Cooperative Banks by way of either replacing the existing State Cooperative Bonks by way of incorporating essential features of the model Act in their respective Cooperative Societies Act by the State Governments. The Ministry of Finance was also of the view that removal of duality of control is essential for proper regulation and management of cooperative banks. Therefore the above legislative changes have been made a pre condition for taking up revitalisation of cooperative banks as announced in the Union Budget for the year 2002-03 and a scheme is expected to encourage State Governments to undertake the above legislation	The recommendations of Ghosh & Mitra Committee Reports on Financial Frauds and for devising effective mechanism to deal with frauds were examined and ir view of the fact that the existing lega provisions facilitate initiation of desired action with respect to frauds without any legal amendment and considering various steps taken including setting up of a Serious Fraud Investigation Office (SFIO) it has been decided to drop the proposa for a separate legislation to deal with frauds. Action completed.

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	thorough review be made of all existing	exercise for availing revitalisation assistance by the cooperative	
	laws relating to the regulatory	banks is under consideration of Government.	
	responsibilities of RBI.	The proposals of the Reserve Bank of India relating to setting up	
		of an apex supervisory body did not find favour with the Government	
		as it did not address the basic issue of duality of control on	
		cooperative banks. The Reserve Bank of India had submitted	
		certain proposals in May 2001 to the Ministry of Finance which	
		were also not found to be adequate in tightening the supervisory	
		control of Reserve Bank of India over the cooperative banks. The	
		proposals have been further discussed with RBI/NABARD and	
		amendments to the Banking Regulation Act are now been finalised	
		which will give Reserve Bank of India adequate powers to effectively	
		supervise cooperative banks. These proposals are in the final stage and soon a bill is likely to be introduced in the Parliament.	
		Recommendations made by Dr. L.N. Mitra Committee have been	
		referred to the High Powered Committee set up by the Central	
		Vigilance Commission to look into speedy action in respect of large	
		value bank frauds. The recommendations of the Committee are	
		being examined in consultation with Central Vigilance Commission	
		and Ministry of Law.	
		Accepted an Internal Working Group has been constituted in	
		the RBI to identify the existing constraints in our laws for	
		regulation and supervision.	
		As reported in December, 2003	
		A Bill to amend the Banking Regulation Act, 1949 has been	
		introduced in the Lok Sabha on 13.8.03. The Bill has been	
		referred to the Standing Committee on Finance.	
		Regarding the L.N. Mitra Committee Report, Ministry of Law,	
		which was consulted by the Ministry of Finance, has desired for	
		the views of Department of Company Affairs, Ministry of Home	
		Affairs and Central Bureau of Investigation. The comments from	
		CBI and Department of Company Affairs have been received	
		and from Ministry of Home Affairs are awaited.	
		As reported in June, 2004	
		With the dissolution of 13th Lok Sabha, the Bill to amend the	
		Banking Regulation Act, 1949 has lapsed. Its reintorduction in	
		14th Lok Sabha is under consideration.	
		The L.N. Mitra Committee report is under consideration with	
		the Ministry of Home Affairs and Department of Justice.	

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			As reported in December, 2004	
			Though comprehensive amendments to Banking Regulation Act	
			for empowering the RBI to have greater regulatory control over	
			the Urban Cooperative Banks is under consideration, an Ordinance	
			was promulgated on 24.9.2004 empowering RBI greater regulatory	
			control over UCBs. The RBI, now, can supersede the Board of	
			Directors of multi-State cooperative banks and appoint an	
			Administrator, if it is satisfied that it is necessary to do so in public	
			interest or for preventing the affairs of a multi-State cooperative	
			bank being conducted in a manner detrimental to the interest of	
			the depositors or of the multi-State cooperative bank or for securing	
			the proper management of the bank. Such action of the RBI shall	
			not be liable to be called in question in any manner. Additionally,	
			the deposit insurance cover has also been extended for deposits	
			in the urban cooperative banks registered under the MSCS Act in	
			the interests of small depositors.	
			As for the comprehensive amendments to the Banking	
			Regulation Act 1949, for ending duality of regulatory control over	
			Cooperative Banking Institutions, while a Bill was introduced in	
			the last Parliament, it could not be passed and has lapsed. The	
			provisions of the proposed Bill are presently being reviewed by	
			a Task Force under the Chairmanship of Prof. Vaidyanathan	
			(Prof. Emeritus, Madras Institute of Development Studies) and	
			RBI. The exercise is expected to be completed by March 2005.	
			The comments received from Deptt. of Justice in respect of	
			L.N.Mitra Committee report are under examination.	
			As reported in July, 2005	
			A comprehensive amendment in the Banking Regulation Act has	
			been introduced in Lok Sabha on 13.5.2005. The following	
			amendment relating to cooperative banks have been proposed	
			in the Bill.	
			 To protect the interest of the depositors and also to ensure 	
			that only the cooperative society that have been licensed by the	
			Reserve Bank of India, the primary cooperative societies should	
			be given a time frame within which they have to either stop the	
			business of banking or fulfill all requirements specified by Reserve	
			Bank and obtain a license to carry on the business of banking.	
			2. Reserve Bank of India is being given the power to order a	
			special audit of cooperative banks in public interest for a more	
			effective supervision of cooperative banks. The proposed	
			legislation aims to make the regulatory power of Reserve Bank	
			more effective.	

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25. 10.80	Audit is the backbone of the banking system. Whereas auditors of commercial banks are appointed by RBI, for cooperative banks, the auditors are appointed by the Registrar of Cooperative Societies. It has, however, been noticed that the auditors in the case of the Madhavpura Mercantile Co-operative	As reported in May, 2003 Recommendation in this regard has also been received from the Naresh Chandra Committee; it is proposed to amend the CA Act, 1949. With regard to action against 17 entities, reply to para No 3.18 refers. With regard to comments on the quality of the audit carried out by the auditors and comment on the handling of the issues by	As against para 10.11.
	Bank and the City Co-operative Bank have failed to discharge their responsibilities diligently resulting in a situation where there was a run on the banks and the depositors were duped. In most cases these auditors are not qualified chartered accountants, and so they fall outside the ambit of the Institute	in the Agenda for the Council and are	
	of the Chartered Accountants and no disciplinary action can be taken against them. Therefore, the RBI has now proposed to amend section 30 of the Banking Regulation Act, 1949 so that in future they are authorized to appoint the Chartered Accountants even in the case	yet to be considered by the Council 01 b) Number of hearing concluded by the Disciplinary Committee and its report is yet to be placed before the Council 01 c) Number of cases pending with the High Court because of stay	
	of the Co-operative banks. The Committee are, however, shocked to find that the Institute had failed to impose punishment even against a single auditor of the 17 auditors whose names had figured in the Janakiraman Committee, during the investigations of 1992 scam. It is all the more disconcerting to find that	obtained by the other party 01 As reported in June, 2004 The Bill to amend the CA Act, 1949 has been introduced in Rajya Sabha on 23.12.2003. As regards action taken against auditors, the position has been explained in reply to para No.3.18. The cases are pending with the Council and in the Hon'ble Courts. These are ongoing judicial	
	so far no concrete action has been taken to amend the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India Act, 1949 with a view to making it an effective instrument of deterrence and punishment, although a proposal in this regard is reported to have been forwarded by the Institute to the Government way back in 1994. The	As reported in December 2004 As regards action taken against auditors, the position has been explained in reply to para 3.18. As reported in July, 2005 As regards action taken against auditors, the position has been	

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	Committee take a serious view of such an apathetic attitude. They therefore	explained in reply to para No.3.18 and action on this part is complete.	
	recommend that an independent Board should be constituted under a separate statute, which should be responsible for ensuring quality in audits and also be empowered to take speedy disciplinary action against the defaulting auditors. The members of the Board should also comment on the manner in which transactions are handled, adherence to prescribed systems and procedures and whether all the risk is getting recorded and reported to the Board. Besides, RBI in their inspection reports, needs to comment on the quality of the audit carried out by the auditors and comment on the handling of the issues by the Board of Directors. In order to create a sense of responsibility amongst auditors and also to deter those who either casually/ negligently or in connivance with the management hide vital information, the penal provisions in the statute should be	The Bills to amend the Chartered Accountants Act, 1949, the Cost & Works Accountants Act, 1959 and the Company Secretaries Act, 1980 were referred to the Parliamentary Standing Committee on Finance, which has tabled its reports in both the Houses of Parliament in Budget Session 2005. Notices for enactment of amendments to the said Acts are proposed to be introduced in the Parliament during the Monsoon session, 2005.	
6. 10.85	strengthened. Another related problem is the issue of 'financial frauds'. During the year 2000- 01, RBI in its report on Trend and Progress of Banking in India (2000-01) reported 50 cases of large value frauds (Rs 1 crore and above) involving Rs. 506.34 crore. The major factors facilitating the perpetration of frauds include non- observance of laid-down systems and procedures by bank functionaries, nexus or collusion of bank staff with the borrowers/depositors, negligence on the part of the dealing officials/branch	As reported in May, 2003 The major recommendations of the Ghosh Committee have already been implemented by the Banks. RBI has put in place a proper monitoring mechanism by calling for quarterly reports from Banks regarding the status of implementation. The compliance of the implementation of Ghosh Committee recommendations is also looked into by the Auditors as well as RBI Inspecting Officers during Audits/Inspections. Regarding Committee on Legal Aspects of Bank frauds in September 2000 under the Chairmanship of Dr. L.N. Mitra, recommendations in Part I were examined by an in-house group in RBI and banks were advised to implement the recommendations of the Committee contained in Part I of Mitra Committee Report. The Mitra Committee had recommended in	As against para 10.76. Action completed.

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managers, failure of internal control systems, inadequate appraisal of credit proposals and ineffective supervision. During the course of the present examination, similar irregularities were noticed in the case of private as well as co-operative banks. Moreover, there is no separate Act under which scamsters can be booked and even in cases where criminal proceedings are launched cases drag on for years together in Courts, with the result that the perpetrators of frauds are seldom punished. The Committee were informed that in 1991, the Ghosh Committee was set up to enquire into various aspects relating to frauds and malpractices in banks. The Committee had made about 125 recommendations. most of which were accepted by RBI and implemented. However, with a view to examining certain legal aspects including attempting a definition of Financial Fraud and laying down procedural guidelines to deal with financial frauds, recently another Committee under the Chairmanship of Dr. L.N. Mitra was set up. The recommendations of the Mitra Committee are in two parts - Part I deals with recommendations which can be implemented without any legislative changes and are preventive in nature and Part II requires legislative changes for implementation. Some of the important recommendations contained in Part II include a separate Act to deal with financial fraud, making financial fraud a criminal offence, placing special responsibility on the regulator, setting of a separate institution for investigation,

part II of its report proposing draft legislation on Financial Frauds (Investigation, Prosecution, Recovery and Restoration of Property) Bill and also suggested amendments to the Indian Penal Code 1860, Indian Evidence Act 1872, Criminal Procedure Code 1973 etc. The Reserve Bank of India have forwarded the report of the Mitra Committee along with draft legislation to the Central Vigilance Commission for examination by the High Level Group set up by it to look into frauds in the banking sector. The Reserve Bank of India has also forwarded these recommendations to the Government for taking further action so that the problem of financial frauds could be dealt with effectively. These recommendations are now under examination in consultation with Central Vigilance Commission and Ministry of Law.

As reported in December, 2003

RBI has informed that they have received suggestions from the Central Vigilance Commissioner (CVC) that a well defined role in monitoring frauds should be assigned to the Board of the bank so that its accountability should be fixed; a Sub-Committee may be constituted to monitor fraud cases exclusively. The suggestion made by CVC has been accepted by the RBI and the matter regarding issue of guidelines to banks is under examination. Regarding Dr. L.N. Mitra Committee Report, Ministry of Law, which was consulted by the Ministry of Finance, has desired for the views of Department of Company Affairs, Ministry of Home Affairs and Central Bureau of Investigation. The comments from CBI and Department of Company Affairs have been received and from Ministry of Home Affairs are awaited.

As reported in June, 2004

RBI has informed that they have received suggestions from the Central Vigilance Commissioner (CVC) that a well-defined role in monitoring frauds should be assigned to the Board of the bank so that its accountability should be fixed; a sub-Committee may be constituted to monitor fraud cases exclusively. The suggestion made by the CVC has been accepted by the RBI and RBI has advised the Indian Commercial Banks vide circular dated 14.01.2004 to constitute a Special Committee for monitoring and following up cases of frauds involving amounts of Rs.1 crore and above exclusively, while Audit Committee of Board (ACB)

I. No. Para No	b. Observation/Recommendation of JP	C Reply of Government/Action Taken	Further progress
	special courts for trying cross-border	may continue to monitor all the cases of frauds in general.	
	financial frauds as well as all offences	The L.N. Mitra Committee report is under consideration of the	
	under the proposed Financial Fraud Act.	Ministry of Home Affairs and Department of Justice.	
	Though as reported by the RBI, all the		
	recommendations under Part I have been	As reported in December, 2004	
	accepted and instructions issued on 3/5/	The comments received from Deptt. of Justice in respect of L.N.	
	2002, the recommendations under Part	Mitra Committee report are under examination.	
	Il are yet to be implemented. The		
	Committee desire that since these	As reported in July, 2005	
	recommendations have an important	Mitra Committee in Part II of its recommendation had suggested	
	bearing on the sound functioning of our	the prohibitive aspect by criminalizing the financial fraud. Since	
	financial system, the same should be	these recommendations required legislative changes for its	
	implemented expeditiously. The	implementation, the matter was referred to High Level Group	
	Committee express regret at the tardy	constituted by CVC for prevention of fraud in banks. In the matter	
	manner in which the issue of financial	CVC has opined that the recommendations of Mitra Committee	
	fraud has been addressed by the RBI	were made in 2001 and thereafter a number of decisions have	
	although the Ghosh Committee (1991)	been taken by the Government to effectively monitor fraud cases.	
	and the L.N. Mitra Committee (2001) have	The commission has opined that there is no need to take any	
	highlighted this issue. Despite the	action on recommendation of Mitra Committee.	
	recommendations of the L.N. Mitra		
	Committee in September 2001, no	RBI has reported that they have advised all the commercial banks	
	effective mechanism has been put in	to constitute a Special Committee for monitoring fraud cases	
	place including the enactment of	involving amount Rs 1 crore and above. RBI has also advised	
	proposed Financial Fraud Act to deal with	banks to formulate a transparent policy with the approval of Board	
	this problem.	in order to initiate criminal action against willful defaulters on a case-by-case basis under the provision of Section 403 and 405	
		of IPC. RBI has opined that the existing instruction will take care	
		of the concern on the recommendation of Mitra Committee.	
		The suggestions of CVC and RBI is under consideration of the	
		Government.	
		Covoninion.	
27. 11.33	The Committee note that 45 out of 58	As reported in December , 2003	
	prosecutions for major offenses launched/	The Department of Company Affairs has introduced the	As against para 7.4.
	ordered by the Department of Company	Companies Amendment Bill, 2003 in the Rajya Sabha on 7th	, .e agae. pa.a
	Affairs (DCA) against Companies	May 2003. The Cabinet has now advised the Department that	
	involved in the present scam relate to	instead of moving a number of official amendments to the Bill,	
	diversion of funds. The major reason for	DCA should bring a new legislation for consideration of the	
	huge transfers of money from companies	Cabinet.	

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SI. No.	Para No.	Observation/Recommendation of JPC	Reply of Government/Action Taken	Further progress
		to Shri Ketan Parekh is stated to be removal of restriction on inter-corporate deposits two years ago. In order to check violations in this regard, certain suggestions are under consideration by the DCA viz., putting a cap on the number of investment companies that any individual can float, prohibiting a person	As reported in June, 2004 DCA have introduced Companies (Amendment) Bill 2003 in the Rajya Sabha on 07.05.2003. The previous Cabinet has directed the Department that instead of moving a number of official amendments to the Bill, DCA may bring a new legislation for consideration of the Cabinet. The new Comprehensive Bill is under preparation.	
		from being a director in more than the prescribed number of investment companies, prescribing a limit on lending/	As reported in December, 2004 As against para 7.4.	
		borrowing by companies, etc. The Committee hope that DCA will arrive at expeditious decisions on these suggestions and bring forth suitable amendments in the Companies Act.	As reported in July, 2005 As against para 7.4.	
28.	11.37	The Committee note that penalties prescribed in the Companies Act are nominal and the offenses are easily compoundable. For instance, violation of restriction on purchase of its own shares by a company under Section 77 of the Act attracts a maximum fine of Rs.10,000 even if funds involved are in crores of	As reported in May, 2003 The recommendations of the Shroff Committee with regard to rationalisation of penalties is still awaited. The Department of Company Affairs hopes to introduce amendments to CA, 1956 soon in the Parliament. As reported in December , 2003 As against para 11.33	As against para 7.4.
		rupees. The penalties, therefore, need to be rationalised and prescribed as a percentage or multiple of the money involved in the offence. The Committee hope that the Shardul Shroff Committee which has been set up to look into the	As reported in June, 2004 The position has been explained against para No.11.33. As reported in December, 2004 As against para 7.4.	
		question of rationalising the penalties will give its recommendations soon and early action will be taken thereon.	As against para 7.4.	
29.	11.39	The Committee are unhappy to note that no decision was taken by the DCA on the amendments on disciplinary matters proposed by the Institute of Chartered	As reported in May, 2003 Proposals for relevant amendments in the Chartered Accountants' Act, 1949 (CA Act) have been formulated. These will soon be introduced in Parliament.	As against para 10.11.

No. Para No.	Observation/Recommendation of JP	C Reply of Government/Action Taken	Further progress
	Accountants of India (ICAI) two decades ago except for seeking a fresh set of proposals from ICAI in 1994 and again in 2001. Given this background, the Committee are not convinced of the DCA explanation attributing the lengthy disciplinary procedure followed by ICAI as the reason for the delay in taking disciplinary action against auditing entities named by the previous JPC. The Committee note that a Working Group for amending the Chartered Accountants Act, 1949 has recently given its recommendations which include various suggestions on disciplinary matters, particularly, the question of fixing a time frame for proceedings in disciplinary cases. The Committee stress that as proposed by DCA, amendments to the Chartered Accountants Act should be brought before Parliament in the ensuing Session.	As reported in December, 2003 As against para 10.11 As reported in June, 2004 The Bills to amend the Chartered Accountants Act, 1949, The Cost & Works Accountants Act 1959 and The Company Secretaries Act 1980 have been introduced in Rajya Sabha on 23.12.2003. As reported in December, 2004 As against para 10.11. As reported in July, 2005 As against para 7.4.	
30. 11.41	The Committee feel that the issue of auditor-management relationship needs to be addressed with a view to ensuring a healthy professional relationship between them. This could be achieved through rotation of auditors, restriction on non- audit fee, etc. The DCA has since appointed Naresh Chandra Committee to examine the entire gamut of issues pertaining to auditor-company relationship. The Committee urge that the Naresh Chandra Committee should complete its work within a time frame and enable expeditious action by the Government on its recommendations. The Committee feel that the desirability	As reported in May, 2003 The Naresh Chandra Committee has since submitted its report covering inter alia issues such as rotation of audit partners, restriction on non-audit work and random scrutiny of audited accounts. These recommendations have been under examination in the Department of Company Affairs. Proposals have been formulated as part of the amendments to the Companies Act under consideration. As reported in December , 2003 As against para 11.33. As reported in June, 2004 Report of Naresh Chandra Committee is under examination of the Department of Company Affairs. As reported in December, 2004 As against para 7.4.	As against para 7.4.

il. No. Para No.	Observation/Recommendation of JP	C Reply of Government/Action Taken	Further progress
	of having an arrangement in DCA for scrutiny of auditors' reports of all companies on regular basis needs to be examined with a view to taking suitable action on the qualifications made by auditors in their reports.	As reported in July, 2005 As against para 7.4.	
31. 11.42	The Committee note that the action by SEBI and DCA has enabled the tracing of 160 out of 229 companies which were earlier treated as vanished. There are still 69 companies which remain untraced. The Committee urge that the 'model' FIR which is at drafting stage should be finalised soon and the Central Coordination and Monitoring Committee should ensure that FIR against all the vanishing companies are registered without further loss of time and further ensure that whereabouts of the vanishing companies are ascertained. The Committee also desire that definition of vanishing companies should be made comprehensive.	As reported in May, 2003 The Central Coordination Monitoring Committee (CMC) constituted in the context of vanishing companies has been meeting from time to time mainly to monitor the progress made by various Task Forces in the matter of taking penal action against directors of vanishing companies. The CMC is co-chaired by Secretary, Department of Company Affairs and Chairman, SEBI. Prosecutions have been launched against 117 such companies for non-filing of statutory documents. Police complaints have also been filed in 42 cases. Further, prosecutions have been launched against 149 companies for mis-statement in prospectus/ fraudulently inducing persons to invest money/false statement made in the offer documents, etc. under Sections 62/63/68 and 628 of the Companies Act. The definition of vanishing companies has also been clarified. As reported in December , 2003 The model FIR was finalised and given to the 4 Regional Directors of the Department of Company Affairs. FIRs have been filed in respect of 95 vanishing companies. It is a continuous process. As reported in June, 2004 The break-up of 229 companies identified as vanished is as under: No. of vanishing companies identified - 229 earlier Less No. of companies traced out - 107 No. of companies untraced - 122 Action against these 122 companies is as under: No. of companies against whom FIRs filed by DCA - 87 No. of companies against whom FIRs - 35	is a continuous process, which will depe upon the outcome of proceedings befo the judicial courts. Hence, action on th para may be treated as complete .

I. No. Para No.	Observation/Recommendation of JPC	Reply of Government/Action Taken	Further progress
	not f	filed by DCA as companies	
		in liquidation or filing statutory	
	retu	irns/documents.	
	N		
		of companies against whom - 99	
	-	secutions for failing to submit ance sheets/annual returns	
		e been filed in the Court.	
	nave	e been med in the Court.	
	No.	of companies against whom -107	
		secutions u/s 62/63, 68 and 628	
	•	he Companies Act, 1956 for mis-	
	state	ement in prospectus/fraudulently	
	indu	ucing persons to invest money/false	
	state	ement made in the offer	
	doc	uments etc. have been filed.	
	It is s	submitted that the cases are pending with the Hon'ble Courts	S
		necessary FIRs have been filed.	
	Asr	reported in December, 2004	
	Pros	secution filed in various courts against 111 vanishing	g
	com	npanies filed under Sections 62/63, 68 & 628 of the Companies	S
	Act,	, 1956 for misstatement in prospectus/fraudulently inducing	g
		sons to invest money/false statement made in the offe	
		uments etc. 99 companies prosecuted for non-filing c	
		utory returns. 87 FIRs have been lodged for the offence	
	•	ishable under Sections 420, 406,403,415,418 & 424 of the	
		an Penal Code. Out of this, 47 FIRs have been registered b	
	•	police authorities of respective States. Matter taken up with	ז
		ef Secretaries concerned.	
		est of directors made so far	
		espect of one company viz. M/s. Thirth Plastics Limited	
		jarat), charge sheet was filed on 08.02.2004 against one o	
		Directors Viz. Shri Dilip N Talsaniya and the accused was	
		ler judicial custody. The Gujarat Police authorities have als	
		ested three other Directors, Viz. Shri Vansh M. Doshi, Sh	ri
	Mac	dhusudan D. Rathod and Shri Mahendrabhai R. Patel.	

No. Para No.	Observation/Recommendation of JPC	Reply of Government/Action Taken	Further progress
	F	Refund of public issue money	
	l.	n respect of one company, namely, M/s. Global Property Ltd.	
	(Tamil Nadu), the public issue money has been refunded to the	
	i	nvestors.	
	A	Applications filed with the Company Law Board (CLB)	
	S	SEBI had suggested the names of M/s. Nuline Glassware (India)	
	L	td. and AVI Industries Ltd. for filing the petition in the CLB for	
	f	illing petition under Sections 397 and 398 of the Companies Act,	
	i	nvoking the provisions of Section 542 (u/s 406) to disgorge the	
	-	properties/monies fraudulently obtained by promoters/Directors	
		of these two vanishing companies.	
		Petitions have been filed by the Ministry of Company Affairs before	
		he CLB in respect of M/s. Nuline Glassware (India) Ltd. and M/s.	
	A	AVI Industries Ltd. Matter is under consideration of CLB.	
	A	As reported in July, 2005	
	(Of the 229 companies earlier identified as vanished CMC, in its	
		neetings, held on 25.2.2003, 15.1.2004, 23.11.2004 and	
		8.3.2005 deleted the names of 44, 63, 07 and 01 companies	
	r	epectively from the list of vanishing companies, as these	
	c	companies were found to be regular in filing statutory returns,	
	e	etc. resulting in the number vanishing companies being reduced	
	t	o 114.	
	F	FIRs have been filed against 100 of the 114 vanishing companies.	
		Dut of the 100 FIRs filed, 87 FIRs have been registered. FIRs	
		nave not filed against the remaining vanishing companies mainly	
		or reasons such as these companies being liquidation or where	
		he company has since started filing statutory returns.	
		. ,	
	Т	The CMC discussed the definition of vanishing companies in its	
	r	neeting held on 25.2.2003 and it was clarified that all conditions	
	la	aid down for identifying the vanishing companies as vanishing	
	a	and a company satisfying one or more but not all the conditions	
	r	nay not be considered as vanishing.	

SI.No. Para No	Observation/Recommendation of JPC	Reply of Government/Action Taken	Further Progress
32. 11.43	Apart from SEBI's action of debarring 87 companies and 336 Directors from accessing the capital market, the DCA has launched 79 prosecutions against these companies for non-compoundable offences carrying the punishment of imprisonment. What the Committee are seriously concerned is about how the investors may get their money back from the vanishing companies. The Committee urge that SEBI, DCA, Company Law Board and RBI should work seriously towards achieving this objective and take all necessary steps, including attachment of properties of directors of vanishing companies.	As reported in May, 2003 As regards vanishing companies, the Co-ordination and Monitoring Committee (CMC) comprising Secretary DCA and Chairman SEBI is the policy making body. Seven Regional task forces comprising officials of DCA, SEBI and stock exchanges have been constituted to make verification of compliance at operational level. The Co-ordination and Monitoring Committee is examining and exploring various courses of action like monitoring the end use of funds, freezing assets of promoters / directors of defaulting companies and disqualification of persons in default. Feasibility of introducing the concept of disorgement of illegally derived benefits, by way of amending the Companies Act, 1956 is also being examined. Reserve Bank initiates the following action against the companies which are not traceable at their given address or not responding to the Bank's correspondence after efforts to locate the company have failed. The Bank rejects the company's application for Certificate of Registration or cancels the Certificate of Registration if already granted and issues public notices in the newspapers in both – English & local languages, having wide circulation in the location of its registered office. In case the company had public deposits, the Bank also considers filing of winding up petitions, launching of criminal proceedings and lodging of FIR with the police. So far as RBI is concerned, while RBI Act does not contain any provisions regarding attachment of properties of directors of vanishing companies, a provision [clause 24(14)] has been made in the Financial Companies Regulation Bill, 2000 (presently under consideration of the Parliamentary Standing Committee on Finance) empowering the Company Law Board (CLB) to issue orders of conditional attachment of the whole or any portion of the property or assets of the NBFC, as specified by the aggrieved depositor. The CLB shall also have powers to appoint a receiver for recovery of the amount of unpaid deposit from the defaulting NBFC. In case of its disobed	As against para 11.42. Action completed

No.	Para No. Observation/Recommendation of JPC	Reply of Government/Action Taken	Further Progress
		As reported in December, 2003	
		As regards feasibility of, freezing assets of promoters / directors	
		of defaulting companies, SEBI has obtained the opinion of Mr.	
		Justice S.P Bharucha, former Chief Justice of India. Mr. Justice	
		S.P Bharucha has not found any provisions in the Companies	
		Act which empowers SEBI or the Central Government or	
		Authority constituted under that Act to attach the properties of	
		shell companies or their directors/promoters or to distribute the	
		proceeds thereof to investors therein. The same has been sent	
		to DCA for placing before CMC in its forthcoming meeting. As	
		regards disqualification of "persons in default", Section 274(1g)	
		of the Companies Act provides for disqualification of a person	
		being appointed as a director of a company. SEBI has written to	
		Government to include appropriate changes in Companies Act	
		Amendment Bill, which should be acted upon.	
		The Co-ordination and Monitoring Committee (CMC) (a joint	
		mechanism of SEBI and DCA jointly chaired by Secretary DCA	
		and Chairman SEBI), constituted in 1999, is the policy making	
		body for vanishing companies. The CMC has held four meetings	
		since April 2002. Further, in order to ensure that companies do	
		not vanish after raising money from public as well as a measure	
		of good governance, as decided by the Co-ordination and	
		Monitoring Committee (CMC), the following actions are being	
		taken by DCA and SEBI: -	
		 Including authenticated photographs, passport numbers, PAN, bank account number, driving license number etc. of 	
		the promoters/directors at the time of incorporation and in	
		the prospectus while coming out with public/rights issues	
		SEBI has vide circular dated 14.8.2003 amended SEBI (DIP)	
		Guidelines to provide for disclosures pertaining to	
		photographs/ passport numbers/PAN etc. of promoters in	
		the prospectus while coming out with public issue. This will	
		help in tracking the identity of promoters and also reduce	
		the possibility of fly by night operators accessing capital	
		markets.	
		 Ensuring monitoring of end use of funds. 	
		 Exploring means of freezing assets of promoters, directors 	
		of defaulting companies and disqualification of persons in	
		default.	

SI.No.	Para No. Observation/Recommendation of JPC	Reply of Government/Action Taken	Further Progress
		- Besides the prosecution proceedings launched by DCA, SEBI	
		has passed debarring orders under Sec.11B against 96	
		vanishing companies and 361 directors.	
		- The Department of Company Affairs has introduced the	
		Companies Amendment Bill, 2003 in the Rajya Sabha on 7 $^{ m h}$	
		May 2003. The Cabinet has now advised the Department	
		that instead of moving a number of official amendments to	
		the Bill, DCA should bring a new legislation for consideration	
		of the Cabinet.	
		 The Task Forces have since been reorganized from 7 to 4 	
		corresponding to the regions falling under the jurisdiction of	
		four Regional Directors of DCA with directions to identify the	
		companies which have disappeared, or misutilised funds	
		mobilized from the investors, and suggest appropriate action	
		in terms of Companies Act or SEBI Act.	
		- Besides, DCA in consultation with SEBI has also prepared a	
		model FIR for filing complaints against the vanishing	
		companies and their promoters, directors, etc. for the offences	
		punishable under Section 420, 406, 403, 415, 418 & 424 of	
		the Indian Penal Code. The model FIR has been given to the	
		Regional Directors on 09-05-2003.	
		As reported in June, 2004	
		DCA had introduced Companies (Amendment) Bill 2003 in the	
		Rajya Sabha on 07.05.2003. The previous Cabinet had directed	
		the Department that instead of moving a number of official	
		amendments to the Bill, DCA may bring a new legislation for	
		consideration of the Cabinet. The new comprehensive Bill is under	
		preparation.	
		The Task Forces have since been reorganized from seven to	
		four corresponding to the Regions falling under the jurisdiction	
		of four Regional Directors of DCA with directions to identify the	
		companies which have disappeared, or misutilised funds	
		mobilized from the investors, and suggest appropriate action in	
		terms of Companies Act or SEBI Act. This is an ongoing process.	
		As on date, 96 companies and 361 directors have been debarred	
		by SEBI. SEBI has obtained a legal opinion stating that the existing legislation does not empower SEBI, the Central Government or	
		any Authority constituted under the Companies Act, 1956 to attach	
		any Authonity constituted under the Companies Act, 1956 to attach	

I.No.	Para No. Observation/Recommendation of JPC	Reply of Government/Action Taken	Further Progress
		the properties of shell companies or their directors/promoters or to distribute the proceeds thereof to investors therein.	
		As reported in December, 2004	
		SEBI has informed that as per the decisions taken by CMC in its	
		meeting held on 27.7.04, the following actions have been carried	
		out by Ministry of Company Affairs (MCA) and SEBI:	
		Chairman, SEBI and Secretary, MCA met the Chief Secretary, Govt of Maharashtra to expedite the process of registering the	
		FIRs filed in the state of Maharashtra.	
		A Monitoring Committee has been set up by MCA to closely	
		monitor all cases of prosecutions launched and FIRs filed /	
		registered against the vanishing companies and their Directors.	
		In addition, SEBI has proposed that FIRs against the vanishing	
		companies and their promoters/ directors shall be filed directly	
		with the magistrate to expedite the process.	
		The aforementioned proposal is being placed before Coordination and Monitoring Committee in its forthcoming meeting for	
		deliberations.	
		Second amendment to Companies Act, 1956 was enacted in	
		2002 to set up National Company Law Tribunal (NCLT). However,	
		legal issues arose in Madras High Court. Ruling against such	
		provision of Second Amendment has been challenged by SLP,	
		which is pending in Supreme Court of India.	
		As reported in July, 2005	
		The concerned Registrar of Companies have taken action against vanishing companies for violation of the provisions of the	
		Companies Act, 1956. Prosecutions have been filed against 104	
		vanishing companies and their Promoter/Directiors for non-filing	
		of Balance Sheet/ Annual Returns.	
		Further, prosecutions against 107 vanishing companies and their	
		promoters/Directors have filed under Sections 62/63, 68 and 628	
		of the Companies Act for misstatement in prospectus/fraudulently	
		inducing persons to invest money/false statement made in the	
		offer documents etc.	
		In this process ROCs have also tried to enlist assistance of police authorities and general public to ascertain the whereabouts of	
		such companies.	

SI.No.	Para No. Observation/Recommendation of JPC	Reply of Government/Action Taken	Further Progress
		Petitions have also been filed with the Company Law Board under Section 397/398/402/408 read with Section 406 of the Companies Act, 1956 in respect of two vanishing companies to disgorge the properties/monies fraudulently obtained by promoters/ directors.	
33.	12.76 The Committee find that in case No. RC.3(E)/2001, which pertains to causing a wrongful loss to the tune of Rs. 137 crore to the Bank of India, CBI has filed a charge sheet in the Court of Special Judge, Mumbai on 1.6.2001 against Shri Ketan Parekh, Shri Kartik Parekh, Shri Kirti Parekh, Shri Ramesh Parekh (the then Chairman, MMCB, Ahmedabad), Shri Davendera Pandya (MD, MMCB Ahmedabad), Shri J.B. Pandya (then Branch Manager, MMCB, Mumbai). Another case No. RC 4(E)/2001 has also been registered on the orders (dated 2.5.2001), of the Hon'ble High Court of Gujarat by CBI against Shri Ramesh Parekh, Ex-Chairman, MMCB, Shri Devendera B. Pandya, MD, MMCB and Shri Jagdish Pandya, Branch Manager, MMCB Ahmedabad U/S 120- 405,406,408,409,420 IPC & U/S 35(A) of the Banking Regulation Act, 1949 for conspiring together and making illegal advances to the tune of Rs. 1030.04 crores against the overall limit of Rs. 475 crores by committing breach of law and various circulars/directives/rules and regulations of RBI. The charge sheet in this case has not been filed so far. The Committee have also been informed that the Interpol reference has also been sent to Abu Dhabi for freezing the accounts of Shri Ketan Parekh maintained at Merill	As reported in May, 2003 CBI has informed that the case relating to MMCB is at an advance stage of investigation and likely to be completed shortly. Though an Interpol reference dt. 3.7.2001 had been sent to Interpol, Abu Dhabi for freezing the accounts of Ketan Parekh at Merill Lynch Bank, Abu Dhabi but the CBI had not received any response in the matter from Interpol, Abu Dhabi. The matter is being pursued with Interpol, Abu Dhabi further. Position regarding Special Courts has been explained in reply to Para 12.74. As reported in December, 2003 In the case relating to MMCB, field investigations in India have been completed, order of Head Office of CBI on the investigation report since been communicated to the Branch. Charge sheet would be filed shortly in the case. Though an Interpol reference dt. 3.7.2001 had been sent to Interpol, Abu Dhabi, for freezing the accounts of Ketan Parekh at Merill Lynch Bank, Abu Dhabi, but the CBI had not received any response in the matter from Interpol, Abu Dhabi. The matter is being pursued with Interpol, Abu Dhabi, further. As reported in June, 2004 In the case relating to MMCB field investigations in India have been completed and charge sheet has been filed on 1.12.2003. Interpol reference dated 3.7.2001 had been sent to Interpol, Abu Dhabi for freezing the accounts of Ketan Parekh at Merill Lynch Bank, Abu Dhabi but the CBI had not received any response in the matter from Interpol, Abu Dhabi. The matter is being pursued with Interpol, Abu Dhabi but the CBI had not received any response in the matter from Interpol, Abu Dhabi. The matter is being pursued with Interpol, Abu Dhabi further. For appointment of 2 additional Judges in the Special Court, Mumbai, two more reminders were sent to Registrar General, Supreme Court of India by Secretary on 23.03.2004 and 12.05.2004.	CBI have informed that the draft charge were prepared and submitted before th Hon'ble Magistrate, Mumbai on 27.9.200 The Hon'ble Magistrate showed inclinatio to frame the charges.

No. Par	a No. Observation/Recommendation of JPC	Reply of Government/Action Taken	Further Progress
	Lynch Bank and his alleged Swiss	As reported in December, 2004	
	account is also being investigated. It has	In the case relating to MMCB field investigations in India has	
	also been established that Shri Ketan	been completed and charge sheet has been filed on 1.12.2003.	
	Parekh had opened several accounts with	Interpol reference dt. 3.7.2001 had been sent to Interpol, Abu	
	the Fort Branch of GTB and carried out	Dhabi for freezing the accounts of Ketan Parekh at Merill Lynch	
	huge transactions with some of the OCBs	Bank, Abu Dhabi. Reply from Interpol Abu Dhabi has been	
	having a meagre paid up capital of US	received vide ref. No. 2/22/IP/33-217/7946 dated 13.9.2004. The	
	\$550 to US \$5000, for pumping	authorities concerned have informed that Sh. Ketan Parekh has	
	substantial amount of money into the	not maintained any accounts or deposits with Merill Lynch Bank	
	stock market. The exact amount of money	nor have any ivestment in their country. Regarding Swiss Bank	
	which has been used in India after having	accounts of Ketan Parekh, the Swiss authorities have since	
	repatriated some amount to the OCBs	intimated in December, 2002 that the Letter Rogatory sent in	
	accounts maintained outside India,	this matter cannot be executed because of the direction of the	
	particularly at Mauritius, is still being	High Court at Zurich.	
	ascertained. Detailed investigation to		
	connect funds of MMCB to the tune of	As reported in July, 2005	
	Rs. 1030 crores alleged to have been	No change in the status.	
	defrauded is also reported to be in		
	progress. The Committee desire that the		
	investigations in this regard should be		
	completed expeditiously. Since the judicial		
	process is a long drawn process, the		
	Committee desire that the cases which		
	have already been filed or likely to be filed		
	in the Courts by the CBI, should be tried		
	by the Special Courts, so that the guilty		
	are brought to book expeditiously. The		
	Committee hope that the issue of setting		
	up adequate number of Special Courts will		
	be taken with due seriousness and with a		
	sense of urgency by the Government, and		
	will not meet the old fate at least this time.		

34. 12.121 The Committee note that the As reported in May, 2003

investigations against ZEE Telefilms have Enforcement Directorate has informed that investigation with No change in the status. been inconclusive so far, as the regards to Zee Telefilms shall be completed by 31-5-2003. Directorate has not yet found any FERA/ As reported in December, 2003 FEMA violations by the company. The The investigation is at a very advanced stage.

o. Para No	. Observation/Recommendation of JPC	Reply of Government/Action Taken	Further Progress
	Committee desire that the investigations	As reported in June, 2004	
	should be pursued further with a view to ascertaining if at all any violations were	Investigations by Enforcement Directorate are in progress.	
	committed.	As reported in December, 2004	
		The investigations against M/s. Zee Telefilms have been finalized	
		and a Show Cause Notice under the following provisions of	
		FEMA, 1999 has been issued on 23.07.2004 to M/s. Zee Telefilms	
		Ltd. and 6 others.	
		Section 6(3) of FEMA, 1999 read with Regulation 4 & 5(1) &	
		Para 1,2 & 3 of Schedule 1 under Regulation 5(1) of Foreign	
		Exchange Management (Transfer or issue of Security by a person	
		resident outside India) Regulation, 2000 r/w 49(5) & 49(6) of	
		FEMA, 1999 for unauthorisedly transferring 1,94,18,800 equity	
		shares valued at US\$.470,589,000/- to the shareholders of M/s.	
		ZMWL viz. Delgrada Ltd., Mauritius and Wakefield Holdings Ltd.,	
		Mauritius for acquiring 100% stake of M/s. ZMWL and also its	
		16127412 equity shares valued at US\$.148.255 millions and cash remittances of US\$.148.255 millions to the Star Group of	
		companies for acquiring the 100% stake of M/s. Winterheath	
		Company Ltd. BVI, without any proper valid permission from RBI.	
		Section 3(d) of FEMA, 1999 r/w 49(5) & 49(6) of FEMA, 1999 for	
		unauthorisedly transferring its 1,94,18,800 equity shares valued	
		at US\$.470,589,000/- to the shareholders of M/s. ZMWL viz.	
		Delgrada Ltd., Mauritius and Wakefield Holdings Ltd., Mauritius	
		in consideration of acquiring 100% stake of M/s. ZMWL and	
		16127412 equity shares (of ZTL) valued at US\$.148.255 millions	
		and cash remittance of US\$.148.255 millions to the Star Group	
		of companies in consideration of acquiring the 100% stake of M/	
		s. Winterheath Company Ltd., BVI, without any valid permission from SIA/RBI.	
		In the aforesaid SCN, it is also proposed to issue as provided	
		under Section 13(2) r/w 49(5) & 49(6) of FEMA, 1999 to M/s Zee	
		Telefilms Ltd. to repartriate sale proceeds of the aforesaid shares	

Telefilms Ltd. to repartriate sale proceeds of the aforesaid shares as well as cash remittance of US\$ 148.255 millions as the same is liable to be confiscated to the Central Govt. A/c.

35.

Reply of Government/Action Taken

Further Progress

As reported in July, 2005

Enforcement Directorate have informed that the investigation against M/s Zee Telefilm has been completed and Show Cause Notice has been issued. Now it is pending for adjudication.

CBDT's role is mainly confined to follow 12.199 As reported in May, 2003 up actions after a scam. If those actions are swift the right message will go to the Stock Market. The Committee note that even after an expiry of almost a decade. the culprits of the 1992 Scam, have not been punished and the cases are still pending adjudication in the Special Courts. The only penalty so far imposed is the monetary one which is reported to be to the tune of Rs.700 crore, and that too has been imposed only on a single Group. Not a single case of Harshad Mehta Group has been finalized and although the assessments in the case of the other group viz, Bhupen Dalal Group have been finalized, no criminal proceedings have been launched against the Group. It is equally serious that against the total outstanding demand of Rs. 11,323 crore, an amount of only Rs. 2203.70 crore, including Rs. 165.70 crore in the case of Fair Growth Financial Services Ltd. has been confirmed, since a large number of cases are reported to be still pending with CIT (Appeals). Only a paltry sum of Rs. 292 crore has so far been recovered. The property worth Rs. 3106.80 crore which stands attached and which includes mostly shares has also not been disposed of despite the fact that a scheme in this respect stands approved by the Special Court as far back as in

The Central Board of Direct Taxes (CBDT) have reviewed the pending cases of assessment of notified persons in a meeting taken by Member (Inv.), CBDT on 4.2.2003 and have decided that all pending cases would be disposed off by the end of May 2003. In the case of Bhupen Dalal Group, the Department has indicated that prosecution has been duly launched. However, the assessee has filed criminal revision petition before the Hon'ble High Court of Mumbai. The Court accepted the assessee's appeal cases are decided by the Income Tax Appellate Tribunal with the observation that if the Income Tax Appellate Tribunal dismisses the assessee's appeal the criminal proceedings until Proceed. An SLP against the said order of the Mumbai High Court is pending in Supreme Court.

The Income Tax Department has made a demand for the tax dues of notified parties for the statutory period (01.04.1991 to 06.06.1992) of Rs.3307.43 crores. So far a sum of Rs.925.84 crores has been released or is in the process of being released to Income Tax Department by the Custodian in accordance with the orders of the Special Court. The value of the property attached is variable depending upon the value of shares which keep fluctuating according to the market trends. After making payment to the Income Tax Department the value of the attached properties get reduced to that extent. Accordingly, the position assessed as on 31.12.2002 the value of attached assets is Rs.2735.32 crores. The progress of disposal of shares was slow on account of backlog and the procedures involved in the certification, registration and dematting of shares etc. and the process has now more or less been streamlined. As on date, an aggregate quantity of 2.59.45.779 shares have been sold or cleared for sale and the value of the same is Rs.464,25,53,333.74.

Out of the total priority demand as defined by the Hon'ble Supreme Court, a sum of Rs. 1397.28 crores had been recovered by various releases by the Hon'ble Special Court. The balance outstanding priority demand for the priority period is Rs. 2,346.55 crores. However, the Hon'ble Special Courts, under (TORTS) Act. 1992 while disposing miscellaneous application has ordered that the Department shall deposit amounts with the Custodians (TORTS) Act, 1992 out of amounts released earlier to the Department. As a result of this order of the Special Court, an amount of Rs. 18.02.80.253/- has been refunded and deposited with the Custodian. In view of this, the demand in respect of the priority period stands increased to this extent. The above amount includes the interest component as well. The CCIT (Central)-II, Mumbai has been directed to seek appropriate legal recourse regarding the rate at which interest has been ordered to be paid by the Income Tax Department.

A total of 176 appeals related to the scam cases have been disposed off by the ITAT up to 30.10.2005. Out of the above, orders have been received in 142 cases. There are five appeals pending before CIT (Appeals) pertaining to the priority period.

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SI.No. Pa	ra No. Observation/Recommendation of JPC	Reply of Government/Action Taken	Further Progress
	September, 2000 and a Disposal Committee headed by the custodian for its proper implementation, was also constituted.	The Chief Justice of India has been requested to consider nominating 2 additional Judges to the Special Court for expediting the cases pending before the Special Court. As reported in December, 2003 With regard to matters relating to Securities Scam of 1992, as against 87 appeals pending on 1.1.03, 79 appeals have since been disposed off and only 8 are pending. As reported in June, 2004 CBDT has informed that all scam related assessments have been finalized in respect of Harshad Mehta Group of Cases for the assessment year 1992-93 and 1993-94 (priority period/statutory period as held by the Supreme Court in its judgement dated 13 ^h May, 1998). The total recovery made in this case so far comes to Rs. 1227.43 crore, on the basis of decision/order by the Hon'ble Supreme Court and Hon'ble Special Court. With regard to the latest position in the case of M/s Fairgrowth Financial Services, the outstanding demand as on 30 th April, 2004 was Rs. 143.44 crore. While Rs. 24.64 crore of this demand relates to A.Y. 1993-94 and earlier, which constituted the notified period, the balance demand relates to post-notification period. During May 2004, a further collection of Rs. 12.5 crore by way of remittance from the office of the custodian was received as per order issued by the Hon'ble Special Court. Hence the net outstanding demand as on 31.5.2004 is Rs. 130.94 crore. With the receipt of this final instalment of Rs. 12.5 crore, the entire amount released by the Hon'ble Special Court to the Income Tax Department vide Court's order dated 2.5.2002 has been fully received. Consequent to notification of M/s Fairgrowth Financial Services as a notified party under the Special Court (TORTS) Act, 1992 w.e.f. 2.7.1992, all assets of the assessee company passed into the custody of the custodian of Special Court. Since that time, the custodian has with this specific orders from the Special Court disposed of various assets of the company, the proceeds of which have been applied to discharge the liabilities of the assessee company a	In the case of M/s Fair Growth Financia Services Ltd., the company has filed rest toration application for the assessmer years 1991-92 to 1994-95. The Hon'ble Tribunal has restored the said appeals through its order dated 11.4.2005. Appeals have been filed before the Hon'ble High Court. Meanwhile, the ITAT has fixed the hearing of the restored appeals. The Miscellaneous Application filed by the Department in MA No. 693 of 2004 has come up for hearing on 5.10.2005. The Department had filed miscellaneous application seeking further payment towards increased tax demand consequent to the ITAT's order. However, the ITAT has re- called its order. Therefore, the deman- has become unenforceable at present The Court directed the Assessing Office to re-file the M.A. after ITAT decides the recalled appeal. The Court's detailed or der is awaited. The Assessing Officer is closely monitor ing the proceedings in the case and a necessary details/documents etc. are be ing furnished before the Special Court ar- well as the ITAT, Bangalore.

6l.No.	Para No. Observation/Recommendation of JPC	Reply of (Government/Action Taken	Further Progress
		Narottam could not be h	eard by the CIT (A), as the assessee is	
		currently behind bars. A	As regards four appeals relating to Shri	
		B.C. Dalal, two of these	appeals have been disposed of. In the	
		two appeals pending in	this case, remand reports have been	
		called for by the CIT (A) f	rom the Assessing Officers. As regards	
		the appeal in the case of S	Shri S. Ramaswamy, here again remand	
		report has been called f	for by the CIT (A). Figure of collection/	
		reduction of priority dema	and in these cases are mentioned below:	
			(Amount in crores)	
		S. Name of assessee	Collection/Reduction	
		No.	of Prioirty Demand	
		1 Jitendra R. Shroff	Nil	
		2. A.D. Narottam	0.22	
		3 Bhupen C. Dalal	0.64	
		4. Hiten P. Dalal	28.51	
		5. S.Ramaswamy	0.05	
		6. J.P. Gandhi	Nil	
		7. T.B. Ruia	Nil	
		8. M/s Dhanraj Mills	Nil	

As reported in December, 2004

The total priority demand as defined by the Hon'ble Supreme Court while interpreting the provisions of special court (TORTS) Act, 1992 is Rs. 2346.55 crore in the case of Harshad Mehta group and Dalal group. The remaining demand is a non-priority demand.

Pursuant to the special court (TORTS) Act, 1992 all the assets of Harshad S. Mehta and other notified parties have been attached by the custodian. The recovery of income tax dues in respect of these notified parties is subject to the release of funds by the special court/custodian.

The special court in its order dated 22.2.1995, inter alia, held that the priority years for distribution of assets to the IT Department are in respect of assessment year 1992-93 and 1993-94 (part). The priority demand u/s 11 (2)(a) of the special court (TORTS) Act 1992 is available to the IT Department only for tax demands raised and would not include interest and penalty even in respect of assessment year 1992-93 and 1993-94 (part).

.No.	Para No. Observation/Recommendation of JPC	Reply of Government/Action Taken	Further Progress
		Assessments for these assessment years have been completed	
		in the cases of all the notified persons. So far as non-priority	
		demands are concerned, it can be recovered out of the attached	
		assets only u/s 11(2)(c) of the special court (TORTS) Act, 1992.	
		There is a total prohibition on the Department to recover the	
		taxes directly from the notified persons. All recovery matters are	
		dependent on the special court adjudicating upon the rights and	
		claims of various parties including the Income Tax Department.	
		The Department has been moving miscellaneous applications	
		before the special court for release of funds towards the recovery	
		of priority demand on interim basis because in the normal course,	
		the recovery even of the priority income tax demand is directly	
		linked with the distribution of assets lying attached with the	
		custodian. Such assets can be distributed only when the special	
		court finally determines the distribution. During the last eight	
		years, the special court has been releasing funds against some	
		of the outstanding demands to the Department. The release of	
		funds involves a lot of efforts by the officers in the field formations.	
		The total recovery made in Harshad Mehta group and Dalal group	
		comes to Rs. 1396.30 crore.	
		In respect of the last interim release of Rs. 421.59 crore pursuant	
		to the order dated 3.10.2003 of the Hon'ble special court, the	
		SBI has gone in an appeal before the Hon'ble Supreme Court.	
		The SBI also approached the Committee on Disputes, Cabinet	
		Secretariat. The Committee on Disputes has directed as follows:	
		"(a) SBI and the Department of Revenue would move the Specail	
		Court as early as possible to initiate the process of final/part final	
		distribution of the funds under Section 11(2) of the Special Courts	
		(TORT) Act, 1992;	
		(b) During the interim period, i.e., pending the finalization of	
		claims, neither SBI nor Department of Revenue would make or	
		press any application before the Special Court seeking interim	
		payments out of the funds with the Custodian; and	
		(c) SBI would take expeditious steps to seek permission of the	
		Hon'ble Supreme Court of India to withdraw Civil Appeal No.	
		8228 of 2003."	
		It may kindly be seen from above, that the CoD has directed that	
		neither SBL, nor Department of evenue would make or press	

I.No.	Para No. Observation/Recommendation of JPC	Reply of Government/Action Taken	Further Progress
		any application before the special court, seeking interim payments	
		out of the funds with the custodian and have directed the SBI and	
		Department of Revenue to move the special court for speeding up	
		initiation of the process of final distribution of funds u/s 11(2) of the	
		special court (TORTS) Act, 1992. The Department has now to	
		await the final distribution u/s 11(2) of the special court (TORTS)	
		Act, 1992. That process may take a couple of years more.	
		The appeal filed by the SBI before the Hon'ble Supreme Court	
		was last heard on 6.8.2004 by the Hon'ble Chief Justice of India,	
		Mr. Justice Lahoti and Mr. Justice Mathur. The Hon'ble Supreme	
		Court did not entertain the appeals filed by the SBI in view of the	
		directions given by the CoD in the matter. The learned ASG	
		appearing on behalf of the Income Tax Department having	
		submitted that the Revenue Department has made some	
		representations in the matter before CoD which is awaiting	
		consideration, the Hon'ble Supreme Court have recorded the	
		following clarifications in the order:-	
		"We make it clear that the disposal of these appeals would not	
		preclude the consideration of any representation before the CoD	
		and such decision thereon as the CoD may be inclined to take."	
		In view of the decision of the Hon'ble Supreme Court and the	
		CoD's directions, the process of final distribution u/s 11(2) of the	
		special court (TORTS) Act, 1992 is going to take time. The	
		custodian and the court first have to ascertain the total assets	
		and liabilities of the notified parties. The process is in a nascent	
		stage as of now and is likely to take quite a few years.	
		As per the submissions made on behalf of the Income Tax	
		Department before the Law Courts and also before the CoD, the	
		SBI has no locus standi to dispute Income Tax Department's	
		claim before the special court, particularly when it is the matter	
		of ad hoc interim release of funds.	
		In view of the above, necessary steps are being taken to get the	
		CoD's directions modified so that after following the due process	
		of law, Department may be in a position to make further collection/ Recovery.	
		There are five appeals pending before CIT (Appeals) pertaining to	
		the priority period. Due to the substantial revenue involved in the	

I.No.	Para No. Observation/Recommendation of JPC	Reply of Government/Action Taken	Further Progress
		Harshad Mehta group, Bhupen Dalal group and other connected	
		cases involved in the securities scam of 1992, the Senior Vice-	
		President, ITAT and the President, ITAT were requested to appoint	
		a designated bench to deal with the cases related to the security	
		scam. Pursuant to such request, the ITAT has assigned major	
		high demand cases to a single bench. Moreover, after appreciating	
		the urgency of the matter the ITAT has distributed the other cases	
		relating to security scam to various benches. The Department	
		has also undertaken a number of steps like appointing two standing	
		counsels exclusively for scam related cases, as well as monitoring	
		at the level of CCIT and CIT and utilization of the services of CIT	
		(Appeals) for assisting the standing counsel. Also, personal	
		participation of the Assessing Officer and the Addl. CIT in the	
		hearings before the ITAT has enabled completion of hearing in	
		125 cases, out of which orders have been received in 48 cases.	
		There are no penalties that are pending for disposal for the priority	
		period in the case of notified persons.	
		M/s Fairgrowth Financial Services Ltd.	
		The pending appeals in the case of M/s Fairgrowth Financial	
		Services Ltd. for assessment year 1991-92 to 1994-95 were	
		disposed of by the ITAT vide its order dated 28.7.2004. All the	
		appeals filed by the assesee have been dismissed by the Tribunal	
		along with the cost of Rs. 4 lakh, @ Rs. 50,000 per appeal. At	
		the same time, the appeals filed by the Revenue have been	
		allowed by the Tribunal. An additional demand of Rs. 97.71 crore	
		has been created after giving appeal effect to ITAT's order for	
		assessment year 1993-94, which allowed the Department's	
		appeal. Due to this additional demand, the net outstanding	
		demand as on 31.10.2004 has increased to Rs. 226.22 crore.	
		The Department has filed miscellaneous petitions before the	
		Hon'ble Special Court praying for further release of money	
		towards tax u/s 11(2)(a) of the Special Court (TORTS) Act 1992	
		and u/s 11(2)(c) of the Special Court (TORTS) Act, 1992 for	
		release of money towards interest. The said petitions have been	
		admitted as MA No. 79/2004. The matter is likely to be taken up	
		by the Hon'ble Court in the second half of November, 2004.	
		A copy of the bank account mentioned in the custodian's	
		application has been obtained from the bank and action is being	

No. Para No. Observation/Recommendation of JPC	Reply of Government/Action Taken	Further Progress
	taken to withdraw the recognition granted to Fairgrowth Financial	
	Services Ltd. Employees Provident Fund under the provisions	
	of the IT Act.	
	As reported in July, 2005	
	CBDT have informed that out of the total priority demand, as	
	defined by the Hon'ble Supreme Court, a sum of Rs. 1397.28	
	crores has been recovered by various releases by the Hon'ble	
	Special Court. Out of this, Rs. 1227.45 crores has been released	
	in Harshad Mehta Group and Rs. 169.83 crores in Dalal Group.	
	The balance outstanding priority demand for the priority period	
	is Rs. 2346.55 crores.	
	Regarding pendency of appeals before the ITAT, a total of 151	
	cases relating to the scam cases have been disposed off by the	
	ITAT up to 30.4.2005 (Orders have been received in 104 cases	
	so far). Out of this, 82 cases belong to the Harshad Mehta group and 22 cases belong to Dalal Group. There are five appeals	
	pending before CIT (Appeals) pertaining to the priority period.	
	pending before Cri (Appeals) pendining to the phonty pendu.	
	The Committee of Disputes has decided on the reference made	
	by the SBI and has directed as follows: -	
	(a) SBI and the Department of Revenue would move the Special	
	Court as early as possible to initiate the process of final/part	
	final distribution of the funds under Section 11(2) of the	
	Special Courts (TORT) Act, 1992.	
	(b) During the interim period i.e. pending the finalisation of	
	claims, neither SBI nor Department of Revenue would make	
	or press any application before the Special Court seeking	
	interim payments out of the funds with the Custodian and	
	SBI would take expeditious steps to seek permission of the	
	Hon'ble Supreme Court of India to withdraw Civil Appeal No.	
	8228 of 2003.	
	The CBDT again proposes to move CoD, seeking clearance, in	
	order to press forth its claim for release of interim funds before	
	the Hon'ble Special Court.	

SI.No.	Para No.	Observation/Recommendation of JPC	Reply of Government/Action Taken	Further Progress
			As regards M/s Fairgrowth Financial Services, it has been stated that the miscellaneous application No. 693 has been adjourned sine die till the decision of the Tribunal is received in the matter of restoration application filed by the assessee. It may be mentioned that the restoration application filed by the assessee has already been heard by the tribunal, and the order of the tribunal is awaited.	
			Similarly, miscellaneous application No. 79 of 2004, filed by the ex-employees of M/s Fairgrowth Financial services Ltd. has also been adjourned till the Court reopens after the summer vacation. Further, the Custodian has been informed about the latest position as regards the demand outstanding in this case.	
36.	14.60	There also appears to be a need to have an independent look at resolution of investor complaints against companies and market intermediaries. The Committee recommend that the concept of Ombudsman, which is already being used in the banking sector, should also	As reported in May, 2003 The SEBI (Amendment) Act, 2002 has enhanced the existing level of penalties prescribed for violations of the Act. Moreover, penalty for new violations has been included with a view to strengthen the existing mechanism to act as an effective deterrent to violations of the Act.	The proposal for allocation of funds for setting up Special Court in Mumbai is pending with Government of Maharashtra
		be extended to the capital market. The issue of power, duties and responsibilities of the Ombudsman should be suitably worked out. As regards investor complaints against Brokers and other market intermediaries, arbitration councils at exchange level can be used for resolution of investor complaints. Such bodies would be independent of market intermediaries, particularly the brokers.	SEBI has a mechanism to redress investor grievances. Courts can take cognizance of the offences under the Act only on a complaint of the Board. In addition to the efforts of SEBI, an Investor Redressal Cell is functional in the Department of Economic Affairs. Moreover, the Department of Company Affairs and all the Stock exchanges address investor grievances. Individual investors can be compensated upto the limits prescribed from the Investor Protection Fund set up under the bye-laws of the Stock exchanges. As regards concept of Ombudsman SEBI, has already prepared	
		The Committee are of the opinion that ultimately Special Courts dealing exclusively with the investor complaints of the financial sector would be a real solution to the expeditious disposal of complaints. Such courts could have jurisdiction for all kinds of financial	a draft concept paper on Ombudsman. The whole issue of powers, duties and responsibilities of Ombudsman is also being discussed in the Legal Advisory Committee set up by SEBI which is headed by a Supreme Court Justice Mr. Hon'ble Venkatachaliah. To the Venkatachaliah Legal Advisory Committee issue on investor grievance redressal has also been referred.	

.No.	Para No.	Observation/Recommendation of JPC	Reply of Government/Action Taken	Further Progress
		irregularities, frauds in the case of the	As reported in December, 2003	
		capital market, chit funds, NBFCs,	The SEBI (Ombudsman) Regulations 2003 have been notified	
		plantation companies. Etc.	on 21 st August 2003.	
			Regarding the arbitration councils, it was decided that the	
			provision of the rules or articles of association, as the case may	
			be, and bye-laws of the stock exchanges shall provide that in	
			respect of dispute between members and non-members, the	
			arbitration committees/ arbitration councils / arbitration panels	
			shall consist of persons other than members of the stock	
			exchange who shall be nominated with prior approval of the Board.	
			Accordingly, the exchanges vide circular SEBI/SMD/SE/Cir-19/	
			2003/02/06 dated June 2, 2003 were directed to make necessary	
			amendments to the rules or Article of Association / byelaws for	
			the implementation of the above decision within two months from	
			the date of circular.	
			The exchanges were also directed to reconstitute the arbitration	
			committees/ arbitration councils/ arbitration panels for the	
			resolution of disputes between members and non-members, in	
			the manner specified above, within a period of three months from	
			the date of the circular.	
			As reported in June, 2004	
			Chairman, SEBI has written a letter dated 04 March, 2004 to the	
			Chief Justice of the Bombay High Court for allocating all SEBI	
			cases in Mumbai to a designated Court. This letter has been	
			written based on the positive response received from the	
			Registrar, BHC, Principal Secretary, Finance Department and	
			Principal Secretary, Law and Judiciary of the Government of	
			Maharashtra.	
			As reported in December, 2004	
			In response to our proposal for designated court, SEBI received a	
			letter dated May 13, 2004 from Shri R.C.Chavan, Registrar	
			General, Mumbai High Court, addressed to the Principal Secretary	
			& R.L.A., Government of Maharashtra, Mumbai and copy marked	
			to them, vide which they have requested for sanctioning a post of	
			Metropolitan Magistrate and a post of Judge, City Civil and	
			Sessions Court, exclusively for SEBI cases. The matter is now	
			under consideration before the Government of Maharashtra.	

I.No.	Para No. Observation/Recommendation of JPC	Reply of Government/Action Taken	Further Progress
		A similar proposal/request has been given to the Hon'ble Chief	
		Justice of Delhi High Court for setting up of a designated Court	
		for dealing with SEBI cases. The response in this regard is	
		awaited.	
		For the purpose of appointing the Ombudsman SEBI has issued	
		advertisement. The last date for submitting application was	
		08.03.04. The applications received have been scrutinized by	
		HRD and 15 applicants have been shortlisted. The interviews	
		for selection will be held shortly.	
		As reported in July, 2005	
		Interviews for the post of Ombudsman were held in the month of	
		December 2004 and further action is under process.	
		For the cost and expenses of the office of the Ombudsman the	
		matter was discussed by Legal Advisory Committee of SEBI at	
		its meeting held on 29.6.2003 when the Committee was of the	
		view that the cost of administering the ombudsman scheme	
		should be met through the Investors Education and Protection	
		Fund established under section 205C of the Companies Act,	
		1956 and hence SEBI should approach the Central Government	
		for allocating appropriate amount out of the said fund.	
		After approval by the Board, SEBI requested the Central	
		Government on 18.6.04 to allocate necessary funds from the	
		Investors Education and Protection Fund constituted under	
		section 205 C of the Companies Act. However, in the meeting of	
		the Committee of IEPF held on 28.10.04, the Committee has	
		rejected the proposal of SEBI for funding from IEPF.	
		Vide circular No. SEBI/SMD/SE/CIR-19/2003/02/06 dated	
		02.06.03, SEBI directed the stock exchanges to make necessary	
		amendments to their rules, bye laws etc in this regard. All the	
		stock exchanges have implemented the provisions of the circular.	
		Vide letter No. LGL/DNR/3402/03 dated 11.02.03, SEBI had	
		requested Central Government to take necessary steps for	
		establishment of Special Courts. The internal Group of SEBI	
		has also suggested amendments in the SEBI Act in this regard.	

SI.No.	Para No	. Observation/Recommendation of JPC	Reply of Government/Action Taken	Further Progress
			MUMBAI The Maharashtra Government has decided to set up a Special Court for SEBI cases and has also decided to allocate Rs.18 Lakh per year for the setting up of Special Court in Mumbai. The proposal for allocation of funds for setting up of Special Court is pending with Government of Maharashtra.	
			DELHI The Delhi High Court vide its order dated 1.12.04 ordered for transfer of all SEBI prosecution cases pending in different courts in Delhi to a court of Additional Session Judge. In pursuance of the said order the Session Judge, Delhi vide order dated December 3, 2004 transferred all SEBI prosecution cases to the Court of Ms. Asha Menon, Additional Session Judge, Delhi. The Special Court designated to try offences under Securities Laws has started functioning in Delhi.	
37.	16.21	The Committee note that the UTI management sanctioned inter-scheme transfers to boost the income and liquidity of some schemes, that these decisions were not taken by individual fund managers but by the Chairman and Executive Directors and that brokerage	As reported in May, 2003 The Administrator of the Specified Undertaking of UTI has referred the matter to the internal Vigilance Cell for examining the role of officials who were party to sanctioning the inter scheme transfers (IST) in violation of UTI's laid down policy guidelines on IST. Inquiry is in progress.	No change in the status.
		was paid on these transfers in violation of UTI's own guidelines. The Committee find Sh. Subramanyam's explanations regarding these transactions unacceptable and since these decisions were taken and ratified by him, he must be dealt with in accordance with law. The Committee also recommend that UTI take action against other officials who were	As reported in December, 2003 The internal Vigilance Cell of Specified Undertaking of Unit Trust of India is examining the transactions for the purpose of determining accountability of individual officials and frame charges as may be applicable. Considering the large number and complex nature of transactions involved that have to be scrutinized, Specified Undertaking of Unit Trust of India is expected to take some more time to complete the enquiry.	
		party to sanctioning inter-scheme transfers in violation of the policy guidelines regarding inter-scheme transfers laid down by the Board of Trustees.	As reported in June, 2004 Over 15,000 transactions identified as ISTs besides 133 transactions routed through stock exchanges/brokers having the characteristics of ISTs have been examined. The investigation report is currently under preparation.	

i.No.	Para No	. Observation/Recommendation of JPC	Reply of Government/Action Taken	Further Progress
			As reported in December, 2004	
			An enquiry was carried out by the internal vigilance cell in	
			pursuance of the recommendation of the JPC in Para 16.21 and	
			17.14 of their report. The Vigilance Report alongwith the Report of the JPC and Tarapore Committee Reports have been referred	
			for the recommendation of the Board Level Committee on August	
			24, 2004 by SUUTI for recommending further course of action.	
			The recommendations of the Board Level Committee are awaited	
			by SUUTI.	
			As reported in July, 2005	
			The Board Level Committee have recommended that the officers	
			be well advised to conduct themselves in a manner that will	
			prevent recurrence of any such action in the cases referred. The	
			Committee have recommended issue of warning letters to many	
			employees/ex-employees who did not exercise due diligence in	
			their working, but did not contribute to decision making process in these cases. Accordingly, with the approval of the Competent	
			Authority, case against those employees has been closed. The	
			Committee has not taken any view on the role played by the then	
			Chairman, Shri P.S. Subramanyam.	
			SUUTI have been requested to place the matter before the Board	
			of Advisors in the next metting.	
38.	16.28	The Committee recommend that UTI	As reported in May, 2003	
		should conduct a review of instances of	Administrator, UTI-I has informed that the matter has already	No change in the status.
		investments going into default within a	been referred to the internal Vigilance Cell for reviewing the said	
		short period of their sanction indicating	instances of investments as reported by Tarapore Committee.	
		possible deficiencies in the investment	Regarding formalizing a comprehensive investment-policy, the	
		decision-making process, Investments and Fresh Exposures in companies	position has been clarified in reply to Para 15.9. As reported in December, 2003	
		classified as NPAs, Investments made in	Inquiry by the Internal Vigilance Cell is in progress.	
		one company of the group while there was	As repoted in June, 2004	
		already a default in another company of	The vigilance enquiry has been completed in the case of M/s.	
		the same group, payment of brokerage	Kopran Ltd. and departmental proceedings have been ordered	
		on inter-scheme transactions and	by the Administrator. Besides, three cases, viz. Essar Steel	
		applications for acquisition of shares at	Ltd., Jindal Vijaynagar Steel and DSQ Software were in the list	

No. Pa	ra No. Observation/Recommendation of JPC	Reply of Government/Action Taken	Further Progress
	rates higher than the prevailing market	of cases earlier referred to the Advisory Board on Banking,	
	rate as identified by the Tarapore	Commercial and Financial Frauds (ABBCFF) in line with the	
	Committee. As a part of this review, it	recommendations of the Tarapore Committee. These cases have	
	should isolate instances where there has	now been referred to SEBI for enquiry. The outcome of these	
	been a violation of administrative	enquiries is awaited. The vigilance enquiry in respect of the	
	procedures or due diligence and conduct	remaining cases is in progress.	
	time bound departmental enquiries in	As repoted in December, 2004	
	such cases. The Committee also	Of the 20 cases identified under this category, vigilance enquiry has	
	recommend that UTI formalize a	been completed in the case of M/s. Kopran Ltd. The Board of	
	comprehensive investment policy.	Directors of UTI AMC and Advisory Board of SUUTI, in their	
		meetings held on March 26, 2004 approved the formation of a Board	
		level committee which will study the vigilance reports, JPC report	
		and Tarapore Committee report and all relevant material and	
		recommend the further course of action. The findings of the	
		investigation have, therefore, been referred for the recommendation	
		of the Committee.	
		In addition, seven cases, viz. Essar Steel, Jindal Vijaynagar Steel,	
		DSQ Software, Elbee Services, Dewan Housing Finance, Rama	
		Phosphates and Jenson & Nicholson which also figure in the list	
		of 89 companies identified by the Tarapore Committee, have been	
		referred to SEBI for enquiry by the Government of India. The	
		outcome of these enquiries by SEBI is awaited. In order to avoid	
		duplication, further action will be pursued on the basis of SEBI's	
		findings. The vigilance enquiry in respect of remaining cases is in	
		progress.	
		As repoted in July, 2005	
		Of the 20 cases identified under this category, vigilance enquiry	
		has been completed in two cases, viz. M/s. Kopran Ltd. and M/s.	
		Ganesh Benzoplast Ltd. The vigilance findings in respect of M/	
		s. Kopran Ltd. have been examined by the Board Level	
		Committee and they have recommended issue of warning letters	
		to employees/ex-employees who did not exercise due diligence	
		in their working, but did not contribute to decision making process	
		in the case. Accordingly, with the approval of the Competent	
		Authority, case against those employees has been closed. The	
		Committee has not taken any view on the role played by the then	
		Chairman, Shri P.S. Subramanyam.	

SI.No.	Para No.	Observation/Recommendation of JPC	Reply of Government/Action Taken	Further Progress
			SUUTI have been requested to place the matter before the Board of Advisiors in the next meeting.	
			The vigilance findings in respect of M/s. Ganesh Benzoplast Ltd. will be referred to the Board Level Committee.	
			In addition, seven cases, viz. Essar Steel, Jindal Vijaynagar Steel, DSQ Software, Elbee Services, Dewan Housing Finance, Rama Phosphates and Jenson & Nicholson which also figure in the list of 89 companies identified by the Tarapore Committee, have been referred to SEBI for enquiry.	
39.	16.29	Based on their examination of written and oral evidence of the off market investment in the shares of DSQ Software and Numero Uno International, the Committee agree that both decisions were detrimental to the interests of UTI and its investors.	As reported in May, 2003 These cases were referred to the Advisory Board on Banking, Commercial and Financial Frauds (ABBCFF) in line with the recommendations of the Tarapore Committee. Further action is under consideration of the Government. As reported in December, 2003 As recommended by JPC in para 16.37, cases of Secondary Market transactions of UTI in the shares of 89 companies identified by Tarapore Committee have been referred to SEBI for inquiry DSQ Software and Numero Uno International are included in the list of 89 companies. Position regarding Numero Uno International has also been explained in reply to para 16.53. As reported in June, 2004 The recommendations require a thorough examination of the investment/divestment decisions made by erstwhile UTI in 89 companies (<i>88 cos., 1 name repeated</i>) (identified by the Tarapore Committee) during the period 1992-1993 to 2000-2001, inter-alia, in light of the internal norms prevailing in the UTI at the time of investment / divestment (as required under the procedure of Tarapore Committee) and responsibility be fixed for any incidents of criminal nexus, viz., broker-UTI dealer nexus, front running, benchmarking etc. SEBI had written to the GOI for appointing a team of Chartered Accountants for the purpose to which Government has conveyed their consent. Accordingly, SEBI has appointed a team of 17 Chartered Accountants to carry out the	43 inspection reports have been receive from 09 audit firms. SEBI is examinin the same.

No. Para N	o. Observation/Recommendation of JPC	Reply of Government/Action Taken	Further Progress
		the RBI panel based on certain specific criteria. A detailed guidance note has also been given to the auditors alongwith specific terms of reference and the reporting format. The auditors were advised to get in touch with the office of the Administrator, Specified Undertaking of the Unit Trust of India (SUUTI) and commence the assignment. Further, they were advised to maintain strict confidentiality in all respect of the assignment. As reported in December, 2004 All the audit firms have commenced the audit work in respect of all 88 companies.	
		As reported in July, 2005 The audit is in progress.	
0. 16.31	Though the ERC was set up in 1997, it is only during Shri Subramanyam's tenure from September 1998 that onwards the ERC's comments were overlooked. This is further compounded by the fact that in all these cases UTI's investment portfolio depreciated after the investment. In the specific case of Cyberspace Infosys, the ERC's comments were first accepted and subsequently reversed to clear the investment. Worse, there are cases (one of which, Numero Uno International, has been examined by Tarapore Committee in detail) in which the ERC's recommendations were not taken at all. In the light of this, the explanation of Sh. Subramanyam is not convincing. All this clearly indicates that the decisions to bypass the ERC's recommendations were not in the interest of UTI. Given the fact that in all these cases, UTI's investments have recorded a decline, the decisions were prima facie wrong and possibly malafide. The Committee	As reported in May, 2003 The Administrator of the Specified Undertaking of UTI has referred the matter to the internal Vigilance Cell for examining the role of officials who were party to sanctioning the inter scheme transfers in violation of UTI's laid down policy guidelines on IST. Inquiry is in progress. As reported in December, 2003 Out of 15 companies, identified under this category, vigilance inquiry in respect of 4 companies is completed. The companies are (a) Cyberspace Infosys, (b) Broadcast Worldwide, (c) Shonkh Technologies and (d) Padmini Polymer. On the basis of the vigilance findings, Departmental proceedings have been initiated against two of the officials involved viz. (Shri S.K. Basu, Executive Director [under suspension] and Smt. Prema Madhu Prasad, General Manager) and an ex-official [Shri S.K. Saha, Chief General Manager], a part of whose terminal benefits are with held by the UTI Asset Management Company for their role in transactions in Cyberspace Infosys. Formal complaints have been lodged by SUUTI with the Central Bureau of Investigation in respect of the transactions in Broadcast Worldwide, Padmini Polymers and Shonkh Technologies Ltd. As reported in June, 2004 Out of 15 companies, vigilance inquiry in respect of 5 companies	No change in the status.

Para No. Observation/Recommendation of JPC
Para No. Observation/Recommendation of JPC recommend that UTI conduct a departmental vigilance enquiry regarding the decisions where the ERC's views have been overruled to ascertain whether the decisions were taken after following proper procedures or were arbitrarily made without due diligence. The Committee recommend suitable action against officials who are found to be involved in arbitrary decision making. The Committee also recommend that the delegation of authority to make investment decisions in UTI should be decentralised and a comprehensive investment policy should be formalised.

SI.No. F	Para No	. Observation/Recommendation of JPC	Reply of Government/Action Taken	Further Progress
			 is finalised in respect of one more company. The Board Level Committee has examined the vigilance findings in five out of the ten cases submitted. The Committee have recommended as under: 1. The Committee have not taken any view on the role played by the then Chairman, Shri P.S. Subramanyam. 	
			 As regards Shri S.K. Basu, under suspension, the Committee have recommended that the Competent Authority may take appropriate action. As regards Shri S.K. Saha, ex-CGM, his retirement benefits are withheld. The Committee has recommended that the Competent Authority may take appropriate action. As regards, Smt. Prema Madhu Prasad, GM, the Committee has recommended that the Competent Authority may take appropriate action. As regards, Smt. Prema Madhu Prasad, GM, the Committee has recommended that the Competent Authority may take appropriate action for her role in case of M/s. Cyberspace Infosys Ltd.; warning letter to be issued for her role in case of M/s. Broadcast Worldwide Ltd. As regards other employees who did not contribute to decision making process in these cases, the Committee have recommended issue of warning letters for not exercising due diligence in their working. Accordingly, cases against those officials have been closed with the approval of the Competent Authority. 	
			SUUTI have been requested to place the matter before the Board of Advisiors in the next meeting. The vigilance findings in respect of the five other completed cases stand referred to the Board Level Committee. Two companies (Marwar Hotels and Gujarat Adani Port) are being examined by the SEBI appointed auditors. Vigilance enquiry in respect of transactions relating to the remaining two companies is in progress.	
41.	16.37	The lack of a proper risk management system in secondary market operations, the absence of any laid down guidelines for dealer authority and stop-loss limits	As reported in May, 2003 The matter is under consideration of the Government. As reported in December, 2003 Cases of Secondary Market transactions of UTI in the shares of	As against para No. 16.29.

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to liquidate loss making positions, the absence of any documentation of the rationale for secondary market transactions in particular shares, the concentration of power for both fund management as well as dealing room operations in one person and the lack of any security system to preserve the confidentiality of the dealing room's voice recording mechanism lead the Committee to conclude that the absence of laid down procedures for secondary market transactions allowed the UTI management to purchase and sell any quantity of any share in the secondary market without any accountability. The Committee recommend a thorough enquiry of the secondary market transactions in the shares of the 89 companies identified by the Tarapore Committee. This enquiry may be conducted by SEBI for the period 1992-1993 to 2000-2001 by looking at these transactions at the level of UTI's dealing room and at the level of individual brokers and responsibility be fixed for any incidents of broker-UTI dealer nexus, front running, benchmarking, etc. As the lack of any documentation of secondary market transactions will make an audit trail difficult, the Committee desire that SEBI devise suitable mechanisms for identifying wrongdoing. Steps may be taken thereafter by SEBI and UTI to take action against the wrongdoers including referring appropriate matters to an independent investigative agency.

89 companies identified by Tarapore Committee have been referred to SEBI for enquiry.

As reported in June, 2004

The position has been explained against Para No.16.29.

As reported in December, 2004

The corrective action taken in respect of systems, procedures, delegations of powers, risk management etc. has been reported against para No.15.9 of the first ATR. As regards, accountability action, the position is given as against para No.16.29.

As reported in July, 2005

SEBI have intimated that the audit report in respect of 26 companies has been submitted by the auditors. Regarding the inspection on secondary market transactions of the companies, all the auditors have been authorized to approach the stock exchanges/brokers to collect the following information required by them:

(a) Price volume data on scrips, annual reports, transactions done by particular brokers etc., counterparties, reasons for certain scrips not being traded etc.

(b) Registration and history of brokers, names of proprietors/ partners/directors including the information on blacklisting.

A meeting of the auditors was also convened on January 5, 2005 by SEBI to ascertain the progress made and to impress upon the auditors to expedite the inspections

SEBI have also advised certain stock exchanges to furnish the auditors such data and information as may be required by them. They have also written to SUUTI to furnish such information and documents as may be required by auditors.

Subsequent to the meetings held by SEBI with the Auditors on 5.1.2005 and 9.2.2005 and with the officials of Specified Undertaking of UTI [SUUTI] on 1.2.2005 and 1.4.2005, respectively, SEBI held a meeting with the Auditors and SUUTI on 19.4.2005 to ascertain the current status of the inspection work. The mater was followed up with auditors. 3 auditors have informed that information is still pending from SUUTI whereas, 10 Auditors have informed that informed that informed that information is yet pending from BSE/NSE/ other exchanges.

I.No. Para No	. Observation/Recommendation of JPC	Reply of Government/Action Taken	Further Progress
42. 16.47	The Committee deplore the imprudent manner in which stocks were purchased and retained, leading to a host of malpractices which require comprehensive audit and pre-investigation by a suitably empowered body before proceeding to the investigative level. The Committee are satisfied with the process adopted by UTI in respect of the investment decisions in the case of 19 companies. The Advisory Board on Bank, Commercial and Financial Frauds should expeditiously take a final decision on these. The Committee recommend that the procedure suggested by the Tarapore Committee also be adopted in the case of investment decisions in the remaining 70 cases, as this meets the ends of natural justice. The Committee desire that the entire process should be completed within six months of the presentation of this report to Parliament. There is no cause for further delay in this matter.	As reported in May, 2003 The matter is under consideration of the Government. As reported in December, 2003 As in para 16.37 As reported in June, 2004 The position has been explained against Para No.16.29. As reported in December, 2004 As against para 16.29. As reported in July, 2005 As against para No. 16.37.	As against para No. 16.29.
43. 16.50	The Committee put on record, their disapproval of the decision making process, rather the lack of it, in this private placement. The Committee conclude that UTI's investment in sanctioning Rs 32.08 crore towards the purchase of 3,45,000 shares of Cyberspace (of a face value of Rs. 10) at a price of Rs.930 per share was irregular and violated norms of prudential decision making and notwithstanding Shri Subramanyam's denials, possibly influenced by extraneous considerations. The Committee are aware that criminal proceedings in this matter are pending, but	As reported in May, 2003 The Administrator of UTI-I has informed that the matter has already been referred to the internal Vigilance Cell for a time bound departmental vigilance enquiry in the instant case as recommended by JPC. The Vigilance enquiry is in progress. As reported in December, 2003 The Vigilance enquiry has since been completed and based on the findings, the Administrator of the Specified Undertaking of the UTI has ordered departmental action against Shri S.K. Basu, Executive Director (under suspension), and other officials. A copy of the internal vigilance report has also been forwarded to the CBI for their information and necessary action. Shri M.L. Pendse, former Justice, Bombay High Court & retired Chief Justice, Karnataka High Court has been appointed as Enquiry Officer	No change in the status.

SI.No.	Para No. Observation/Recommendation of JPC	Reply of Government/Action Taken	Further Progress
	see no reason why departmental	and the enquiry proceedings under the Staff Rules are in progress.	
	proceedings should not be initiated	As reported in June, 2004	
	simultaneously in case of the officials	Shri M L Pendse, former Justice, Bombay High Court & retired	
	concerned. In this regard RBI's recent	Chief Justice, Karnataka High Court has been appointed as	
	circular dated 3/5/2002 addressed to all	Enquiry Officer and the enquiry proceedings under the Staff Rules	
	commercial banks regarding bank frauds,	have also been completed. The Enquiry Officer's findings are	
	specifically states, "departmental action	under consideration of the Competent Authority for imposing	
	against officials involved in bank frauds	penalty.	
	should invariably be initiated	As reported in December, 2004	
	simultaneously with criminal action with a	As against para No.16.31.	
	view to ensuring that internal fraudsters are	The SUUTI has informed that the vigilance report alongwith	
	immediately punished even if criminal	Reports of the JPC and Tarapore Committee have been referred	
	cases against them drag on. At present,	to the Board Level Committee on 24.8.2004 for recommending	
	there is a tendency among banks to wait	further course of action.	
	for the outcome of criminal action against	As reported in July, 2005	
	officials involved for taking departmental	The case of Cyberspace Infosys has also been examined by the	
	action. In view of the salutary effect of this	Board Level Committee for recommending further course of	
	principle, we advise that you initiate	action. The Committee have recommended as under:	
	departmental action against officials		
	involved in fraud cases simultaneously with	The Committee have not taken any view on the role played by	
	criminal action." The Committee are of the	the then Chairman, Shri P.S. Subramanyam.	
	opinion that UTI should also follow this		
	principle, and initiate a time bound	As regards, Smt. Prema Madhu Prasad, GM, the Committee	
	departmental vigilance enquiry in this	have recommended that the Competent Authority may take	
	matter. As recommended earlier this	appropriate action.	
	should also be done in all cases where		
	ERC's recommendations were not sought	As regards Shri S.K. Saha, ex-CGM, his retirement benefits are	
	or its recommendations were overruled.	withheld. The Committee have recommended that the Competent	
		Authority may take appropriate action.	
		As regards Shri S.K. Basu, under suspension, the Committee	
		have recommended that the Competent Authority may take	
		appropriate action.	
		The Central Bureau of Investigation have filed a chargesheet in	
		the competent court based on their investigation and have	
		recommended regular departmental action against certain	
		officials and one ex-official.	
		טוונומוג מווע טוול לג-טוונומו.	

 6.53 The Committee highlight this transaction as another serious violation of norms in UTI and accordingly recommend investigation into the entire transaction, including possible extraneous considerations which might have actuated it. Moreover, the Committee deplore the failure of UTI to pursue recovery proceedings against a corporate, which sought investment from UTI on the basis of an undertaking that it would compensate UTI for any loss in the transaction. The Committee recommend that UTI should review the role of both Numero Uno International a transaction are normany. UTI should review the role of both Numero Uno International as well as the company that arranged the transaction and take action against them in case there is evidence that they misrepresented the true affairs of the company while seeking in recovery is investment from UTI. The Committee also recommend that UTI should take recommend that U	the status.
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recommend that UTI should take SUUTI has informed that vigilance report alongwith the Report	
immediate steps to hold the concerned of the JPC and Tarapore Committee Reports have been referred	
officials who processed this transaction to the Board Level Committee on August 24, 2004 for	
accountable and take action against such recommending further course of action.	
officials. Besides other actions, law As reported in July, 2005	
permitting, UTI should initiate civil UTI AMC and the Administrator, Specified Undertaking of the	
proceedings of damages against its Unit Trust of India filed petition on July 24, 2003 before the Debt	
concerned officials including the then Recovery Tribunal, Mumbai against Numero Uno International	
Chairman to recover the losses sustained and others for recovery of amount. Similarly, civil suit has been by its unit helders for a decision which they filed in the blink Court of Mumbri against the ave Chairman Shri	
by its unit holders for a decision which they filed in the High Court of Mumbai against the ex-Chairman Shri	
took without due diligence and in violation P S Subramanyam. Further civil action for damages has been of UTI's norms and procedures. P S subramanyam. Further civil action for damages has been initiated against other officials, viz. ex-official Dr. Basudeb Sen	
(ED), Shri S K Basu (ED-under suspension) and ex-official Shri	
S K Saha (CGM), who share responsibility for putting through	
the transaction.	

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			The findings of the internal vigilance enquiry have been examined by the Board Level Committee. The Committee have recommended as under: The Committee have not taken any view on the role played by the then Chairman, Shri P.S. Subramanyam. As regards Shri S.K. Saha, ex-CGM, his retirement benefits are withheld. The Committee have recommended that the Competent Authority may take appropriate action. As regards Shri S.K. Basu, under suspension, the Committee have recommended that the Competent Authority may take appropriate action. As regards, Dr. Basudeb Sen, ex-ED and Smt. Prema Madhu Prasad, GM, the Committee have not recommended any action.	
45.	16.56	The Committee are of the view that UTI cannot escape its responsibility to investors in its guaranteed assured return schemes. Those responsible for launching these assured return schemes must be held accountable for their actions and proceeded against. Moreover, the Committee does not find the position taken by IDBI as guarantor of UTI to be in consonance with the canons of sound corporate governance. The Executive Committee of the Board of UTI which sanctioned these schemes in 1996-97 and 1997-98 in violation of SEBI guidelines comprised Chairman, UTI appointed with the concurrence of IDBI; CMD, IDBI as its nominee; Executive Trustee appointed by IDBI; and another trustee functioning as the IDBI nominee. It is therefore clear that all functionaries who participated in this decision represented IDBI. Therefore the Committee cannot accept IDBI's	As reported in May, 2003 The Administrator of the Specified Undertaking of the Unit Trust of India has informed that UTI fully acknowledges its responsibility towards investors of its guaranteed return schemes and will fully pursue all available options to satisfy claims of investors as they accrue. The shortfall in these schemes arose on account of various factors such as (i) decline in equity values due to a general decline in the stock market. (ii) interest rate also declined during this period (iii) economic slowdown, income distribution tax and increase in NPAs also affected the NAVs of these schemes. As part of the restructuring package announced by the Government, the shortfall, if any, on maturity in assured return schemes would be met by the Government. All members of the Executive Committee and Board during the period 1996-97 and 1997-98 have long since relinquished their office. None of them are receiving any continuing monetary benefits from UTI. UTI had taken up with IDBI regarding action on the JPC recommendations. IDBI, in its reply, has mentioned that it had no role in the transactions of business of UTI. IDBI has also advised UTI to ascertain whether the Trustees could claim protection under provisions of Section 37 of the UTI Act. Further action in this regard will be taken after obtaining appropriate legal opinion. As reported in December, 2003 The recommendation of JPC has been brought to the attention	The recommendation of JPC was broug to the attention of IDBI along with the I of all assured return schemes launche by the erstwhile UTI and the names Trustees who participated in the Board Executive Committee meetings where th schemes were approved. IDBI stated th the UTI Act did not confer any powers of IDBI to take action against the Trustee appointed by IDBI for their acts commission or omission. In view of th response of the IDBI, the matter was p up to the Board of Advisors of SUUTI, wi have directed that an independent leg opinion in the matter may be obtained. The Office of the Chief Legal Advisor of U AMC Pvt. Ltd. has obtained the leg opinion from Shri G.E. Vahanvati, Solicit General of India. The said legal opinio has been placed before the Board Adivsors of SUUTI who have authorize the Administrator to take up the matter suitably with IDBI.

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		return schemes within the knowledge of IDBI as guarantor. IDBI should hold its appointees responsible for not framing UTI's assured return schemes in compliance with SEBI guidelines.	of IDBI. Also, the list of all Assured Return Schemes launched by the erstwhile UTI along with the names of Trustees who participated in the Board/Executive Committee meetings where the schemes were approved, have been furnished to IDBI on April 04,2003. IDBI has stated that the UTI Act did not confer any powers on IDBI to take action against the Trustees appointed by IDBI for their acts of commission or omission. As reported in June, 2004 Further course of action is under consideration. As reported in December, 2004 SUUTI has informed that in view of the response of the IDBI that UTI Act did not confer any powers on IDBI to take action against the Trustees appointed by IDBI for their acts of commission or omission, the matter will be put up to the Board of Advisors of SUUTI for direction in the matter. As reported in July, 2005 The matter was put up to the Board of Advisors of SUUTI, who have directed that an independent legal opinion in the matter may be obtained. The Office of the Chief Legal Advisor of UTI AMC Pvt. Ltd. has been advised to co-ordinate in the matter.	
46.	17.14	The Committee concur with the observation of the Tarapore Committee that the quantum jump in the inter scheme transfers from/to US-64 in the last three years raises concerns about the bonafides of such transactions and whether they were for window dressing the results of different schemes.	As reported in May, 2003 As against 16.21 As reported in December, 2003 As against para 16.21 As reported in June, 2004 The position has been explained against Para No. 16.21. As reported in December, 2004 As against 16.21. As reported in July, 2005 As against para 16.21.	As against para 16.21.
47.	18.19	The Committee have had occasion to examine the CSE, Stock Holding Corporation of India (SHCIL), SEBI, UTI and their officials in different sittings while	As reported in May, 2003 SEBI has ordered investigation to ascertain as to whether there was any nexus among SHCIL officials, Dinesh Dalmia, promoter of DSQ Industries, Biyani Group in relation to the transactions	As against para 4.68.

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	looking at the crisis on CSE. The share	done by Biyani Group through SHCIL and more particularly to	
	transaction funding schemes of SHCIL	ascertain whether any provisions of the SEBI Act, 1992 and	
	were extensively used by one of the	various Rules and Regulations made thereunder have been	
	defaulting CSE brokers, Shri Harish	violated. Investigation is currently in progress.	
	Chandra Biyani to fund transactions in the	As reported in December, 2003	
	shares of DSQ group. As there was prima	As against para 4.70	
	facie evidence before the Committee that	As reported in June, 2004	
	SHCIL had violated prudential norms and	The position has been explained against Para No.4.70.	
	internal procedures to facilitate these	As reported in December, 2004	
	transactions, SEBI was asked by the	As against para 4.70.	
	Committee in June 2002 to prepare an		
	inspection report focusing on SHCIL's	As reported in July, 2005	
	funding transactions as its earlier report	Kolkatta Police have informed that the transactions carried out	
	of May 2001 was silent on these aspects.	by the accused Biyani Group through SHCIL under the schemes	
	The findings of SEBI's report have been	"Sell-n-Cash" and "Cash on Pay out" was investigated and it has	
	discussed in detail in Chapter IV of Part I	been established that there was a connivance and nexus between	
	of the report. The Committee have in	the accused Biyani Group, the absconding accused Dinesh	
	sifting through the reports, depositions	Dalmia, the MD of DSQ Group and some official of SHCIL. For	
	and evidence placed before them, observed a disturbing nexus which stands	such purpose and in the interest of this case, most of the functionaries of Biyani Group excepting accused Ravinder Biyani	
	established by the following facts:-	against whom proclamation has been published, B.V. Goud, the	
	1 Shri P.S. Subramanyam was Chairman	then MD of SHCIL were arrested. The investigation relating to	
	of UTI as well as SHCIL at the time of	the involvements of arrested accused persons are in concluding	
	the transaction. UTI is one of the	stage. The prolonged absconsion of accused Dinesh Dalmia and	
	promoters of SHCIL.	his associates caused serious hindrance in completing the	
	•	investigation and colleting more material evidences. The CBI has	
	2 Shri B.G. Daga was the Executive	been requested to expedite the arrest and extradition of said	
	Director of UTI as well as UTI's	accused Dinesh Dalmia who has been reportedly staying in USA.	
	representative on the Board of Directors	accused Billeon Baillia who had been openedry draying in een.	
	of SHCIL.		
	3 Shri H.C. Biyani and his related entities		
	were the brokers involved in both		
	transactions.		
	4 As per the report of SHCIL's Vigilance		
	Advisor and later confirmed in SEBI's		

Advisor and later confirmed in SEBI's inspection report, Shri H.C. Biyani is the broker of Shri Dinesh Dalmia who is the main promoter of the DSQ group.

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	5	As per the report of SHCIL's Vigilance		
		Advisor, oral evidence tendered to the		
		Committee and later confirmed by SEBI		
		in its inspection report. Shri Dinesh		
		Dalmia lobbied with SHCIL to fund the		
		transaction involving the scrip of DSQ		
		Industries.		
	6	The transactions of both SHCIL and UTI		
		involved the shares of DSQ group.		
	7	These transactions took place on CSE		
		in the first and second week of March		
		2001.		
	8	UTI had the choice of buying either the		
		scrip of DSQ Software or HFCL but went		
		ahead and bought the former even		
		though there was a specific		
		recommendation by its Equity Research		
		Cell that it should sell its existing		
	0	holdings of the share.		
	9	Shri H.C. Biyani and related entities		
		entered into circular transactions on		
		CSE in the scrip of DSQ Industries. They		
		obtained funding from SHCIL through its		
		sell and cash scheme by		
		misrepresenting these transactions as being at arms length. The transactions		
		were later annulled by CSE as on		
		enquiry they found that they were		
		between entities belonging to the same		
		group of persons and appeared to be		
		accommodation transactions.		
	10) Another large transaction in the scrip of		
		DSQ Industries undertaken by H.C.		
		Biyani and his related company was		
		funded by SHCIL through its cash on		
		payout scheme. SHCIL violated its		
		•		
		procedures to facilitate this transaction as well as Shri H.C. Biyani's subsequent		

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	 discounting of SHCIL's postdated cheque by issuing letters of comfort to IndusInd Bank, which had never been done in any other transaction. 11 According to the SEBI inspection report, companies linked to the promoter of DSQ group provided the shares of DSQ group to Sh. Biyani through off market deals, which he then traded on the CSE. 12 Both UTI and SHCIL's decisions were found to be imprudent, in violation of laid down procedures and have extracted a heavy price in terms of financial loss and loss of reputation and customer confidence. 13 The damage to the vital dealing room tapes recording UTI's transaction with CSE is suspicious. 		
48.	 18.20 The Committee see that all these events point to a close nexus between the corporate promoter, defaulting brokers acting on behalf of the promoter, broker directors on CSE and public officials in SHCIL and UTI. The Committee recommend that the following consequential steps may be taken: (v) Chairman, SEBI should institute an independent enquiry regarding whether there was any improper conduct by any SEBI official deputed by it to handle the payment crisis at CSE, specifically the antecedents of the deputed official, whether he was sent in the normal course of the responsibilities assigned to him, and if he had any role in facilitating UTI's off market purchase from CSE. Chairman, SEBI should take 	As reported in December, 2003 (v) The Officer concerned has filed his explanation. Investigation is under progress. As reported in June, 2004 Investigation is under progress. As reported in December, 2004 The report is at the final stage of completion. As reported in July, 2005	The report is under examination, as C also is investigating the matter.

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49.	21.9	appropriate administrative action on the basis of the report. The Committee hope that swift action as detailed above will send the right signals to the stock markets and other financial institutions. The Committee would like to put on record	As reported in May, 2003		
	(ii)	the following observations and recommendations: There are a number of civil, criminal, departmental and vigilance proceedings pending in UTI with regard to the irregularities in its investment decisions. The Committee have also recommended certain actions to enforce accountability for previous misdemeanors. The Committee recommend that legislation regarding UTI as well as Government policy should take these proceedings into account so that they are concluded expeditiously and are not hampered by the fact that the UTI Act of 1963 has been repealed.	Section 21(c) of the Unit Trust of India (Transfer of Undertaking & Repeal) Act, 2002 provides that notwithstanding repeal of UTI Act, 1963 any action done or purported to have been done under the repealed Act shall, in so far, it is not inconsistent with the provisions of the Act, be deemed to have been done or taken under the corresponding provisions of this Act. This section takes care of the civil, criminal, departmental and vigilance proceedings pending in the erstwhile UTI with regard to irregularities in its investment decisions. As reported in December, 2003 Pending legal actions continue to be pursued. As reported in June, 2004 Pending legal actions continue to be pursued by SUUTI. As reported in December, 2004 Pending legal action continue to be pursued by SUUTI. As reported in July, 2005 Pending legal actions continue to be pursued in respect of one Civil Suit filed in the High Court of Mumbai against the ex- Chairman Shri P.S. Subramanyam and other officials, claiming damages for their role in purchase of shares of M/s. Numero Uno International Ltd. The CBI have filed FIR in respect of the following cases: M/s. Cyberspace Infosys Ltd. M/s. Padmini Polymers Ltd. M/s. Shonkh Technologies Ltd. M/s. Eonour Software Ltd.	No change in the status.	
			The CBI have filed chargesheet in special court for CBI cases in respect of investment of UTI in M/s. Cyberspace Infosys Ltd. The findings of the CBI in respect of the other three cases are awaited.		